ver b, d=this, e=t black hat ASIA 2025 murlic.router.the a document. Standing on the Shoulders of Giants Fouter.select undelegateEvent **De-Obfuscating WebAssembly Using LLVM** ed").toggleClass reviewDeviceButta weyEvent: function maybeRequestFile Mackbone.View.extent Vikas Gupta & Peter Garba itenTo(c.collect: Thales Cybersecurity & Digital Identity (CDI) , c. announceSev function(){c.overlarian conc(b))}},render:fum

cc+hic rende





#### Decompile: w2c\_squanchy\_calc\_0 - (hikari\_bogus2\_optimised\_llvm\_simba\_gamba\_souper.o)

	<pre>int w2c_squanchy_calc_0(undefined8 param_1,uint param_2)</pre>
4	{
	uint uVar1;
6	int iVar2;
7	int iVar3;
8	
9	uVar1 = param_2 & 3;
0	iVar3 = (param_2 ^ 0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2   4);
1	if (uVar1 != 2) {
2	iVar3 = (param_2 & 5) * (param_2 + 0xbaaad0bf);
3	}
4	iVar2 = (param_2   0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2 ^ 2);
	if (uVar1 != 0) {
6	iVar2 = (param_2 & 0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2 + 3);
	}
8	1f (uVar1 < 2) {
9	1Var3 = 1Var2;
0	
	return ivars;
Z .	}
3	

## About Us

## • Vikas Gupta

- Senior Security Researcher at *Thales CDI*, previously with *Google*.
- Masters in information security, OSCP Certified
- Co-Author OWASP Mobile Security Testing Guide (MSTG)
- Interests: Reverse engineering, mobile security

### • Peter Garba

- Principal Software Security Engineer at Thales CDI, Singapore
- Product Owner
- $\circ$  Author of the Thales internal obfuscation tools
- Passionate reverse engineer at night.









## **Problem Statement**

ASIA 2025

- 1. Is Wasm <u>secure</u> for us?
- 2. <u>Obfuscate</u> Wasm binaries
- 3. Lifting Wasm to LLVM IR
- 4. <u>Deobfuscate</u> Wasm binaries & recover original logic







## Achievements

- Demonstrating use of existing tooling for Wasm
  - Obfuscation
  - Deobfuscation
- Lifting Wasm to LLVM IR Squanchy
- Automated deobfuscation of Wasm



# WebAssembly Essentials

## WebAssembly Essentials

- Announced in 2015, a high-performance, secure, and portable <u>compilation target</u>.
- Binaries that are compact and quick to parse.
- Runs in a stack based virtual machine (think JVM)
  - Communicates with host program using well defined exports and imports



- Wide adoption
  - Games
  - Big web apps Google Earth
  - Blockchain smart contracts
  - o ...





## WebAssembly Essentials

- Each Wasm program is a single file of code Module.
- Module is organized in sections.
  - Sections Export, imports, globals, functions etc.

Memory Space	Read-write	List of linear memories, containing data elements, accessible by the load/store operators	
Table Space	Read-only	Containing function pointers used for indirect invocation of functions	
Global Space	Read-only or Read-Write	Containing read-write immutable global variables	
Function Space	Read-only	Containing all imported and internal functions (and their bodies)	

• Indexed Spaces

i Fall

- Items can be accessed by a 0-based integer index
- Code and data spaces are disjoint
  - compiled programs cannot corrupt their execution environment
  - Can not jump to arbitrary locations
  - Perform other undefined behaviour



# WebAssembly Tooling

## WebAssembly Tooling

- <u>WebAssembly Binary Toolkit</u>
- <u>Wasm-tools</u>
- Ghidra
  - Using a <u>Wasm plugin</u>
  - Used to view decompiled Wasm
- IDA Pro v9
  - $\circ~$  It is hit-n-miss with Wasm
  - Using to view object files
- JEB Pro

TOOL	PURPOSE		
wasm2wat	Translate binary Wasm to text format (.wat).		
wasm-objdump	Print info about wasm binary. Similar to objdump		
wasm-decompile	Decompile a wasm binary into readable C-like syntax.		
wasm2c	Convert a WebAssembly binary file to a C source and header		
wasm-interp	Decode and run a WebAssembly binary file using a stack-based interpreter		
wasm-mutate	A WebAssembly test case mutator, producing a new, mutated wasm module.		
Wasm-validate	Validate a file in the WebAssembly binary format		





# WebAssembly Obfuscation

• <u>Obfuscation</u>: Process of making a program harder to understand while preserving the original program's behavior.

- To make code unreadable, for reasons...
  - $\circ$  Malware author to avoid reversing
  - $\circ$  In apps, to prevent stealing/reversing of IP
  - Digital Rights Management (DRM)



## WebAssembly Obfuscation: Approaches





## **Obfuscation Using LLVM**



- Open Source Obfuscators: <u>O-LLVM</u>, <u>Hikari</u>, <u>Polaris</u>
- Works on the middle-end
- Approach is source language agnostic



## LLVM Based Obfuscators

## O-LLVM

- Instruction Substitution
- Control Flow Flattening
- Basic block splitting
- Bogus control flow

## Hikari

- Bogus control flow
- Control Flow Flattening
- Function call Obfuscate
- Function wrapper
- Basic block splitting
- String encryption
- Instruction Substitution
- Indirect Branching

## Polaris

- Alias Access
- Flattening
- Indirect Branch
- Indirect Call
- String Encryption
- Bogus Control Flow
- Instruction Substitution
- Merge Function
- Linear MBA



## **Obfuscation: O-LLVM Instruction Substitution**



## **Obfuscation: Control Flow**





Hikari Bogus(3) + split + fla

## **Obfuscation: Complexity Increases**

- On applying obfuscation multiple times
  - Binary sizes can balloon, e.g to 12MB
  - 2k+ LoC of decompiled code.

Low-level Error: Flow exceeded maximum allowable instructions

 $\circ$  Tools start to break

•••
1 puVarl = local_60;
2 while(true){ 3 while(true){
4 while(true){ 5 while(true){
6    while( true ) { 7     while( true ) {
8    while(true){ 9    while(true){
10 while( true ) { 11 while( true ) {
12 while(true){ 13 while(true){
14 while(true) { 15 while(true) {
16 while(true){ 17 while(true)}
18 while(true){ 19 while(true){
20 while(true) {
22 while(true) {
24 while(true) {
26 while true ) {
28 while(true) {
29 while(true){ 30 while(true){
31 While( true ) { 32 While( true ) {
33 while(true){ 34 while(true){
35 while(true) { 36 while(true) {
37 while( true ) { 38 while( true ) {
39 while( true ) { 40 while( true ) {
41
43 while( true )
44 while( true
45 { 46 while(
true 47 ){
48 while( true ) { 49 while( true ) {
50 while( true ) { 51 while( true ) {
52 while(true) { 53 bill(true) {
54 while(true){
56 while(true) { 57 while(true) {
58 while(true){
60 while(true) {
62 while true ) {
64 while( true )
65 while( true
66 57
60 local_20 == -0x7d3d55c7) {
70 ((uRam0001105) - 0xffffffff) + 1);
72 UVar2 = (uVar2   0x6852fabe) + 0xfffffff   72 UVar2 = (uVar2 ^ 0x6852fabe) + 0xfffffff
74 (Var12 + -0x3147c51f; 75 (Var12 + -0x3147c51f;
76 UVar2 © 0x81b22c37) ^ 0x81b22c37
78 UVar2 = -uVar2 - 1;



## WebAssembly Deobfuscation

## Deobfuscation

- Revert the transformations (sometimes impossible)
- Simplify the code to facilitate further analysis
- Classical Obfuscation
  - Obfuscation patterns, constant unfolding, junk code insertion
- Classical Deobfuscation
  - Pattern matching

- Modern obfuscation
  - Source Code Level
  - Intermediate representation level
- Modern deobfuscation
  - Several Intermediate Languages at different abstract layers
  - Based on generic optimization tools



## SATURN: Compiler Based Deobfuscation

#### SATURN

#### Software Deobfuscation Framework Based on LLVM

Saturn

Peter Garba\* Thales, DIS - Cybersecurity Munich, Germany peter.garba@thalesgroup.com Matteo Favaro Zimperium, Mobile Security Noale, Italy matteo.favaro@reversing.software

- Generic approach for deobfuscation based on LLVM compiler infrastructure.
- Weaken certain obfuscation, and in best case completely remove them.









## Binaryen

- Binaryen is a compiler and toolchain infrastructure library for Wasm.
- Binaryen's optimizer has many passes that can improve code size and speed.
- Input Wasm, Output Wasm
- <u>Didn't work no deobfuscation</u>
   Solution







# Lifting to LLVM IR



## Why LLVM?

- LLVM a target-independent optimizer and code generator.
- LLVM has a language-independent intermediate representation (IR)
- Advantages of using LLVM IR
  - World Class Optimizations and Analysis Passes
  - Feature rich intermediate language
  - $\circ$  Accessible API
  - Normalization
  - $\circ$  Several backends available for recompilation
  - <u>It's fast!</u>





• To leverage LLVM optimisation passes, requires lifting Wasm to LLVM IR.

## • <u>Challenges</u>

- Correctness
- Captures side effects and expressiveness
- Representation of the runtime environment
- Stack machine to register machine transformation



## Wasm Code Lifting to C: Lifting Principles

Wasm Code

add (i32, i32) -> (i32)

add (i32, i32) -> (i32)

# @add

.text.add,"",@

Wasm Opcode Specification

#### Get Local

Mnemonic	Opcode	Immediates	Signature	
local.get	0x20	\$id : varuint32	(): (\$T[1])	

#### Integer Add

Mnemonic	Opcode	Signature	
i32.add	0x6a	(i32, i32) : (i32)	
i64.add	0x7c	(i64, i64) : (i64)	

Mnemonic	Opcode	Immediates	Signature
i32.const	0x41	<pre>\$value : varsint32</pre>	() : (i32)

Lifted C Code

# u32 add(u32 var\_p0, u32 var\_p1) { u32 var\_i0, var\_i1; var\_i0 = var\_p1; var\_i1 = var\_p0; var\_i0 += var\_i1; var\_i1 = 15u; var\_i0 += var\_i1; return var\_i0; }



.text

add:

# %bb.0:

.functype

.section .hidden add

.globl add

.functype

local.get
local.get

i32.add

i32.const i32.add

end\_function

.file "add.c"

.type add,@function

## Wasm Code Lifting: Using WAMRC

- WebAssembly Micro Runtime (WAMR)
  - Lightweight, standalone Wasm runtime
  - WAMR Compiler (WAMRC)
    - The AOT compiler to compile Wasm file into AOT file

## Shortcomings

- $\circ\,$  Symbols information is lost
- Generated LLVM IR does not contain various tables (global's table, function table) => LLVM <u>optimisations don't work</u>









## Wasm Lifter Problem Persists





Name	Lifting Language	Instance Parameter	Code Folding	Comments
Binaryen	Binaryen IR	Yes	No	Custom IR
WAMRC	LLVM IR	Yes	Partially	No tables (globals, functions)
wasm2js	JS	No	Partially	Good candidate, but JS
wasm2c	С	Yes	No	Good candidate



## Wasm Code Lifting: Lifting Idea!





- Great tool to lift Wasm to C
- Well defined wasm runtime that helps during deobfuscation
  - Helpers to initialize Wasm instance and memory
  - Helpers to initialize and modify globals
  - Helpers for load/stores to memory
    - Load/Stores are access through helpers that can be overridden
- Does not modify the original Control Flow Graph
- <u>Shortcomings</u>
  - Runtime information (tables...) not available for each function
  - Code doesn't fold



## Wasm Code Lifting: Motivating Example

```
int add(int a, int b) {
  int arr[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\};
  int sum = 0;
 // Loop to calcuate a constant
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
   sum += arr[i];
  }
                                                                     int add(int a, int b) {
                                                                       return a + b + 1926;
 // MBA based Opaque Predicate
                                                                     }
  if (((\sim a|b)+(a\&\sim b)-\sim(a^b)) - (a^b) == 0) {
   sum += 1911;
 } else {
   sum += 2102;
  }
 return a + b + sum;
}
```


#### Wasm Code Lifting: wasm2c (O3 Unobfuscated)





### Wasm Code Lifting: wasm2c

- w2c\_instance is passed to all
  functions
  - Keeps track of execution state between functions
- w2c\_env\_instance can be freely used to keep track of important values
- Memory struct keeps the state of the current initialized memory
  - Will be initialized with table memory
- Function table is used for indirect function calls
- Globals will be dynamically generated

#### u32 w2c\_add(w2c\* instance, ...)

struct w2c\_squanchy {
 struct w2c\_env\* w2c\_env\_instance;

u32 \*w2c\_env\_DYNAMICTOP\_PTR; u32 \*w2c\_env\_STACKTOP; u32 \*w2c\_env\_STACK\_MAX;

#### // Memory

struct wasm\_rt\_memory\_t {
 uint8\_t\* data;
 uint64\_t pages;
 uint64\_t max\_pages;
 uint64\_t size;
 bool is64;
 } w2c\_env\_memory;

u32 \*w2c\_env\_memoryBase;

#### // Function Ref Table

wasm\_rt\_funcref\_table\_t \*w2c\_env\_table; u32 \*w2c\_env\_tableBase;

## // Globals u32 w2c\_g5; };

w2c\_instance will be instantiated by helper functions
 Initialized memory, globals and others



}

### Wasm Code Lifting: Deobfuscation idea!





### Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy

- Tool to automate several deobfuscation steps
- Models and injects the runtime
  - Injects runtime helpers into Module/Function
- Inlines functions accordingly
- Optimizes the function/module
  - $\circ$   $\,$  Customized optimization pipeline to preserve Control Flow Graph  $\,$
- Removes <a href="wasm2c">wasm2c</a> runtime
- Extracts functions and dependencies into new clean module
- https://github.com/pgarba/Squanchy





## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Runtime Modeling





### Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Runtime Injection





## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Runtime Injection



## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Inlining





## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Inlining





## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Runtime Injection









Apply LLVM 03 pipeline and preserve Control Flow Graph

- Obfuscation pipelines are written by humans
  - Control Flow Protection
    - Control Flow Flattening
  - Code Protection
    - Instruction Substitutions
  - Harden Protections
    - Opaque Predicates
    - Mixed Boolean Arithmetics













#### Override LLVM Thresholds

## // DSE

-memdep-block-scan-limit=1000000
-dse-memoryssa-walklimit=1000000
-available-load-scan-limit=1000000
-dse-memoryssa-scanlimit=1000000

// Loop Unrolling
-unroll-threshold=1000000
-unroll-count=64

### Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Brightening



## Wasm Code Lifting: Squanchy - Recompilation

ASIA 2025







#### **Reminder: Original Input**





## **Deobfuscation: LLVM Optimisations**



<i>if</i> (iVar1 == 0) {	
<pre>local_24 = (param_2   0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2 ^ 2);</pre>	1
} else if (iVar1 == 1) {	
local_24 = (param_2 & OxbaaadObf) * (param_2 + 3);	2
} else if (iVar1 == 2) {	
<pre>local_24 = (param_2 ^ 0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2   4);</pre>	3
} else {	
local_24 = (param_2 + 0xbaaad0bf) * (param_2 & 5);	4
}	



#### **Deobfuscation: LLVM Optimisations**



150 5

#### Deobfuscation: Progress...





## Deobfuscation: LLVM Optimisation Shortcomings

- May only weaken some obfuscations
- Some techniques which LLVM cannot outright break
  - Control flow flattening\*
  - $\circ$  Bogus control flow
  - $\circ$  Solving complex MBAs
    - Multiple iterations of substitution
  - . . .





$$(x \oplus y) + 2 \times (x \land y) = x + y$$

• Mixed Boolean Arithmetic (MBA) expressions

- Expressions mixing arithmetic operators (+,-,x) with boolean operators (¬,  $\oplus,~\Lambda,~V)$
- Difficult to analyze no general rules for interaction b/w operators (no distributivity, no associativity etc.)
- $\circ$  With complex MBAs, SMT solvers may not able to solve them.
- Pattern based solving of MBAs can be overcome by chaining the MBAs.



## Solving MBAs: Tooling

#### • Specialised tools for solving MBAs

- <u>SiMBA</u> For linear MBAs
- <u>GAMBA</u> Nonlinear MBA expression
- <u>SiMBA++</u> For simplifying MBAs in LLVM IR
  - <u>https://github.com/pgarba/SiMBA-</u>

#### • SiMBA++

- $\circ~$  Detects candidate expressions in LLVM IR
- Performs simplification using SiMBA or GAMBA
  - Supports calling external simplifiers
- Replaces expressions with simplifications in LLVM IR







#### Deobfuscation: LLVM Opt + SiMBA + GAMBA



#### Deobfuscation: LLVM Opt + SiMBA + GAMBA



#### Deobfuscation: Progress...





## **SOUPER: Supercharging Deobfuscation**

- Souper a synthesis-based superoptimizer for a domain specific intermediate representation (IR) that resembles a purely functional, control-flow-free subset of LLVM IR
- Can run as an LLVM optimization pass
- Synthesise optimisations
  - Counterexample guided inductive synthesis (CEGIS)
    - Multiple RHS generated, cheapest among them is chosen.
  - Dataflow
- Can resolve opaque predicates
- Good results with control flow obfuscation

#### A Synthesizing Superoptimizer

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	John Regehr	
	University of Utah	
	regehr@cs.utah.edu	

#### **Deobfuscation: SOUPER**

Hikari Bogus Control Flow ( loop 2)

```
14
    if (uVar2 == 0) {
     if ((((uRam00010ae8 | uRam00010aec) ^ 0x3c2e5570) & 0x97ff2bd7) + 0x64293ba9 < 0xe0465c21) {
        bVar1 = true:
                                                                                    Opaque Predicate
      else {
        bVar1 = false;
      while( true ) {
        while (bVar1) {
          bVar1 = false;
24
        3
        if (0x5fd76e94 < ((iRam00010af0 + iRam00010af4 ^ 0x41005e8aU) + 0x63d028ff) * 0x65edfa51)
        break;
        bVar1 = true;
28
      if ((iRam00010af8 * iRam00010afc + 0xd9ef92c7U | 0xba1e4315) + 0xce83d3a0 < 0x8bb488b1) {
30
        do {
        } while (((uRam00010c30 ^ uRam00010c34) + 0x6f44ee27 & 0x7ca03c77) * 0x5ed0b58a == -0x29120a04
                );
34
      do {
        local_c = (param1 | 0xbaaad0bf) * (param1 ^ 2);
      } while (((uRam00010b00 / uRam00010b04 | 0xbabf5164) * -0x32ee4c95 & 0x67c7c119) < 0x20a96022);</pre>
36
      do {
      } while ((uRam00010b10 / uRam00010b14 + 0xc8de4516) / 0x936b17aa == 0xa9f0a4ac);
```

ADIA ZUZD

#### **Deobfuscation: SOUPER**





#### Deobfuscation: Progress...





#### Deobfuscation: Hikari (Sub=1, bogus=1, split=1)



# **Real World Application**

### WebAssembly Malwares

## WebAssembly Is Abused by eCriminals to Hide Malware

October 25, 2021 | Mihai Maganu | Engineering & Tech

#### The dark side of WebAssembly Aishwarya Lonkar & Siddhesh Chandrayan Symantec, India Copyright © 2018 Virus Bulletin

#### Recent Study Estimates That 50% of Websites Using WebAssembly Apply It for Malicious Purposes 2019

- Steady increase in usage of Wasm for cryptomining in browsers
  - Compared to JS, Wasm is fast in performing hashing operations
  - Monero is the most used cryptocurrency for cryptomining.



Fig. 1. WebAssembly evasion in practice. The user visits a webpage containing cryptojacking malware that uses network resources to operate. A malware detector blocks identified malicious WebAssembly binaries. The attacker, using a malware oracle, creates a WebAssembly cryptojacking malware variant that evades detection. Finally, the attacker delivers the modified binary, initiating the cryptojacking process and compromising the browser.



### Malware Diversification: wasm-mutate

- <u>Carbera-Arteaga et. al.</u> demonstrate use of *wasm-mutate* to evade detection
- wasm-mutate transforms binary into a <u>variant</u> binary program that preserves the original functionality.

#### WebAssembly diversification for malware evasion

Javier Cabrera-Arteaga\*, Martin Monperrus, Tim Toady, Benoit Baudry KTH Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden

- 3 kind of transformations
  - ⊃ <u>Peephole</u>
    - ~135 rewrite rules.
  - <u>Module structure transformation</u>
    - Add new type, new function, new export etc.
  - <u>Control flow graph</u>
    - Loop unrolling, swap conditional branches.
- wasm-mutate output needs to verified with wasm-validate
  - Some transformation <u>break</u> the WASM file










## Use Case: wasm-mutate

#### • wasm-mutate

- $\circ$  3000 (real) iterations are applied
- <u>100%</u> of mutations are removed
- Code is normalized and matches 100% the original code!
  - <u>Our approach fully recovers the function</u> (and optimizes it!)



## Use Case: Deobfuscating Malwares

- CryptoNight, CryptoNight Obfuscated
  - Deobfuscated functions by Squanchy match non-obfuscated functions
  - <u>https://www.crowdstrike.com/en-us/blog/ecriminals-increas</u> <u>ingly-use-webassembly-to-hide-malware/</u>
  - o https://arxiv.org/abs/2403.15197



### Use Case: hCaptcha

- hCaptcha uses obfuscated Wasm
- Small and medium size obfuscated functions can be simplified in <1-2min.



Unflattens control flow, simplifies and inlines functions.







## Conclusion

- Wasm obfuscation
  - $\circ~$  LLVM IR based tools O-LLVM, Polaris
- Squanchy: Lifting Wasm to LLVM IR
  - Wasm2c + Squanchy works great.
- Deobfuscation using LLVM
  - LLVM + SIMBA + GAMBA + SOUPER + …







# Conclusion

- Real World Application
  - Malware Normalisation
    - Wasm-mutate output can be simplified
    - Cryptonight malware simplified
  - Deobfuscating hCaptcha binary

- Tooling
  - Existing tooling can be reused
  - <u>Obfuscation</u> Polaris, O-LLVM, <del>Wasmixer</del>
  - <u>Deobfuscation</u> LLVM, SiMBA++, SOUPER
  - Symbolic Execution KLEE, Manticore, SeeWasm





# Thank You!!



• Slides + Whitepaper -

https://github.com/su-vikas/Presentations

Squanchy - <u>https://github.com/pgarba/Squanchy</u>



