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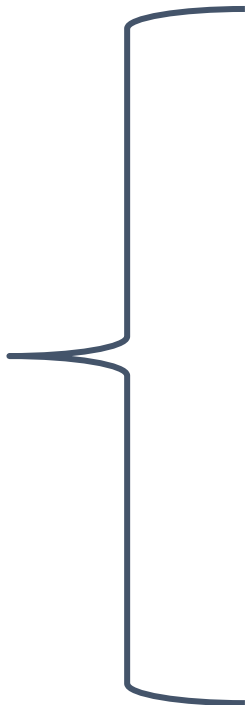
No Free Charge Theorem 2.0

How to steal private information from
a mobile device using a powerbank

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 #BHEU / @BLACKHATEVENTS

Smartphones are amazing!



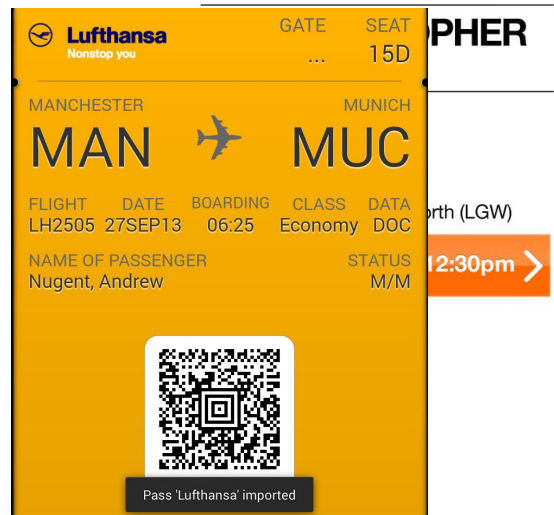


How did you arrive here?

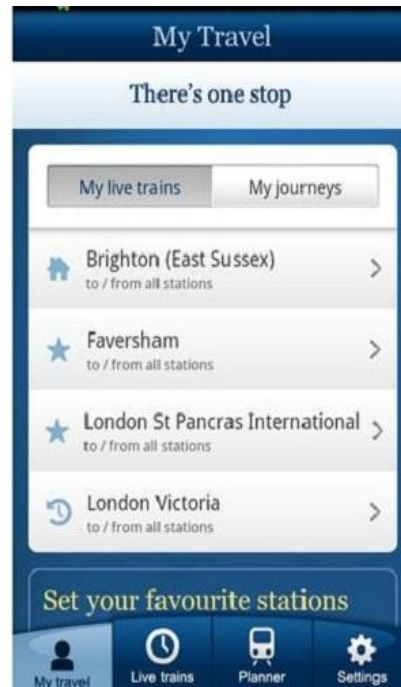
Let me guess...



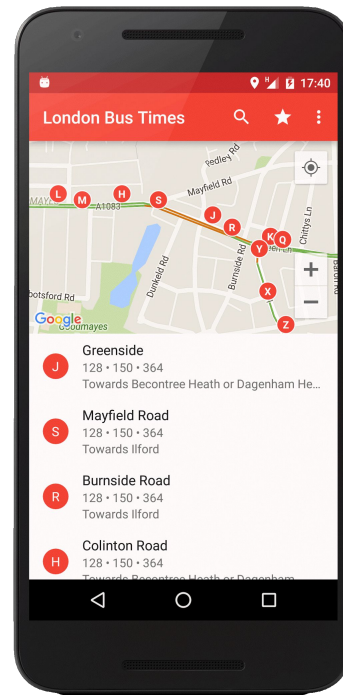
By plane?



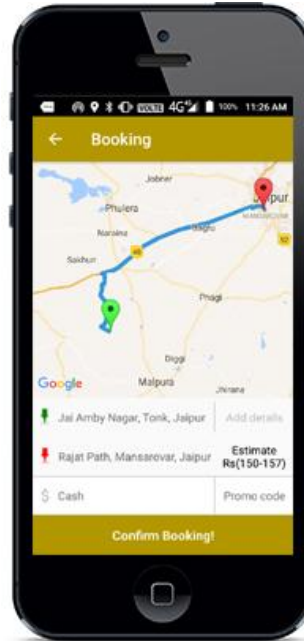
By train/tube?



By bus?



By cab/ride?



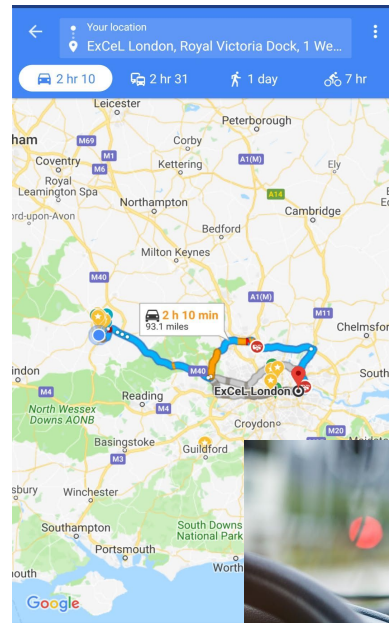
App-a-Cab



U B E R



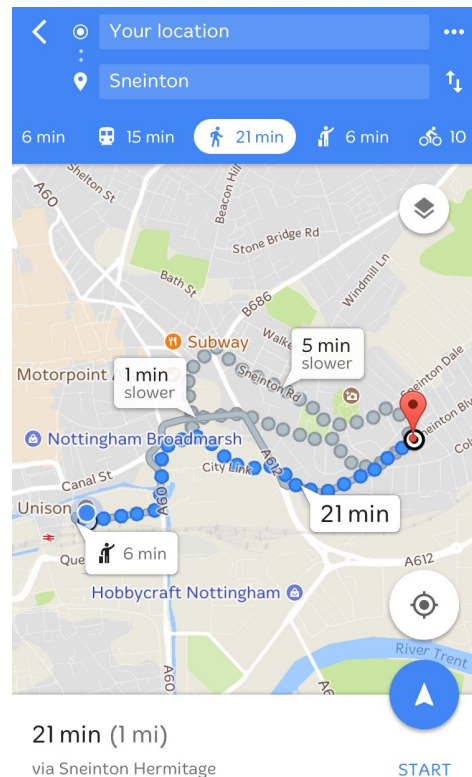
By car?



2 h 10 min (93.1 miles)
Via M40 and M25

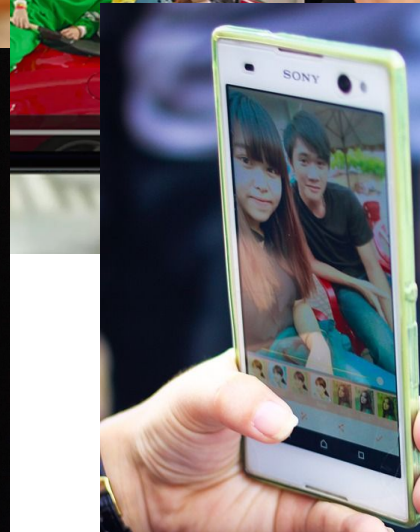
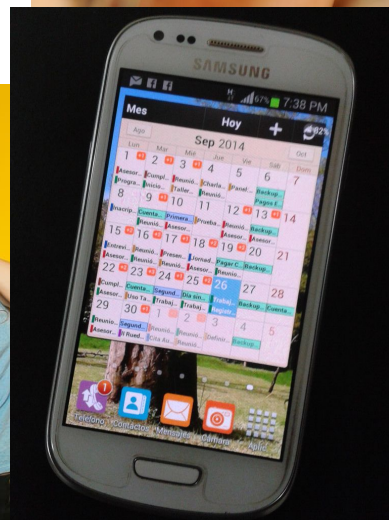
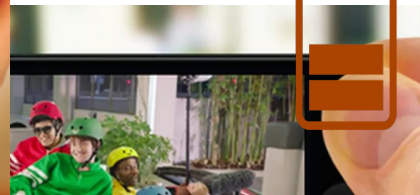
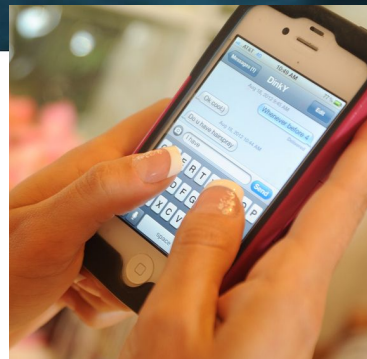


On foot?





And what did you do?



But it is not enough!

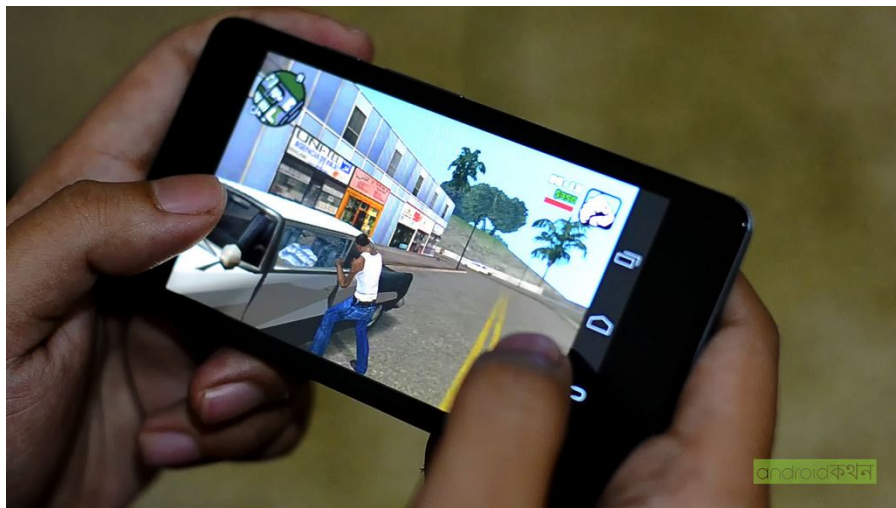
We have “Battery killer” apps



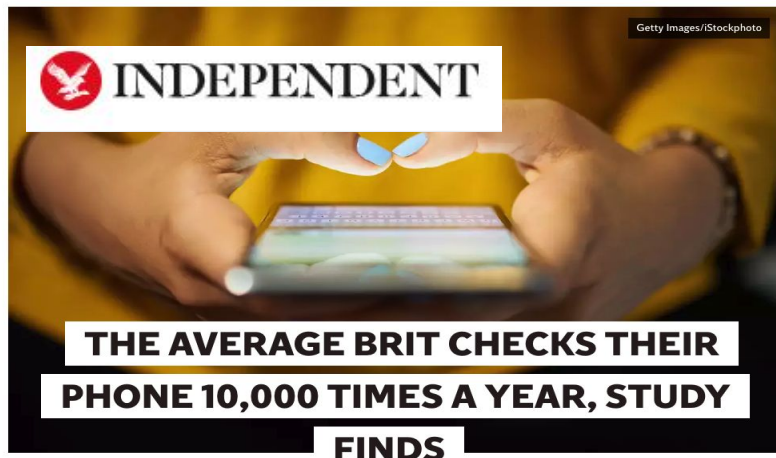
Battery: its weak point

But it is not enough!

We have “Battery killer” apps



Smartphones are amazing!
...but addictive!



We live in a digital world, but has our dependency on our phones gone overboard?



Mobiles are a gateway to an enormous range of sites and services that let us quickly access content that's

Our priorities change over time

Before we were looking for Internet connectivity...



3g/LTE



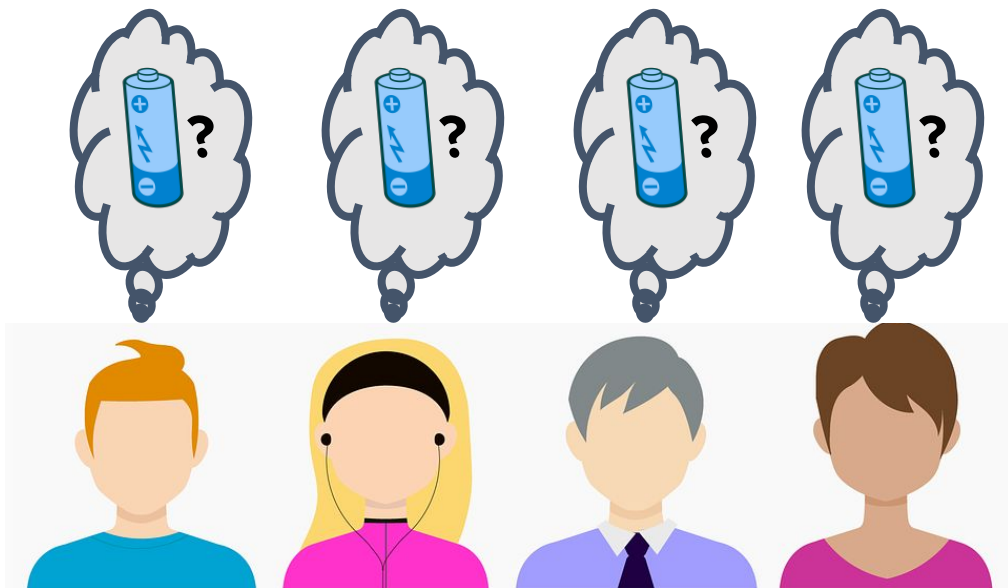


... now we constantly look for recharge the battery!

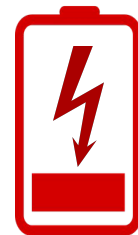




Where there is the demand...

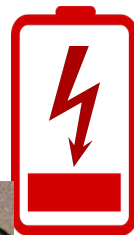


Where is the demand... there is a supply



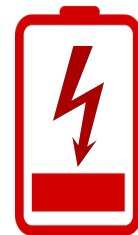
... The market responds: USB wall sockets

Where is the demand... there is a supply



... The market responds: power banks

Where is the demand... there is a supply





**FIGHTING
IDENTITY CRIMES**
It's Your Identity. Secure It.

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EZShield®

Fake Charging Stations Can Hack Your Smartphone

By Eugene Bekker in Personal Protection

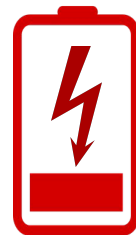
August 13, 2018 0 Comment



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Is the Juice Worth the Squeeze?

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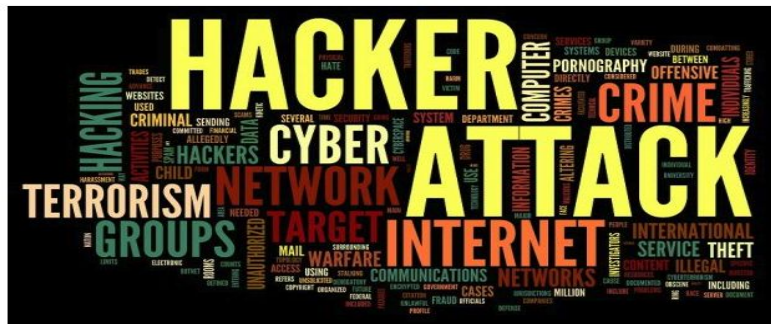


IT ANALYSIS. BUSINESS INSIGHT.

SECURITY MOBILE NETWORK/INTERNET CLOUD STRATEGY SERVER/STORAGE SOFTWARE MC
NEWS FUTURE OF THE WORKPLACE GDPR BLOCKCHAIN BIG DATA OPERATING SYSTEMS LAPTOPS W

home / security

Smartphones at risk of data hack via USB charging port



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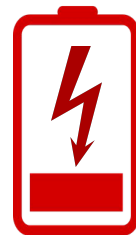
WRITTEN BY
Clare Hopping

**Kaspersky revealed devices could be attacked
when charging them at public facilities at
airports, cafes and on public transport**

your

Kaspersky has revealed smartphones and devices can be hacked when

#BHEU / @BLACK HAT EVENTS





MOBILE

Apple blocked iPhone hacking via USB, so
hackers found a way to beat it

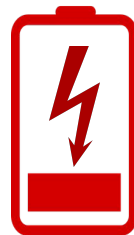


Chris Smith [@chris_writes](#)

June 15th, 2018 at 6:50 AM

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MOBILE : SECURITY

Charging Smartphones with USB Cable Could Lead to Data Thefts and Malware Infections



By Rafia Shaikh

May 27, 2016

26

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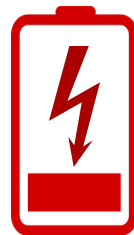
o SUBMIT



wccftech



No, seriously - don't do this too...





HackRead

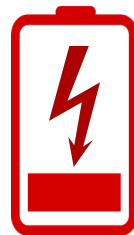
HACKING NEWS TECH CYBER CRIME HOW TO CYBER EVENTS SECURITY SURVEILLANCE EXPLORE

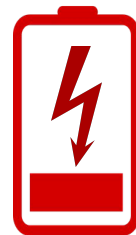
Home » Security » Samsung Galaxy Phones Prone to Hacking via USB Cable even if Locked

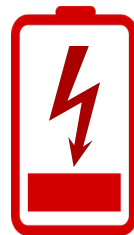
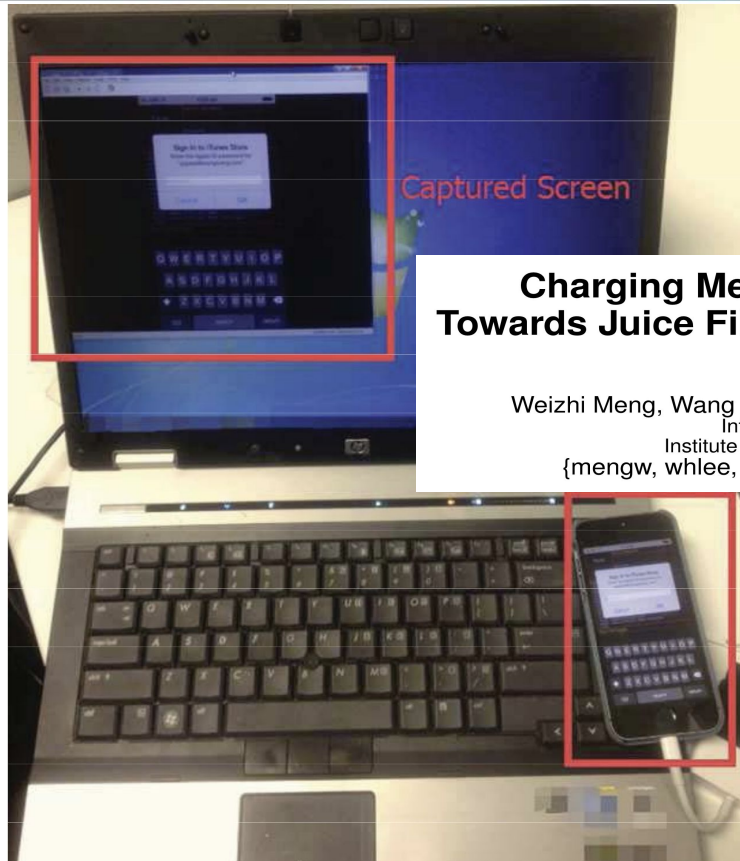
Samsung Galaxy Phones Prone to Hacking via USB Cable even if Locked

APRIL 15TH, 2016 WAQAS PRIVACY, SECURITY 0 COMMENTS

A photograph showing a Raspberry Pi 3B+ board connected to two smartphones (one black, one white) via USB cables. A white power bank is also connected to the Pi via a USB cable. The setup is on a wooden surface.





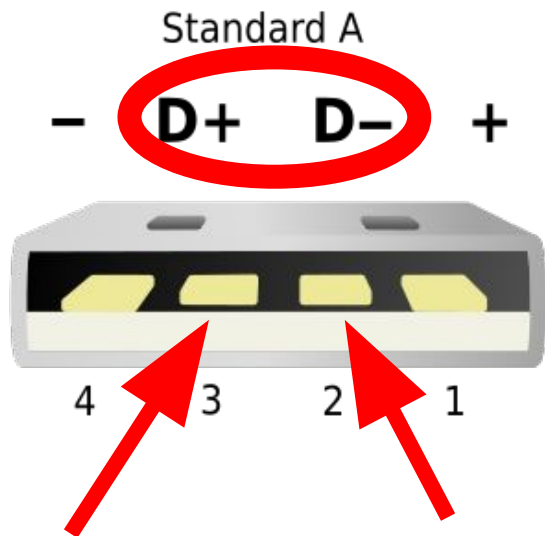


Charging Me and I Know Your Secrets! Towards Juice Filming Attacks on Smartphones

Weizhi Meng, Wang Hao Lee, S. R. Murali and S. P. T. Krishnan
Infocomm Security Department
Institute for Infocomm Research, Singapore
{mengw, whlee, muralism, krishnan}@i2r.a-star.edu.sg

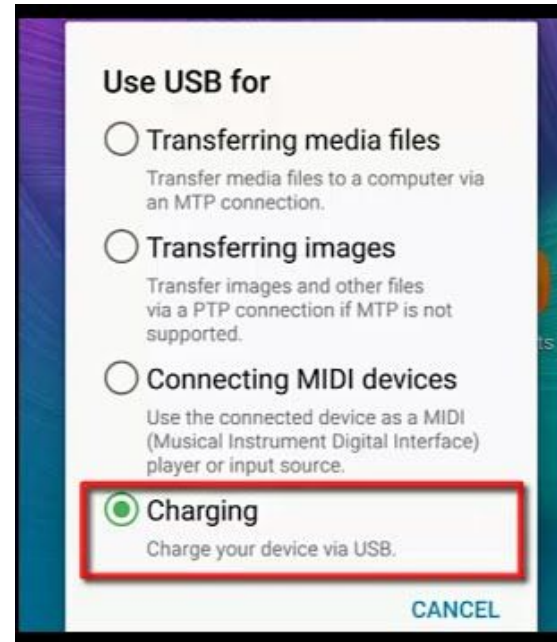
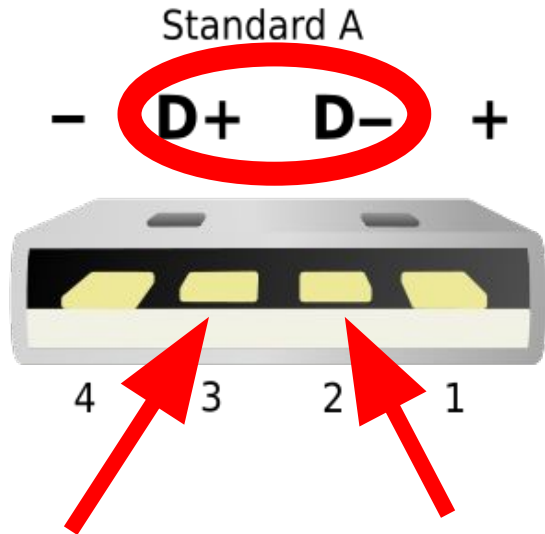


These attacks use the data transfer connection



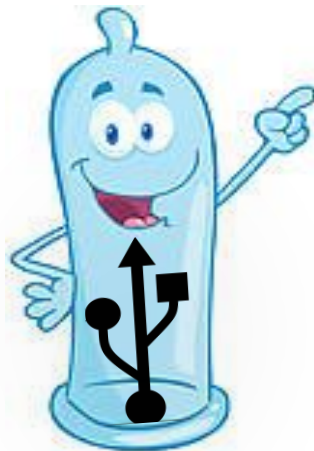
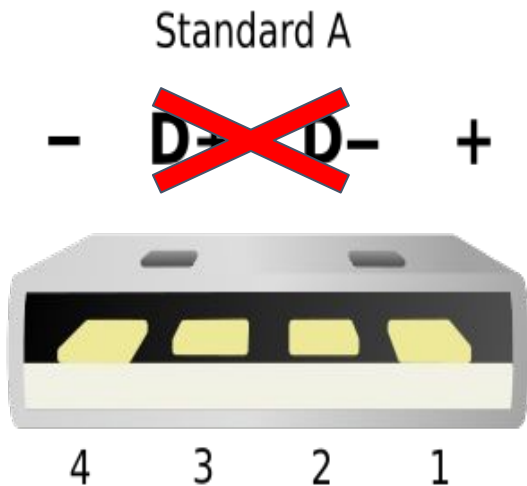


These attacks use the data transfer connection





Prevent unwanted surprises



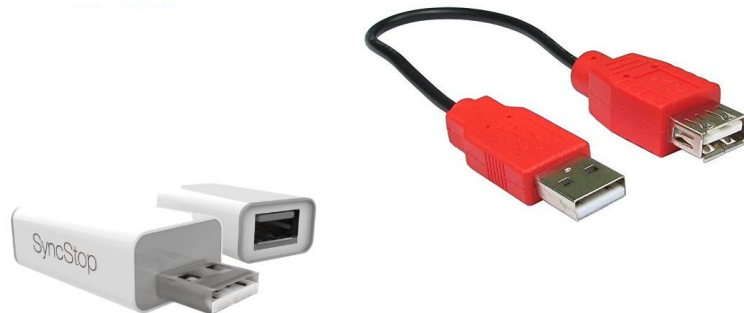
A.k.a
USB Condom

kenable Power Only USB Charging Cable Extension Lead 20cm

by [kenable](#)



16 customer reviews



PortaPow PPSCA01 3rd Gen Data Blocker

by [PortaPow](#)

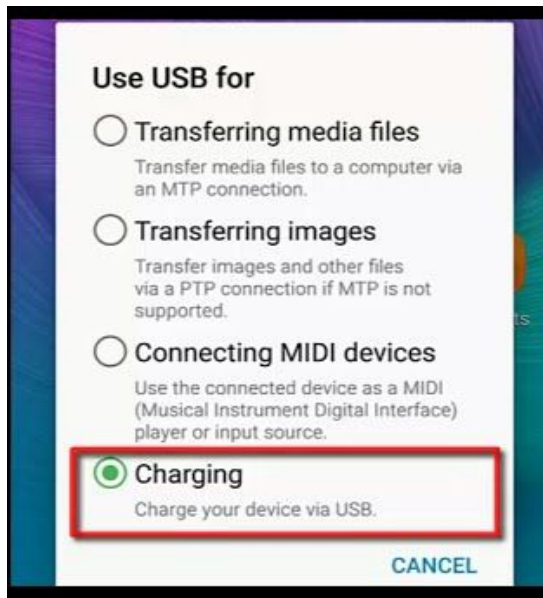


147 customer reviews | 10 answered questions

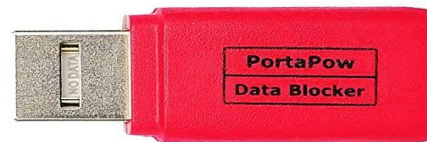
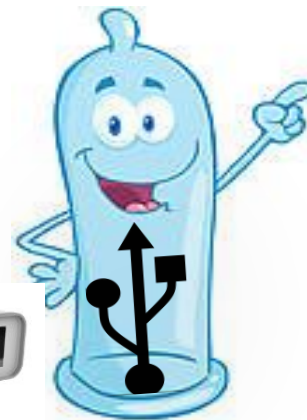
Amazon's Choice for "usb data blocker"



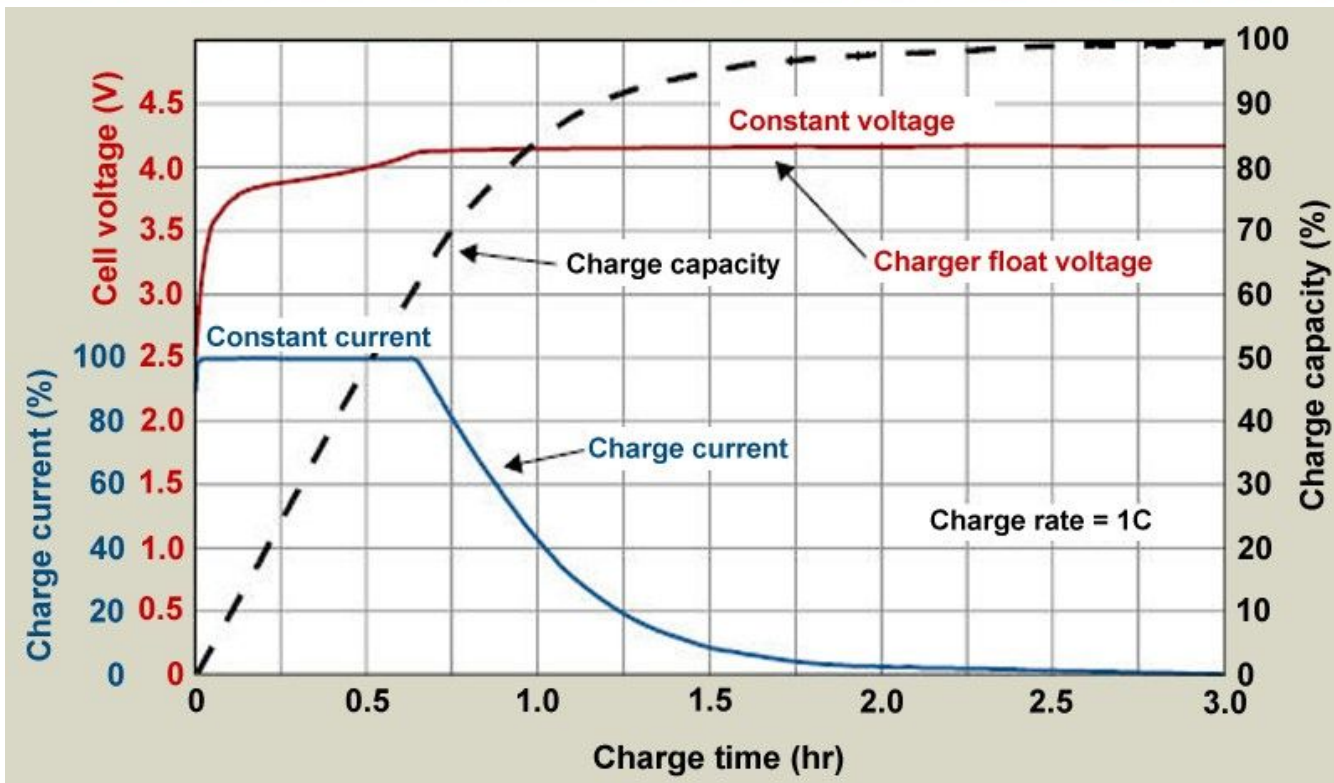
Are these precautions enough to prevent data getting stolen from our devices?



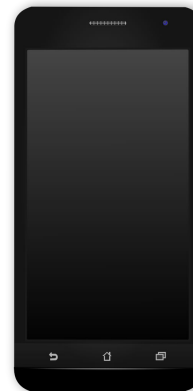
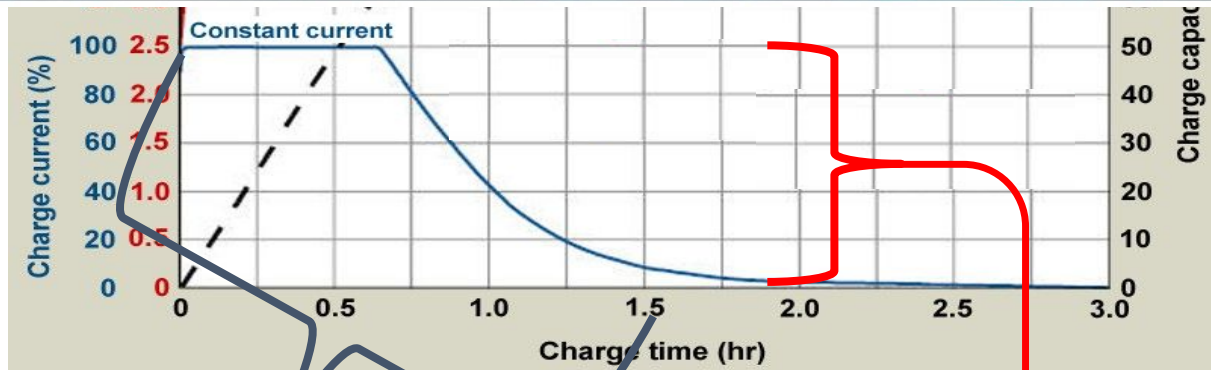
Well... NO!



Background: how a smartphone recharges?



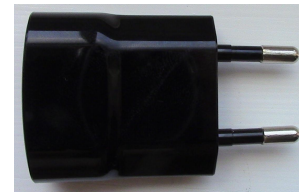
Background: where the current goes?



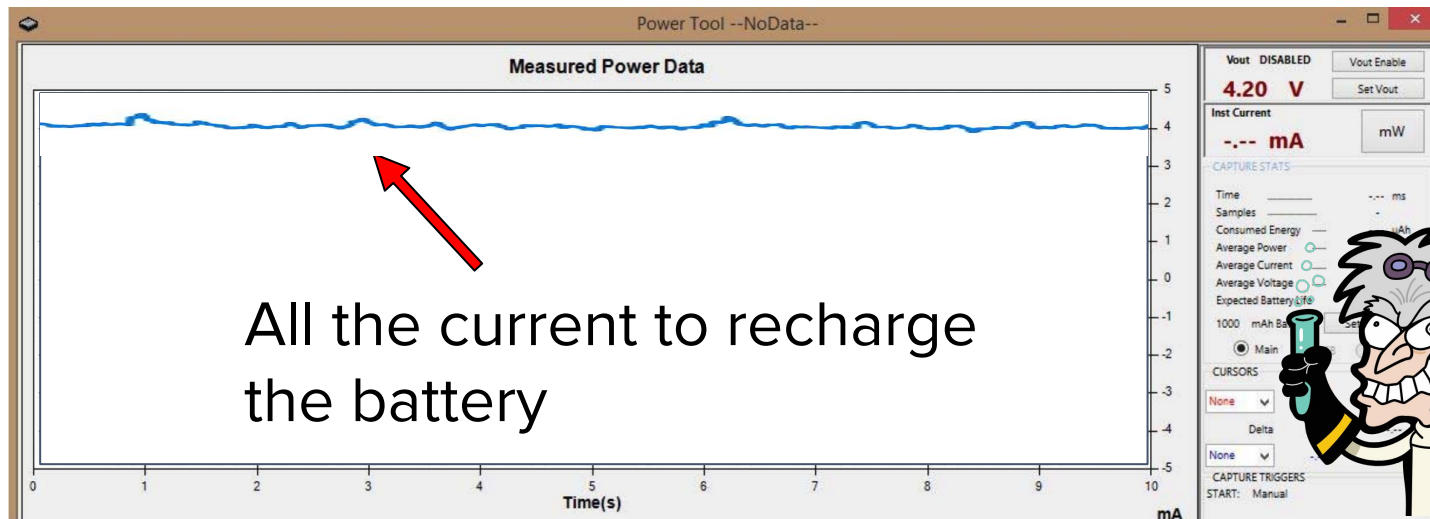
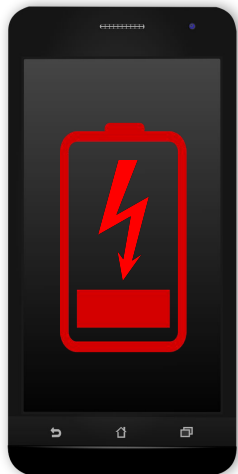


Phone - USB Cable

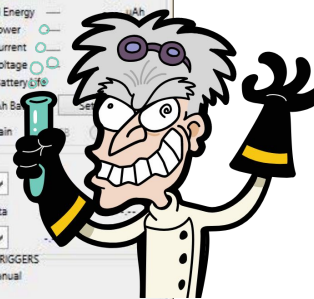
USB Cable - Power Source



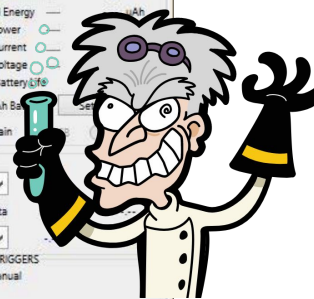
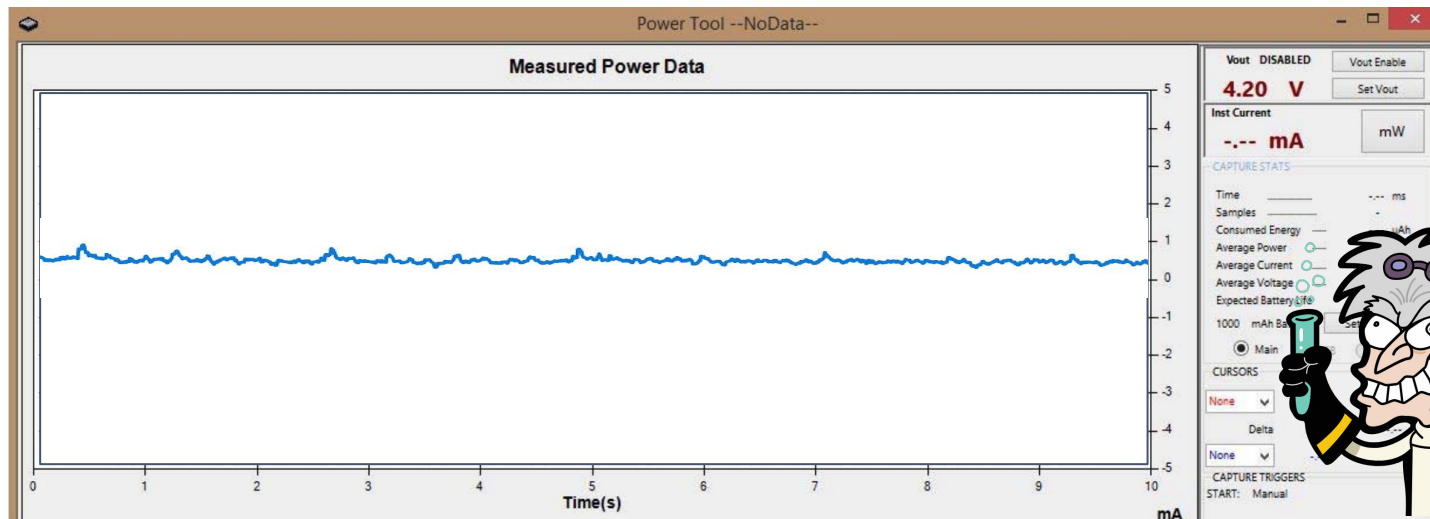
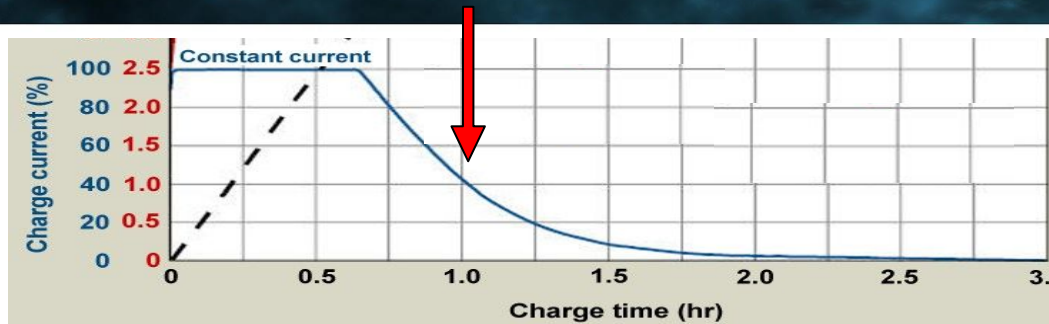
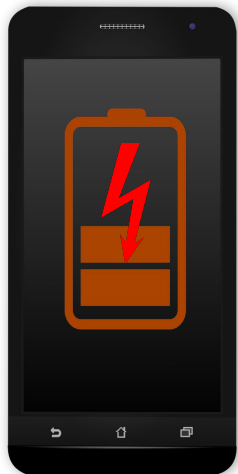
Background: Let's check this out!



All the current to recharge
the battery

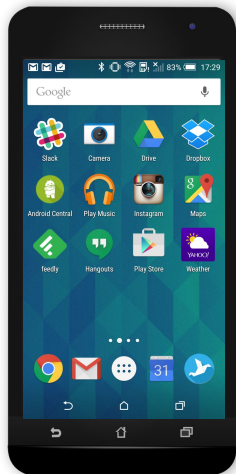


Background: Let's check this out!





Display

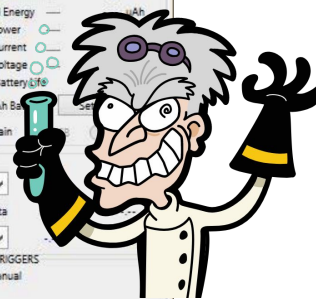
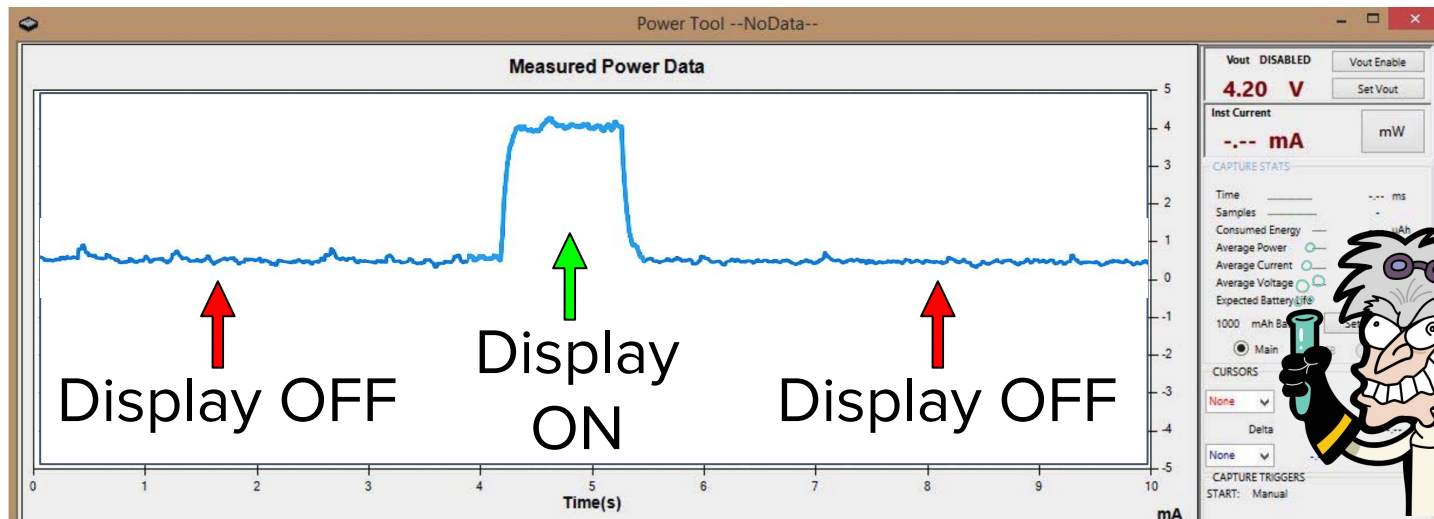
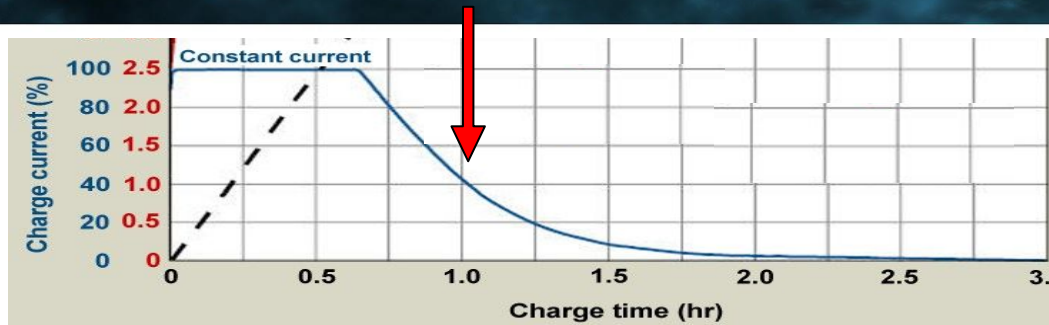
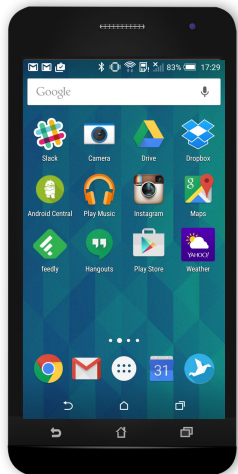


Let's try to turn the display **on** and **off**
and see what happens



Background: Let's check this out!

Display





CPU bursts



And what about CPU bursts?

```
long burst_duration = 1000; // 1000 ms = 1 second

while(true){

    SystemClock.sleep( burst_duration );    // do nothing

    double dummy_counter = 0.0;
    long end_burst = System.currentTimeMillis() + burst_duration;

    while ( System.currentTimeMillis() <= end_burst) {

        dummy_counter += 0.001;    // do something useless

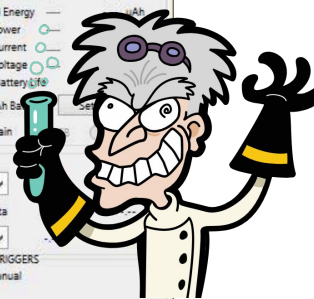
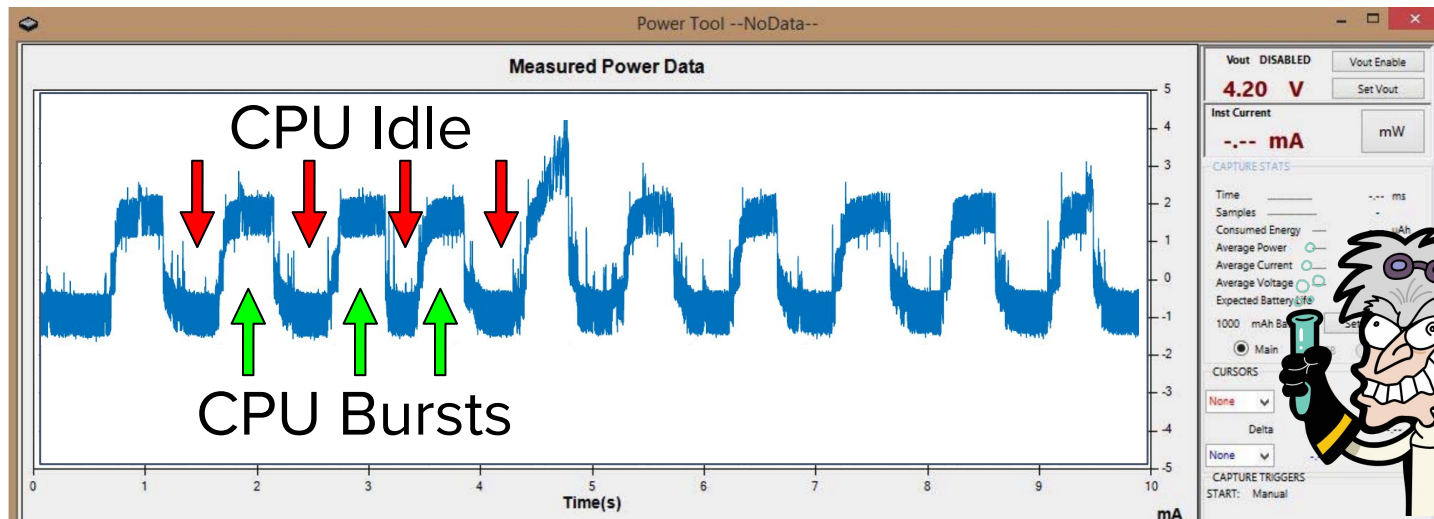
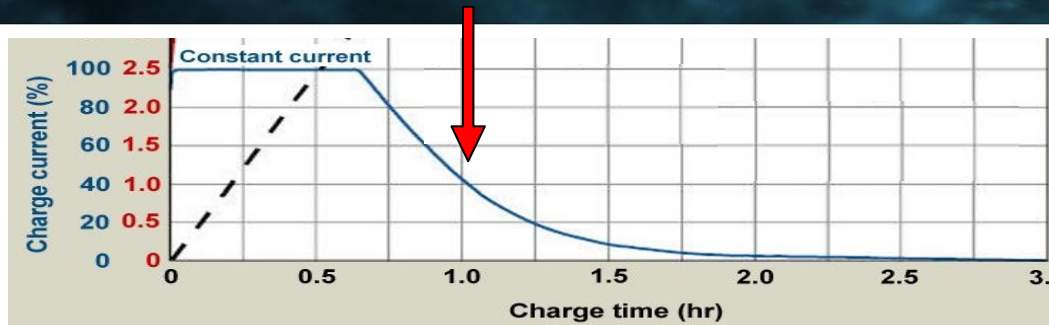
    }

}
```



Background: Let's check this out!

CPU
bursts



A little step forward...

CPU
bursts

- 0 → Burst
- 1 → Nothing



```
long burst_duration = 1000; // 1000 ms = 1 second
int[] bits = {0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0};

for (int i = 0; i < bits.length; i++){
    if (bits[i] == 0){
        double dummy_counter = 0.0;
        long end_burst = System.currentTimeMillis() + burst_duration;

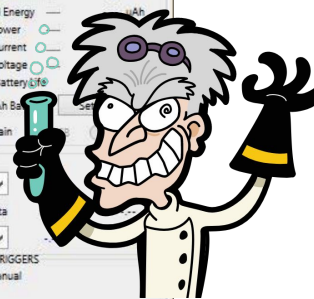
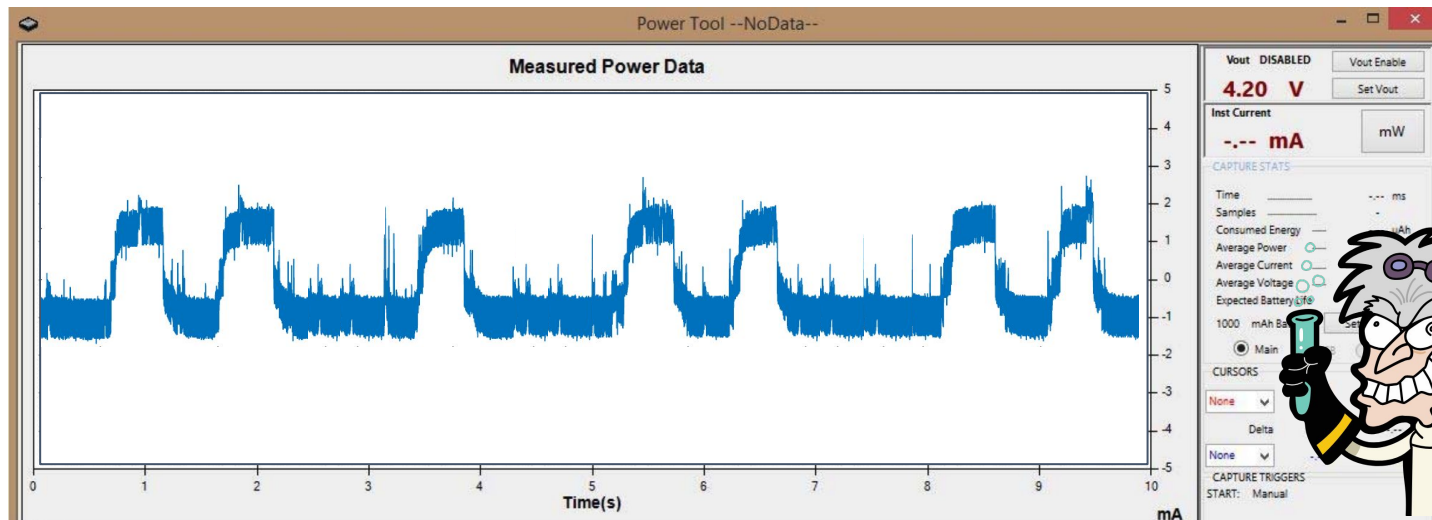
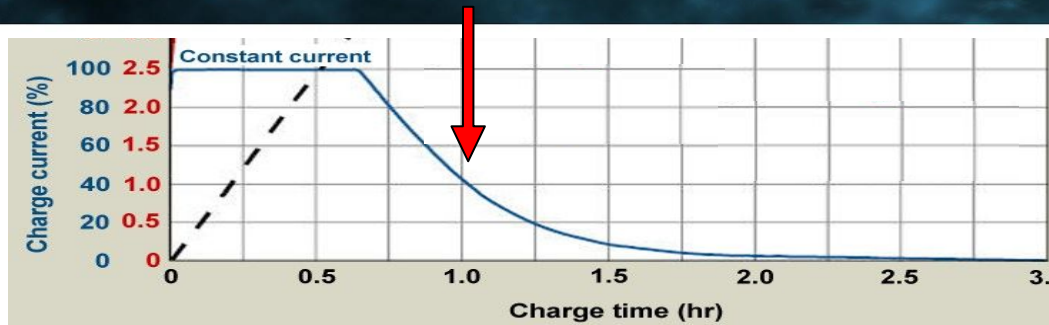
        while ( System.currentTimeMillis() <= end_burst) {
            dummy_counter += 0.001; // do something useless

            SystemClock.sleep( burst_duration );
        }
    } else{
        SystemClock.sleep( burst_duration * 2 ); // do nothing X 2
    }
}
```



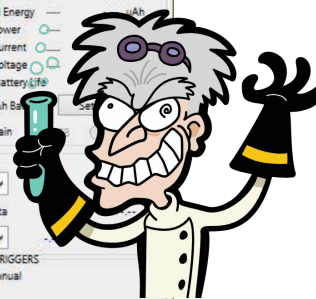
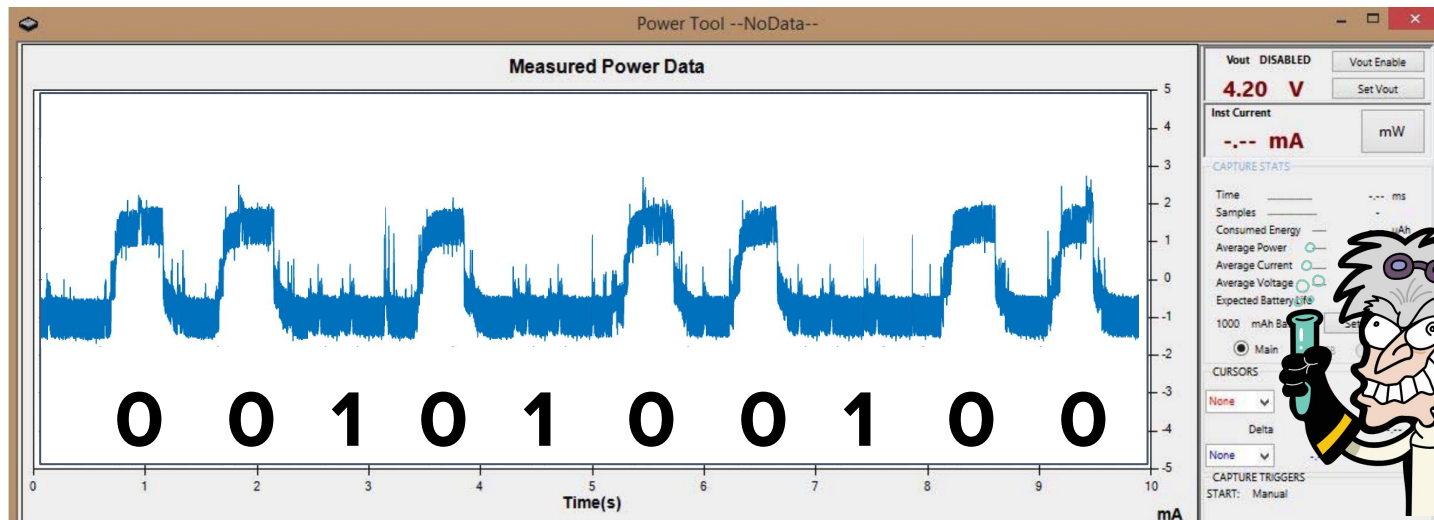
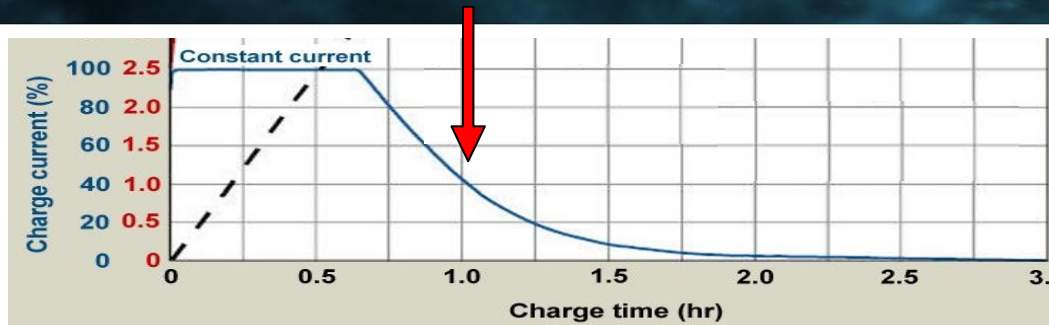
We have a covert channel

CPU
bursts

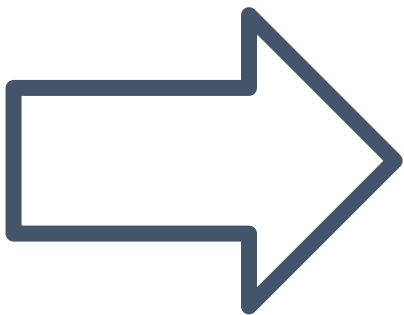


We have a covert channel

CPU
bursts

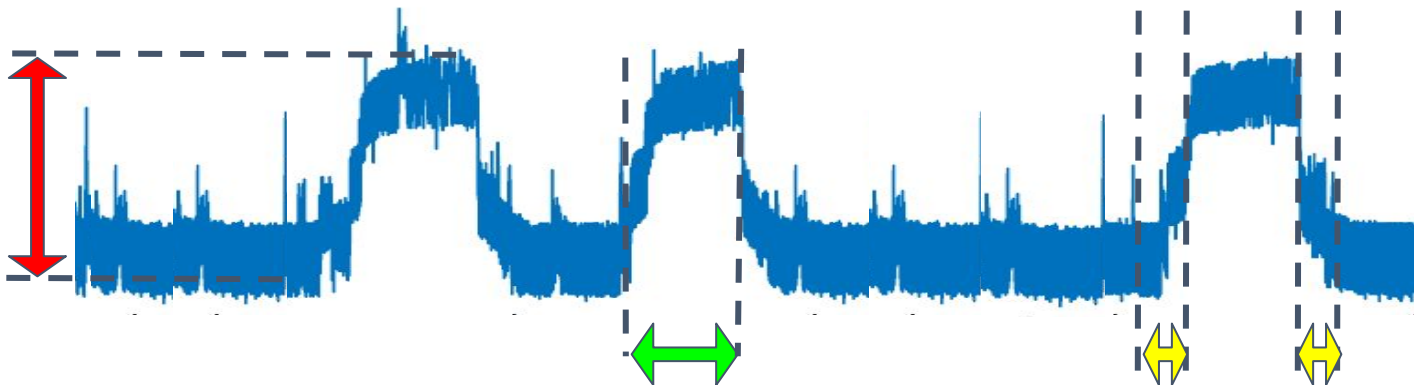


We have found a covert channel



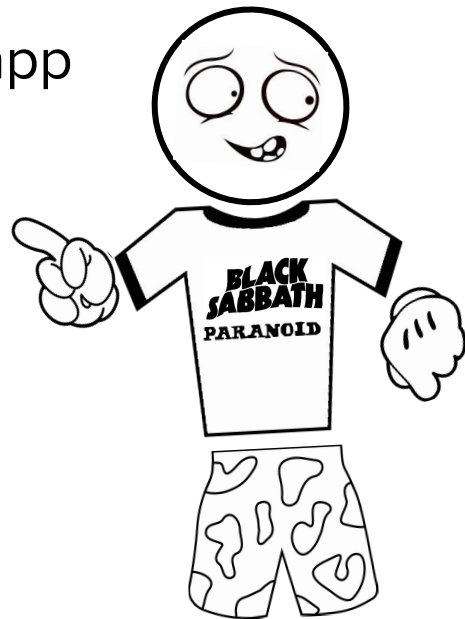


- We cannot control the amplitude \updownarrow of bursts...
- ... But we can control the timing \leftrightarrow
- Transition time idle/burst \rightleftarrows is not instantaneous



Let me present Bob

- Bob has a secret info **X** on his smartphone
- Bob does **not** allow his apps to access to the **Internet**
- Bob double-checks the **permissions** given to each app
- Bob always uses the **USB condom**
- Because he knows about the **security risks** of using free charging stations
- Bob cares about his **privacy**
- (Be like Bob)



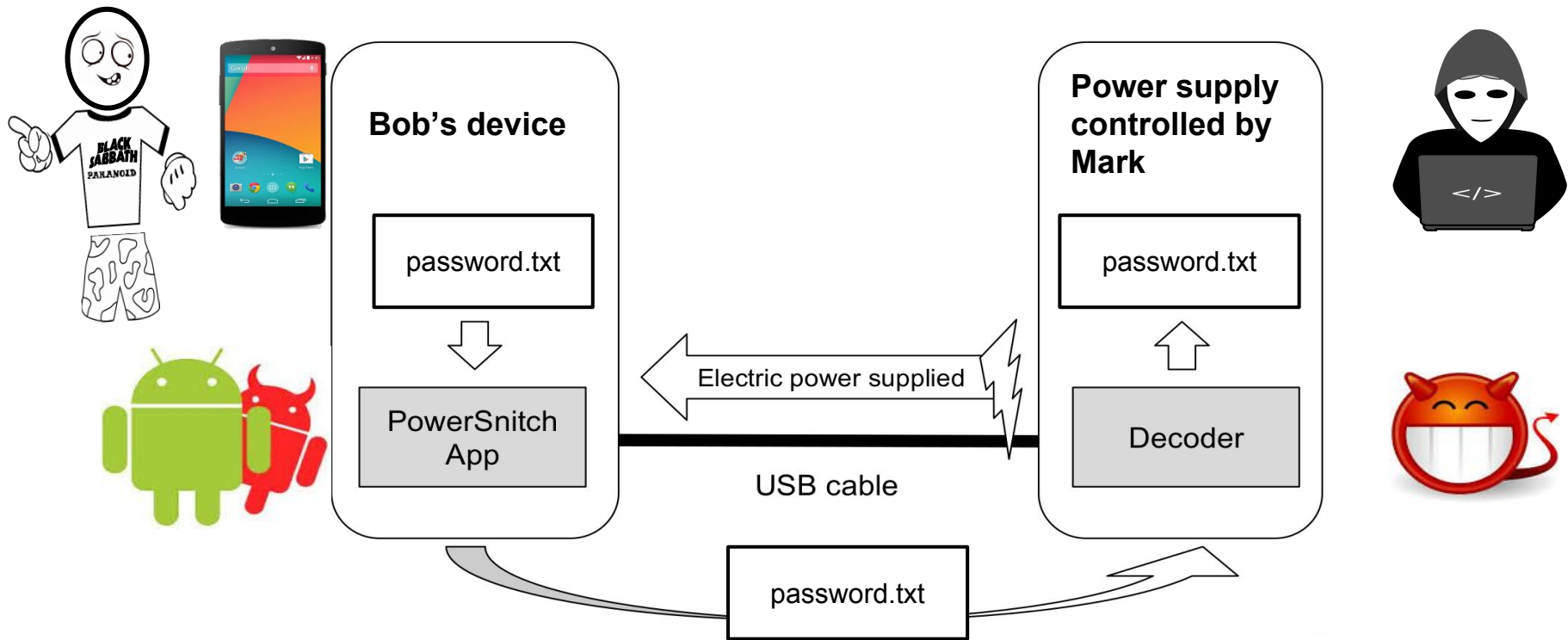
And here is Mark, the hacker



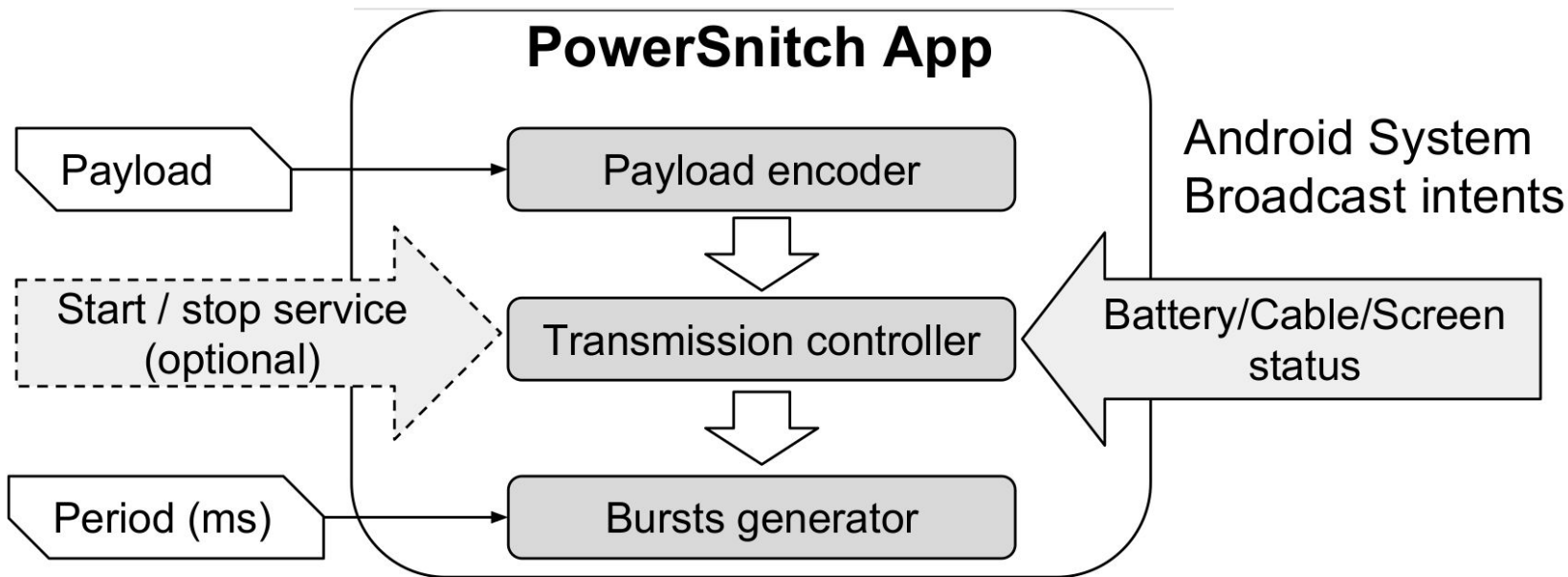
- Mark knows that Bob has a secret **X** on his smartphone
- Mark was able to **install an app** on Bob's smartphone
- The app cannot use any network connection
- Mark is highly motivated to steal **X** from Bob

How can Mark exfiltrate **X** from Bob's smartphone?

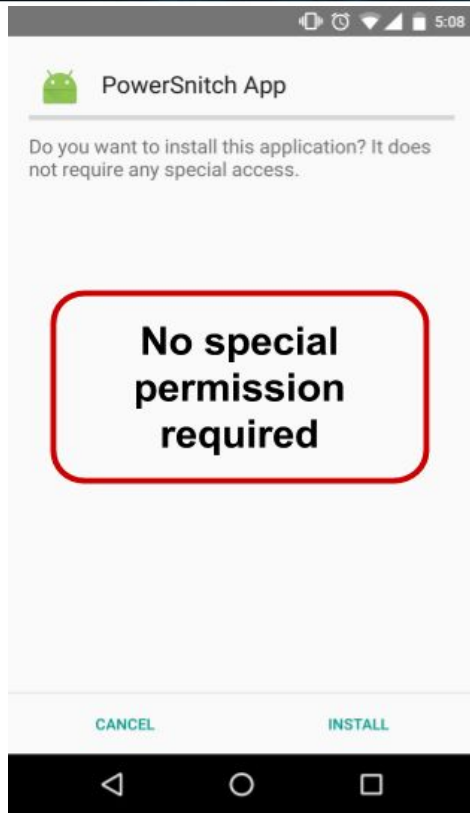
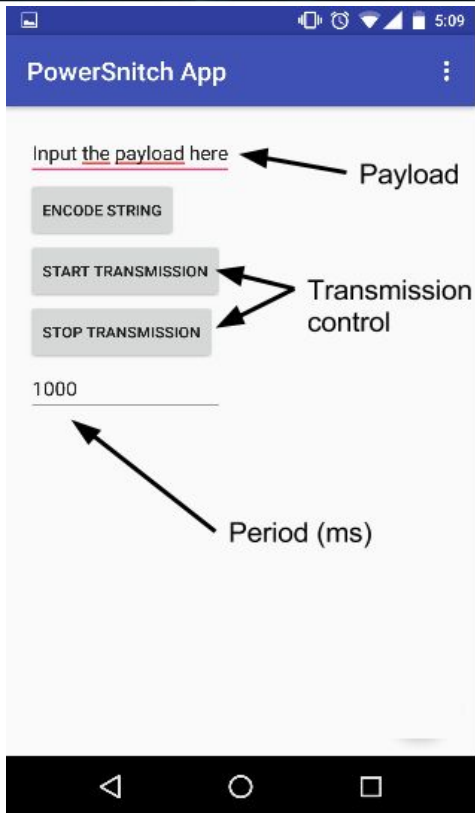
How can Mark exploit this covert channel?



PowerSnitch app: our prototype



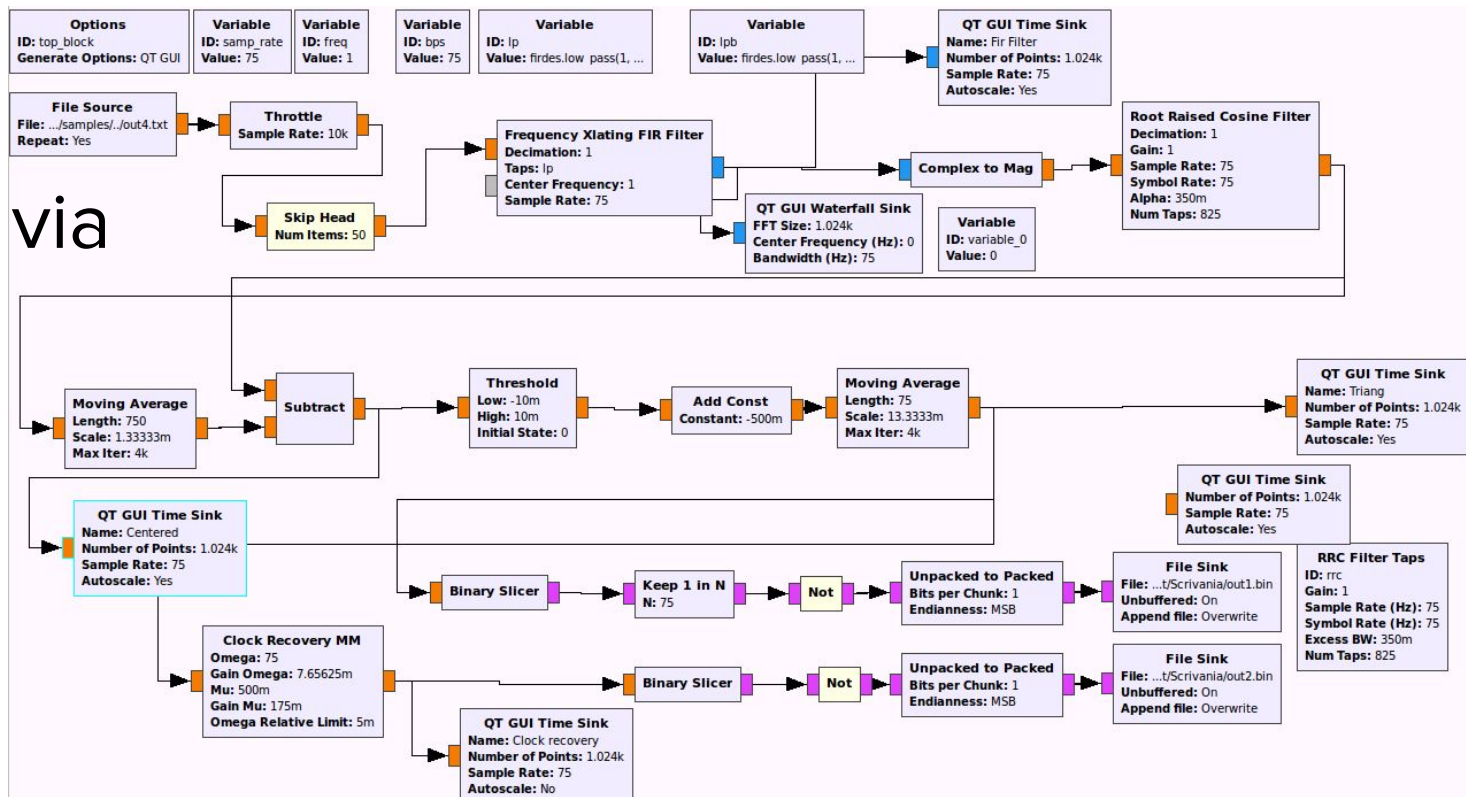
PowerSnitch app: our prototype



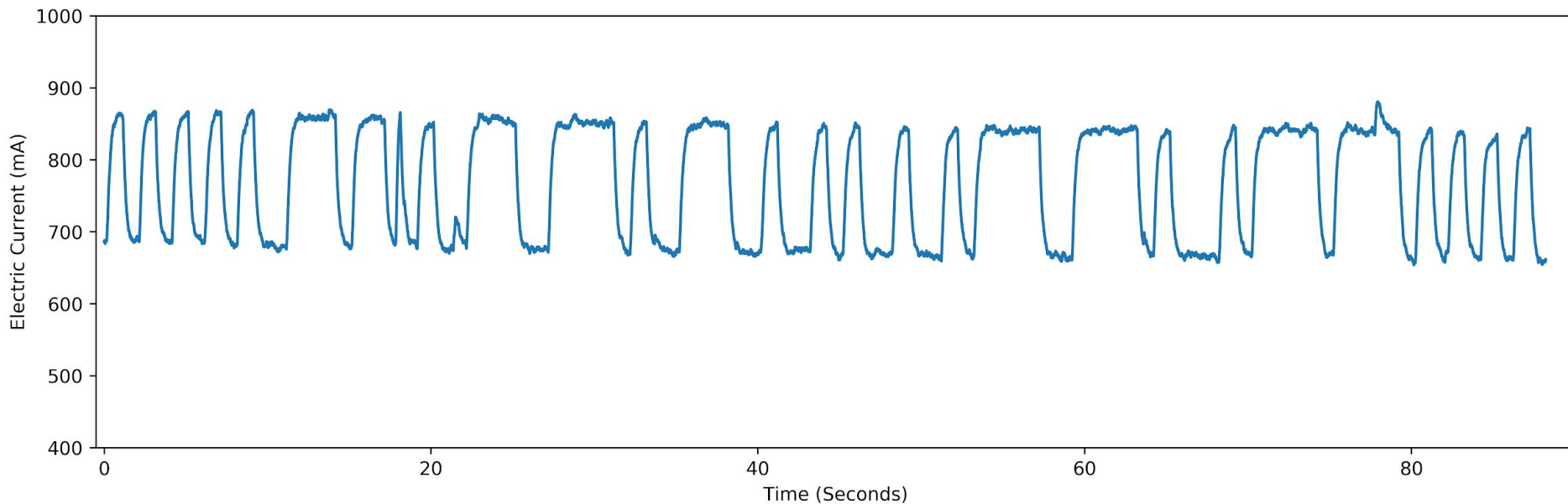
- It does **not** use Internet access
- It only needs the **permission** to access the **info to exfiltrate**

Decoder: from the signal to the information

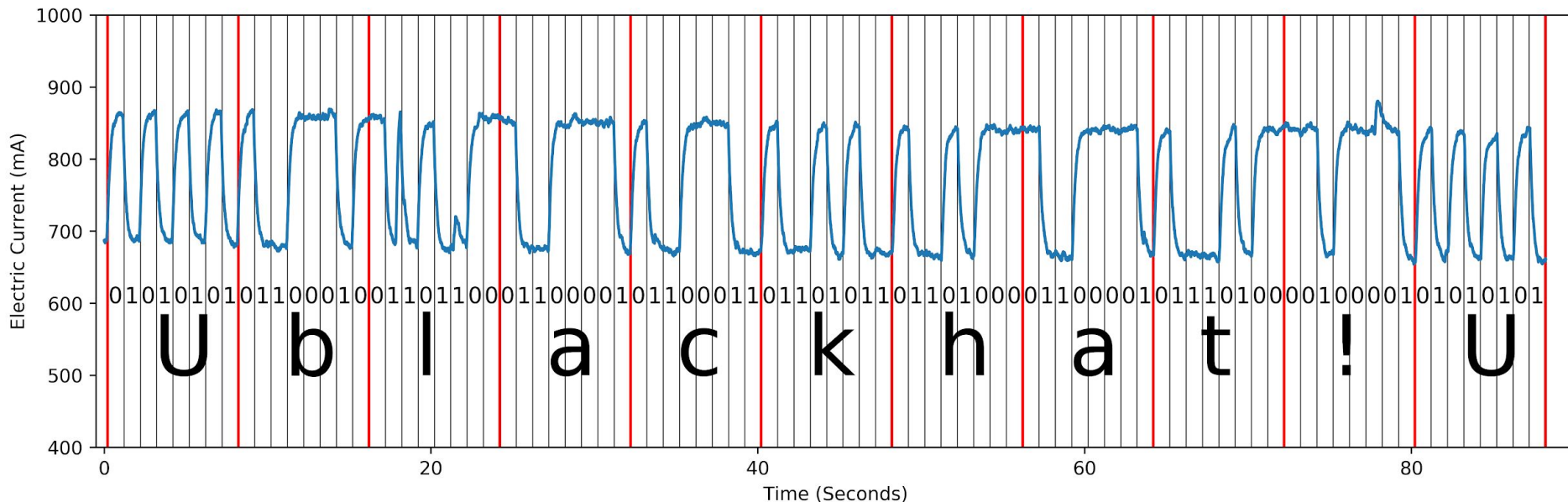
Signal
processing via
GNURadio



Decoder: from the signal to the information



Decoder: from the signal to the information



PowerSnitch app: Optimizations



PowerSnitch app: Optimizations



- It requires no special permission
- It does not require internet access at all
- Doze mode not active (battery saving)
- App can be:
 - Apparently innocuous app (e.g., alarm clock)
 - A popular app repackaged



- CPU bursts cannot be easily detected (a flashing screen, yes)
- Transmit only when:
 - The screen is off (smartphone is inactive)
 - ADB debugging mode not active
 - The battery is charged enough (>50%)
 - The power supply is listening
- It does not affect battery charging

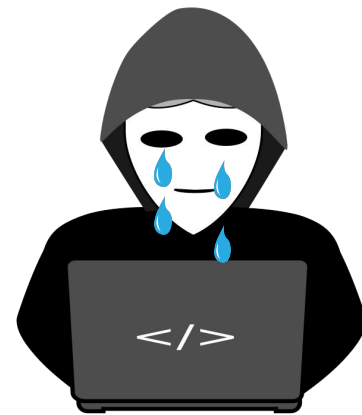


NFCT 1.0: First version of the attack



High Voltage Power Monitor (HVPM)

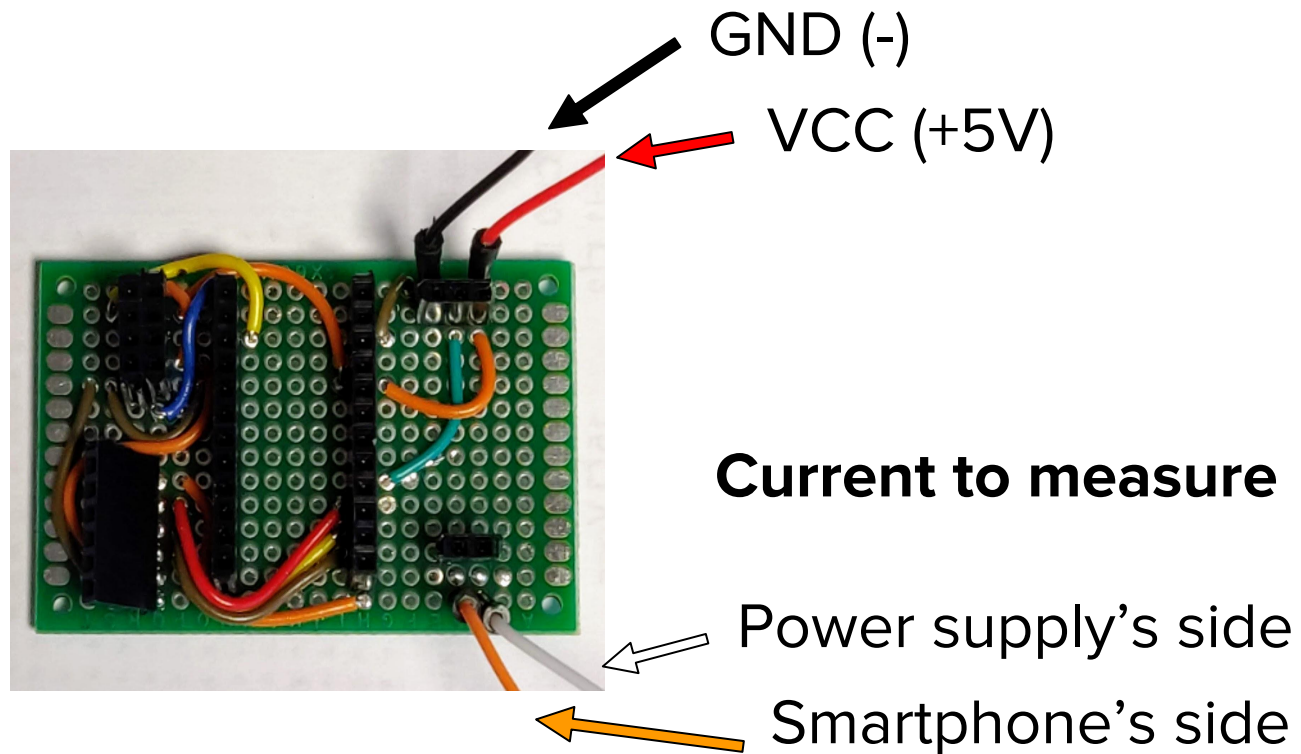
\$829.00





- Cheaper
- Smaller
- Easier to deploy

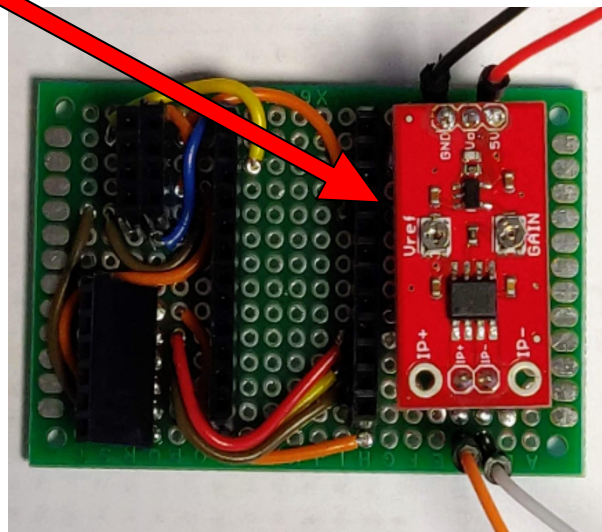




Hall effect current sensor
(e.g., ACS712)

GND (-)

VCC (+5V)



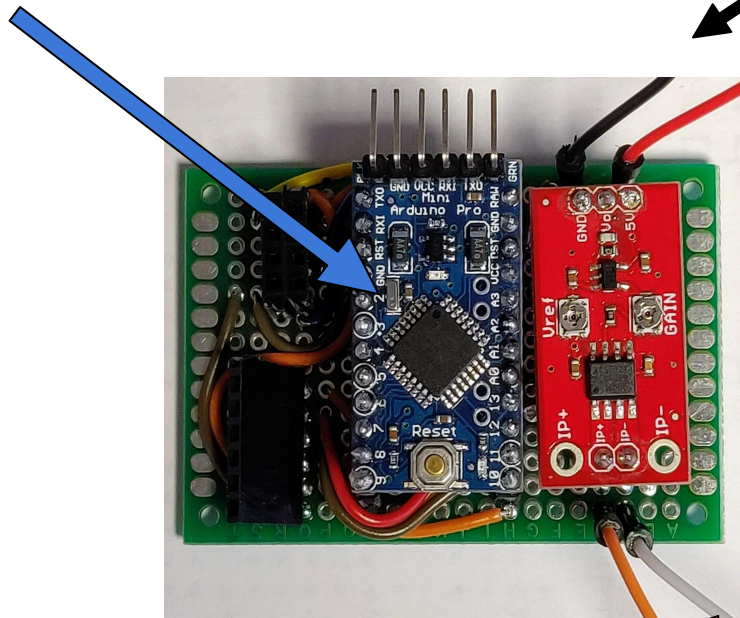
Current to measure

Power supply's side

Smartphone's side



Arduino
Mini PRO



GND (-)

VCC (+5V)

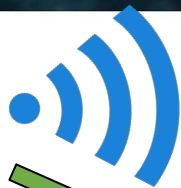
Current to measure

Power supply's side

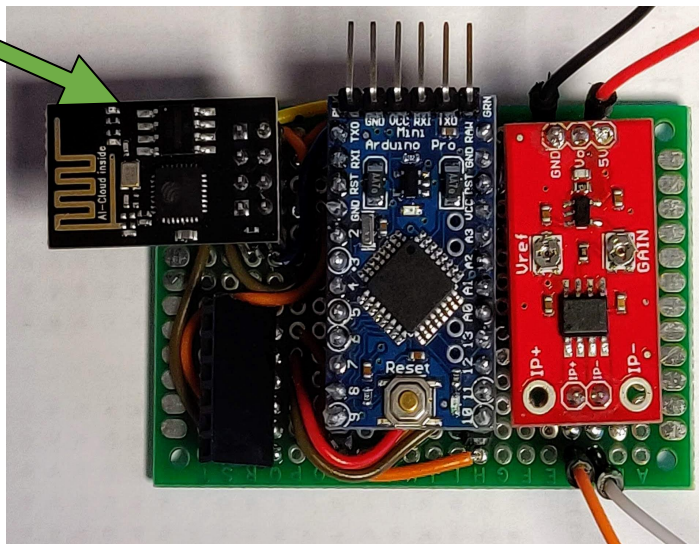
Smartphone's side



WiFi
module



GSM
module



GND (-)

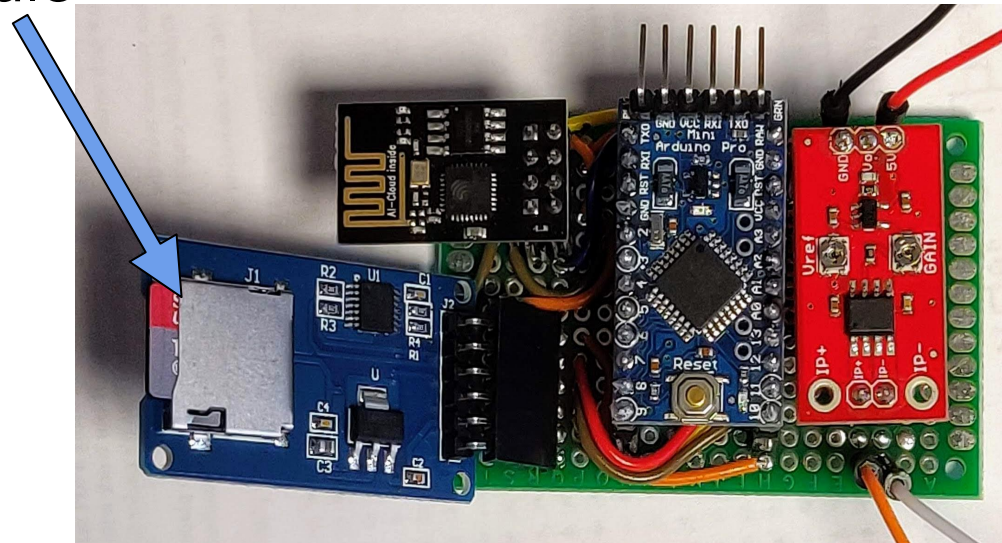
VCC (+5V)

Current to measure

Power supply's side

Smartphone's side

MicroSD card
Module



GND (-)

VCC (+5V)

Current to measure

Power supply's side

Smartphone's side

Decoder: Easy to deploy



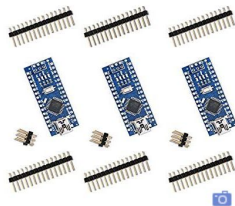
Electronics DIY: cost?



More options available

iHaospace 2 X 5A Range Electrical
Parts Current Sensor Module ACS712
for Arduino Raspberry Pi
by iHaospace

£5.99 ✓prime



More options available

ELEGOO For Arduino Nano V3.0,
Nano board CH340/ATmega328P,
compatible with Arduino Nano V3.0
(pack of 3) ...
by ELEGOO

£10.99 ✓prime



More options available

Crazepony-UK 4pcs ESP8266 Esp-01
Serial Wireless Wifi Transceiver
Module Compatible with Arduino
by Crazepony-UK

£9.99 ✓prime



More options available

Transcend 4GB MicroSDHC Class 4
Memory Card with SD Adaptor
by Transcend

£5.99 ✓prime



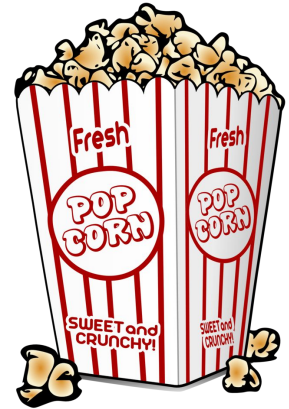
Reader - SODIAL(R) SPI Reader Micro
SD Memory Card TF Memory Card
Shield Module for Arduino
by SODIAL(R)

£0.70

2.99 £ + Sensor
3.66 £ + Arduino Nano
3.33 £ + WiFi module
5.99 £ + micro SD card
0.70 £ + SPI card reader



Video time!





- A covert channel on Android devices that use energy consumption to exfiltrate data
- Low cost attack can be easily deployed on charging stations and power banks
- Turn your device off while recharging



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Thank you for your attention!

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