



**black hat**<sup>®</sup>

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# Fuzzing and Exploiting Virtual Channels in Microsoft Remote Desktop Protocol for Fun and Profit

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#BHEU @BLACKHATEVENTS

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## ABOUT US

- Chun Sung Park
  - Graduate student at SANE LAB, Korea University
  - Also a CTO of Diffense, Inc.



- Yeongjin Jang
  - Assistant Professor of Computer Science, Oregon State University



## ABOUT US

- Seungjoo (Gabriel) Kim (Corresponding Author, [skim71@korea.ac.kr](mailto:skim71@korea.ac.kr))
  - Professor of Graduate School of Information Security, Korea University



- Ki Taek Lee
  - Ph.D. candidate at SANE Lab, Korea University
  - Offensive security researcher and penetration tester at Samsung Research



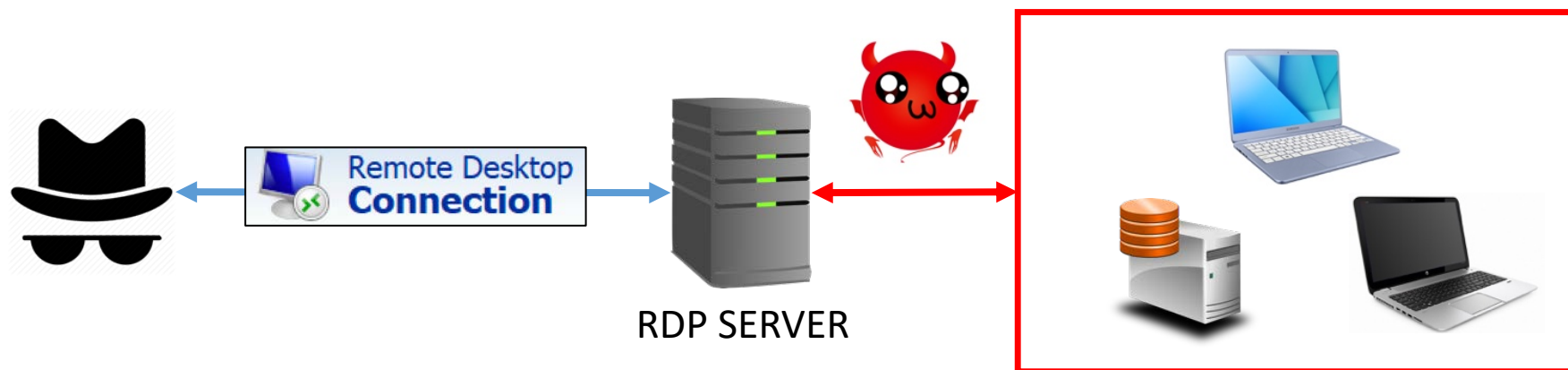


## AGENDA

- Motivation
- Background: Recon on the official MS RDP client and its protocol
- Finding Vulnerability Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer
- Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer
- Vulnerabilities
- RDP Heap Feng Shui
- Demo
- Future work & Conclusion

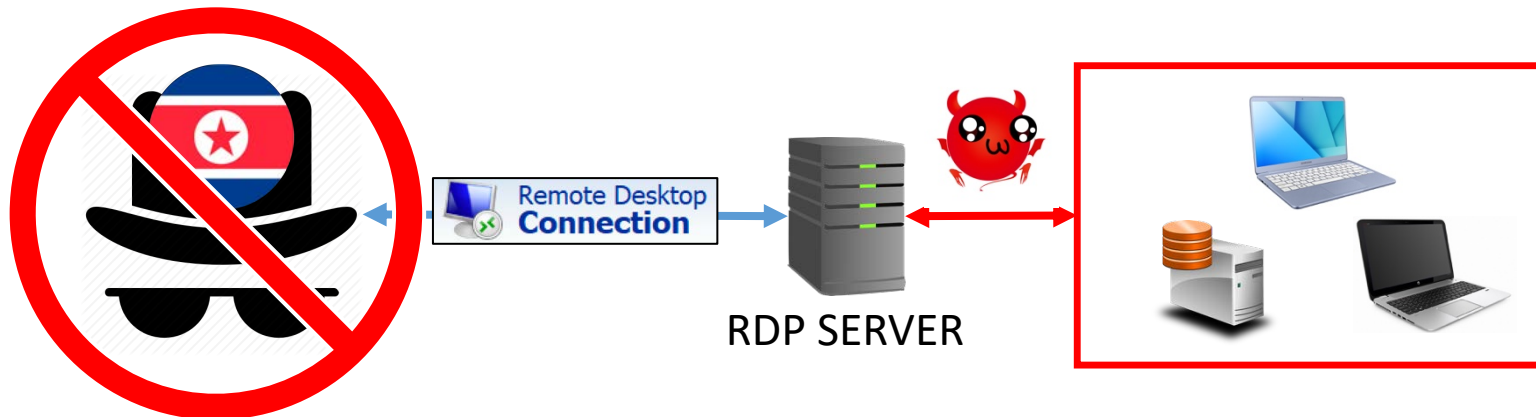
## MOTIVATION

- Hackers are using some RDP servers to **shadow** their **IP address** for attacks
- Hacked windows servers in public are configured as an RDP server
  - Attackers launch attacks from this computer by logging into the RDP server
  - Victims can **only see the IP address of the RDP server**



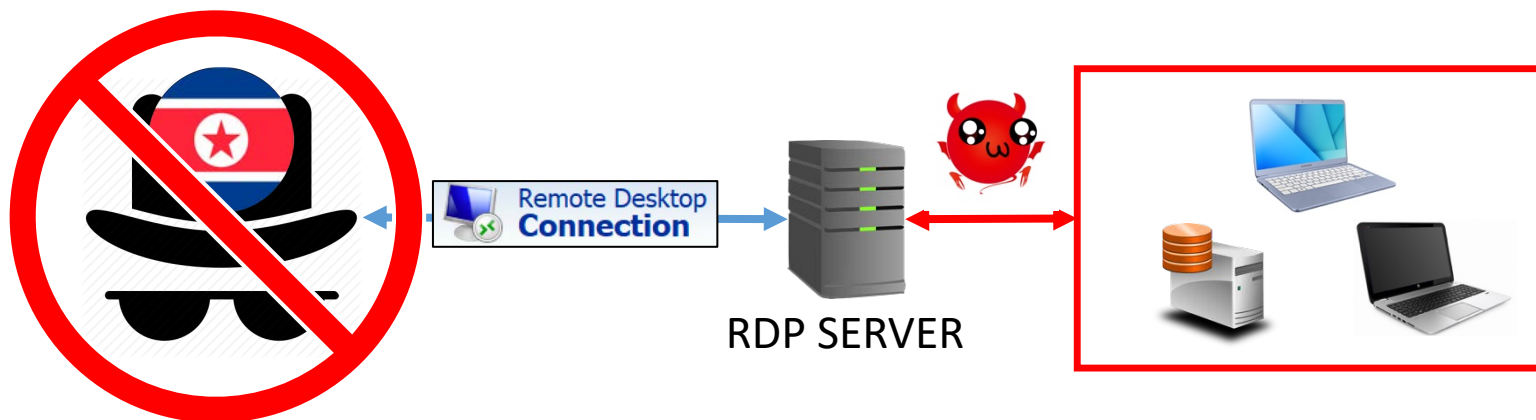
## MOTIVATION

- Allegedly being used by many North Korean Hackers
  - No proof, but from off-the-record discussions with security analysts
- Came up with a fun motivation:
  - **Can we pwn RDP clients to launch attacks back to attackers?**



## MOTIVATION

- Disclaimer
  - We did **not use** this techniques in public (yes, **it's illegal**)
  - We would like **to share our journey** for such a cool motivation in this presentation





## Another Note

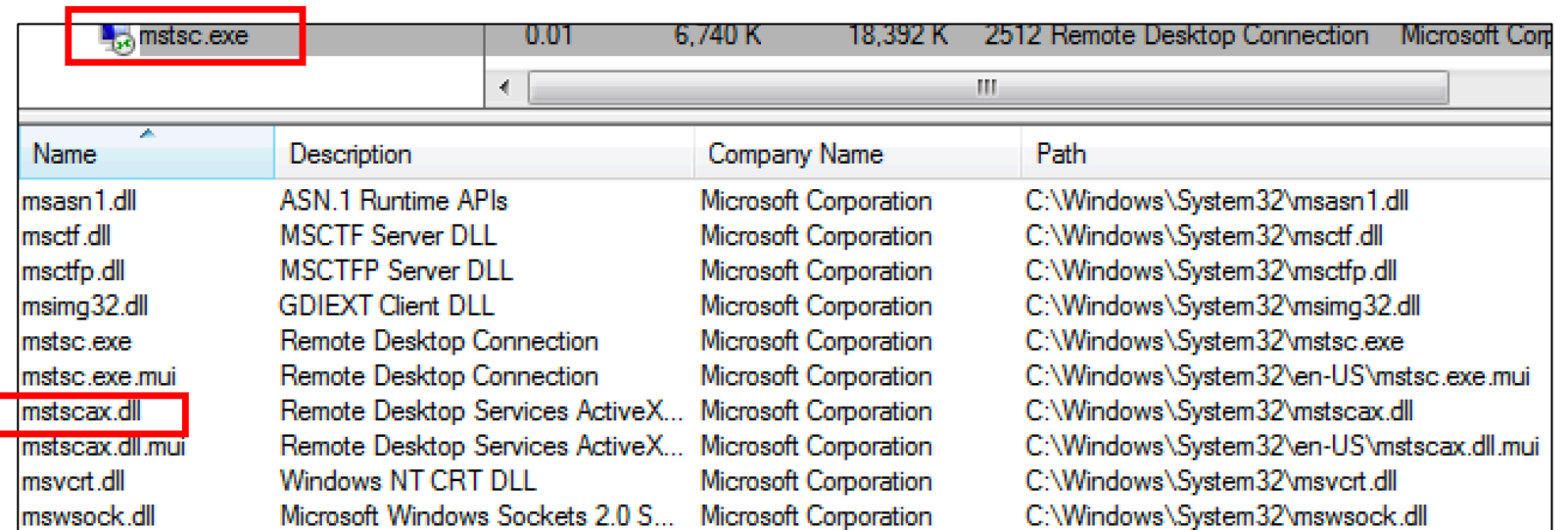
- Disclaimer
  - Some part of this research project cannot be disclosed by the **restrictions** applied to one of the speakers (**NDA-related**)
  - But, we will **disclose as much as** we can to entertain the audiences!





## Recon on MS RDP client

- Need an understand the RDP protocol
- Requires two files to take a look at (via IDA Pro)
  - Mstsc.exe
  - Mstscax.dll



Name	Description	Company Name	Path
msasn1.dll	ASN.1 Runtime APIs	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\msasn1.dll
msctf.dll	MSCTF Server DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\msctf.dll
msctfp.dll	MSCTFP Server DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\msctfp.dll
msimg32.dll	GDIEXT Client DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\msimg32.dll
mstsc.exe	Remote Desktop Connection	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\mstsc.exe
mstsc.exe.mui	Remote Desktop Connection	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\en-US\mstsc.exe.mui
mstscax.dll	Remote Desktop Services ActiveX...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\mstscax.dll
mstscax.dll.mui	Remote Desktop Services ActiveX...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\en-US\mstscax.dll.mui
msvcrt.dll	Windows NT CRT DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\msvcrt.dll
mswsock.dll	Microsoft Windows Sockets 2.0 S...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\mswsock.dll

## Recon on MS RDP client

- Additional (human-readable) resources: publicly available documentations
  - <https://github.com/FreeRDP/FreeRDP/wiki/Reference-Documentation>
  - 56 documentations about RDP specification is out there

### Reference Documentation

Remote Desktop Protocol:

[Windows Communication Protocols](#)

[MS-RDPBCGR]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Basic Connectivity and Graphics Remoting Specification

[MS-RDPCR2]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Compositing Remoting V2 Specification

[MS-RDPEA]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Audio Output Virtual Channel Extension

[MS-RDPEAI]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Audio Input Redirection Virtual Channel Extension

[MS-RDPECLIP]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Clipboard Virtual Channel Extension

[MS-RDPEDC]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Desktop Composition Virtual Channel Extension

[MS-RDPEDYC]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension

[MS-RDPEECO]: Remote Desktop Protocol: Virtual Channel Echo Extension



## Recon on MS RDP client

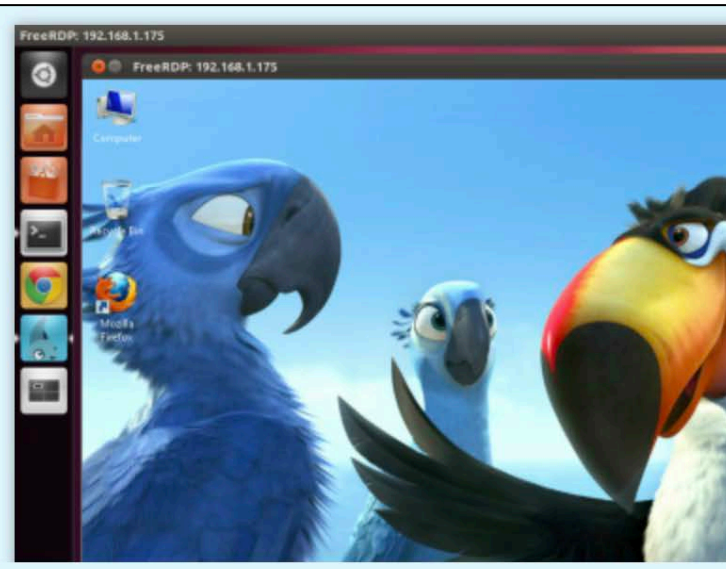
- We may also get hints for the RDP protocol from one of the open-source implementations: FreeRDP
  - <https://github.com/FreeRDP/FreeRDP>
  - Read the code, headers, data types, enums, etc. -> enables more efficient reversing

### FreeRDP: A Remote Desktop Protocol Implementation

FreeRDP is a free implementation of the Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP), released under the Apache license. Enjoy the freedom of using your software wherever you want, the way you want it, in a world where interoperability can finally liberate your computing experience.

IRC: #freerdp @ irc.freenode.net

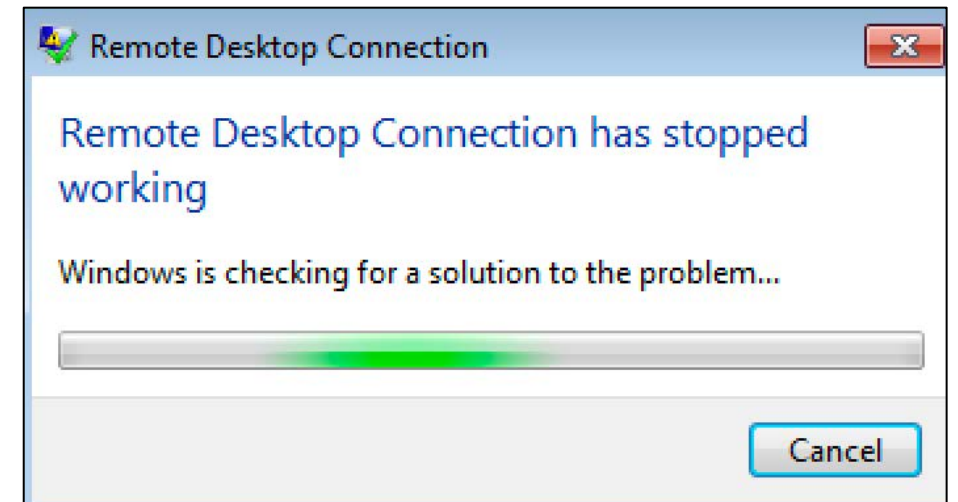
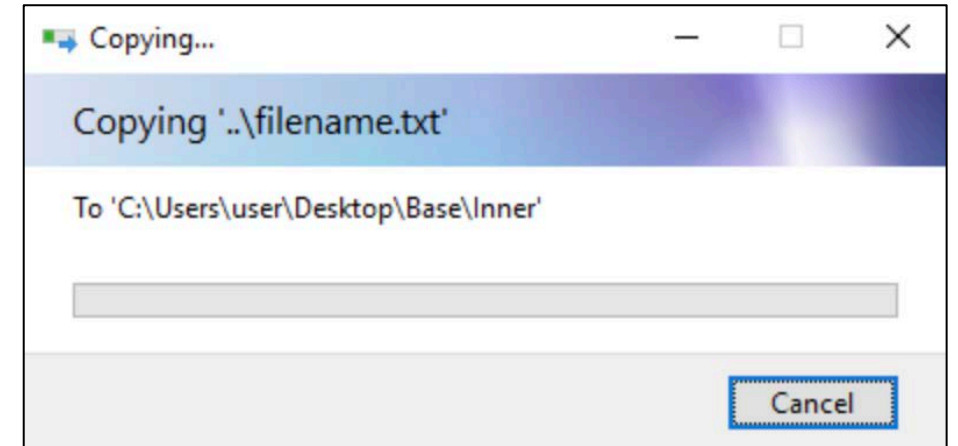
[Download Now!](#)





## Recon on MS RDP client

- Latest Attack Case by CHECKPOINT
- Attacked the clipboard channel : Ctrl C + Ctrl V
  - A Path-traversal attack!
  - Poisoned RDP at BH USA 2019
- In contrast, our focus is at:
  - **Memory Corruption vulns** in the MS RDP Client that allows **Remote Code Execution**



## Recon on MS RDP client

- Available resources to the RDP client

### Remote Desktop clients

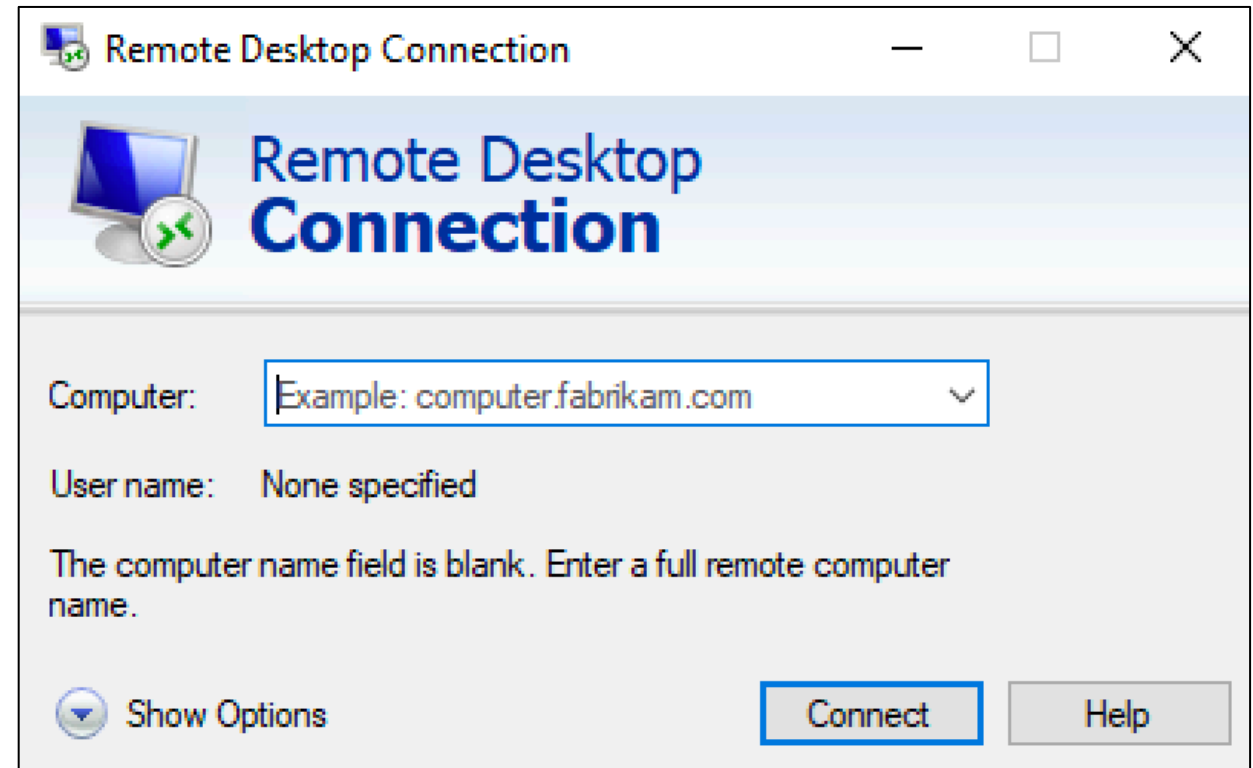
2018. 05. 07. • 읽는 데 2분 • 

Applies to: Windows 10, Windows 8.1, Windows Server 2019, Windows Server 2016, Windows Server 2012 R2

You can use a Microsoft Remote Desktop client **to connect to a remote PC** and your work resources from almost anywhere using just about any device. You can connect to your work **PC and have access to all of your apps, files, and network resources** as if you were sitting at your desk. You can leave apps open at work and then see those same apps at home - all by using the RD client.

## Recon on MS RDP client

- How many (official) RDP Clients are there?
- 5 types by OS/App
  - **mstsc.exe (native app)**
  - Windows 10 app (AppContainer)
  - Android App
  - iOS App
  - macOS App

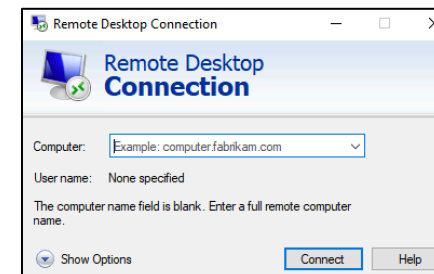




## Recon on MS RDP client

- How many (official) RDP Clients are there?
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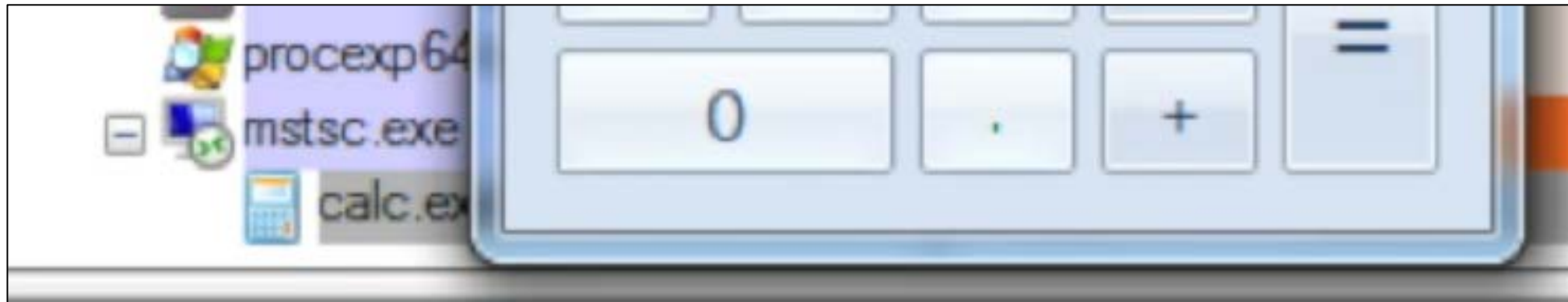
Device	Get the app	Set up instructions
Windows	<a href="#">Windows 10 client in the Microsoft Store</a>	<a href="#">Getting started with Remote Desktop client on Windows</a>
Android	<a href="#">Android client in Google Play</a>	<a href="#">Getting started with Remote Desktop client on Android</a>
iOS	<a href="#">iOS client in the iTunes store</a>	<a href="#">Getting started with Remote Desktop client on iOS</a>
macOS	<a href="#">macOS client in the iTunes store</a>	<a href="#">Getting started with Remote Desktop client on Mac</a>



**We assume all these implementation will share the same code base for the protocol**

## Our GOAL

- Find an exploitable memory corruption vulnerability in official RDP clients
- Popping shell from the RDP Client
  - Need to find the part of the program that handles ‘memory’ a lot
    - Intuition: **more code for handling memory, more memory corruption vulnerabilities!**
  - We purposely send malicious data from a compromised RDP Server to a client using **virtual channels**



## What is Virtual Channel?

# Remote Desktop Services virtual channels

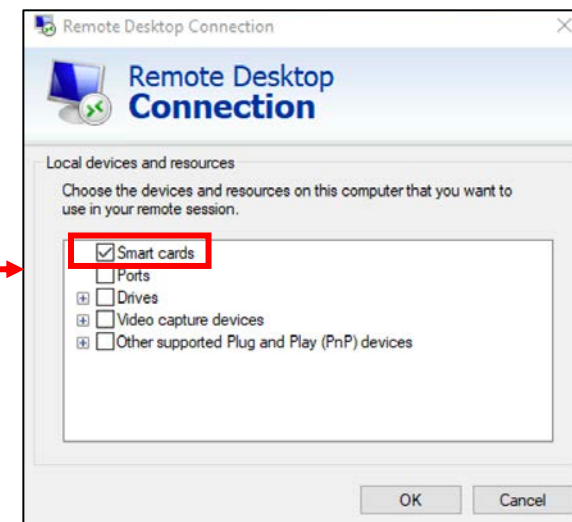
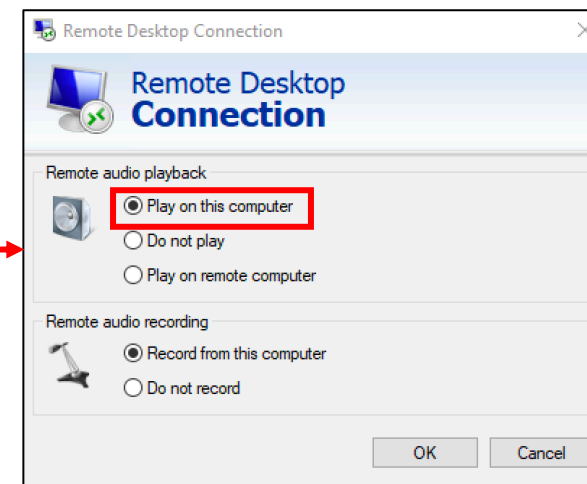
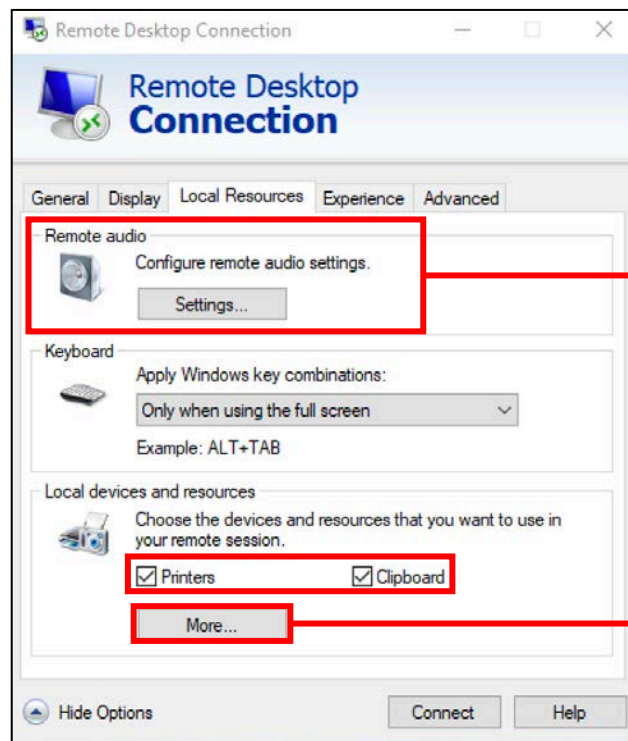
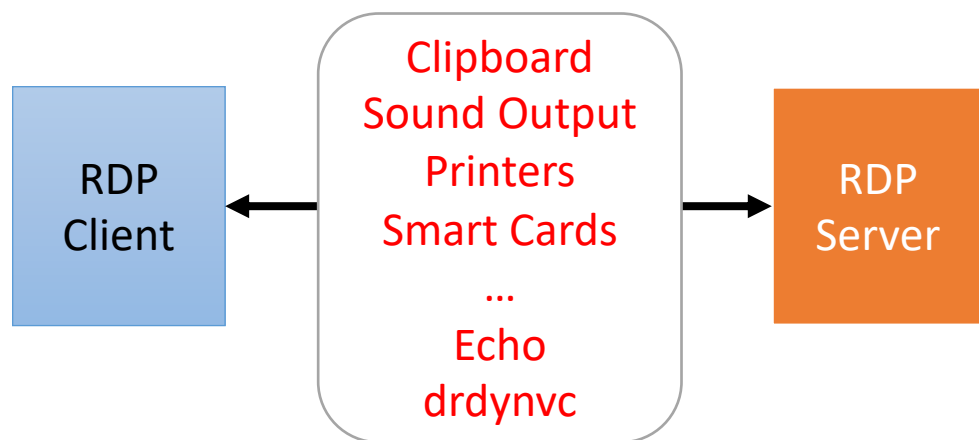
05/31/2018 • 2 minutes to read • 

*Virtual channels* are software extensions that can be used to add functional enhancements to a Remote Desktop Services application. Examples of functional enhancements might include: support for special types of hardware, audio, or other additions to the core functionality provided by the Remote Desktop Services [Remote Desktop Protocol](#) (RDP). The RDP protocol provides multiplexed management of multiple virtual channels.



## Virtual Channel Examples

- Default Channels



Internally, handing of such features includes protocol parsing logic, lots of heap memory allocation/free, etc., so it's a great target for fuzzing!

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- **Open Server**
- Open Channel
- Read Channel
- Write Channel
- Close Channel
- Close Server

### WTSOpenServerA function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Opens a handle to the specified Remote Desktop Session Host (RD Session Host) server.

#### Syntax

C++

Copy

```
HANDLE WTSOpenServerA(  
    LPSTR pServerName  
);
```

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- **Open Channel**
- Read Channel
- Write Channel
- Close Channel
- Close Server

### WTSVirtualChannelOpen function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Opens a handle to the server end of a specified virtual channel.

This function is obsolete. Instead, use the [WTSVirtualChannelOpenEx](#) function.

#### Syntax

C++

```
HANDLE WTSVirtualChannelOpen(  
    IN HANDLE hServer,  
    IN DWORD SessionId,  
    LPSTR pVirtualName  
);
```

RDPSND  
CLIPRDR  
PRINTER  
SMARTCARD  
....

Copy



## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- Open Channel
- **Read Channel**
- Write Channel
- Close Channel
- Close Server

# WTSVirtualChannelRead function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Reads data from the server end of a virtual channel.

**WTSVirtualChannelRead** reads the data written by a [VirtualChannelWrite](#) call at the client end of the virtual channel.

## Syntax

C++

Copy

```
BOOL WTSVirtualChannelRead(  
    IN HANDLE hChannelHandle,  
    IN ULONG  TimeOut,  
    PCHAR     Buffer,  
    IN ULONG  BufferSize,  
    PULONG    pBytesRead  
);
```

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- Open Channel
- Read Channel
- **Write Channel**
- Close Channel
- Close Server

# WTSVirtualChannelWrite function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Writes data to the server end of a virtual channel.

## Syntax

C++

Copy

```
BOOL WTSVirtualChannelWrite(  
    IN HANDLE hChannelHandle,  
    PCHAR Buffer,  
    IN ULONG Length,  
    PULONG pBytesWritten  
);
```

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- Open Channel
- Read Channel
- Write Channel
- **Close Channel**
- Close Server

# WTSVirtualChannelClose function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Closes an open virtual channel handle.

## Syntax

C++

Copy

```
BOOL WTSVirtualChannelClose(  
    IN HANDLE hChannelHandle  
);
```



## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- Open Channel
- Read Channel
- Write Channel
- Close Channel
- **Close Server**

### WTSCloseServer function

12/05/2018 • 2 minutes to read

Closes an open handle to a Remote Desktop Session Host (RD Session Host) server.

#### Syntax

C++

Copy

```
void WTSCloseServer(  
    IN HANDLE hServer  
);
```

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- **Open Server**
- **Open Channel**
- Read Channel
- **Write Channel**
- Close Channel
- Close Server

```
hWTSSERVERHandle = WTSOpenServer("localhost");  
hVirtualChannel = WTSVirtualChannelOpen(  
    hWTSSERVERHandle,  
    WTS_CURRENT_SESSION,  
    "RDPSND"  
);
```

```
buffer[0] = 0xa0;  
buffer[1] = 0xa1;  
buffer[2] = 0xa2;  
buffer[3] = 0xa3;
```

```
BufferSize = 4;  
bSuccess = WTSVirtualChannelWrite(hVirtualChannel, buffer,  
    BufferSize, &bytesWritten);
```

## Virtual Channel Protocol

- Open Server
- Open Channel
- Read Channel
- Write Channel
- Close Channel
- Close Server

1. Run virtual channel write test program

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe

C:\Users\john\source\repos\channel_test\x64\Debug>channel_test.exe
WTSVirtualChannelWrite written

Success!

C:\Users\john\source\repos\channel_test\x64\Debug>_
```

2. Hooking mstscax!CChan::ChannelOnPacketReceived()

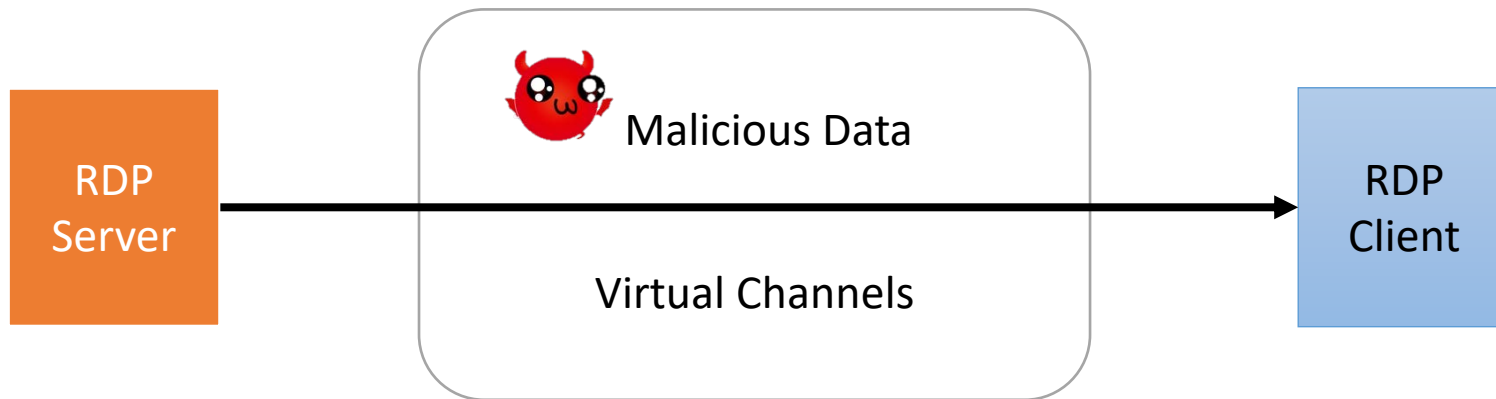
```
bufsize : 12
register : 0x92bd482
buf original
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F 0123456789ABCDEF
00000000 04 00 00 00 03 00 00 00 a0 a1 a2 a3
Message [{'type': 'send', 'payload': 'hexnur'}] -> Data [b'\x04\x00\x00\x00\x03\x00\x00\x00\xa0\xa1\xa2\xa3']
cnt 330
func() called from
0x7fef2455e7f mstsc.exe!D11GetTscCtlVer
```

Attacker Controllable Data, will be parsed by the client



## Attack Scenario via Manipulating the Virtual Channel

- From server to client using virtual channel
  - 1) Open server
  - 2) Open channel
  - 3) Write channel
  - 4) Send Malicious Data to Client



## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- Requirements
  - Need to hook **Virtual Channels**
  - Need to work with a server-client model
  - Need to apply a blackbox fuzzing
  - On Windows
  - **But we would like to enable coverage-guided fuzzing (like AFL)!**
  - ...

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

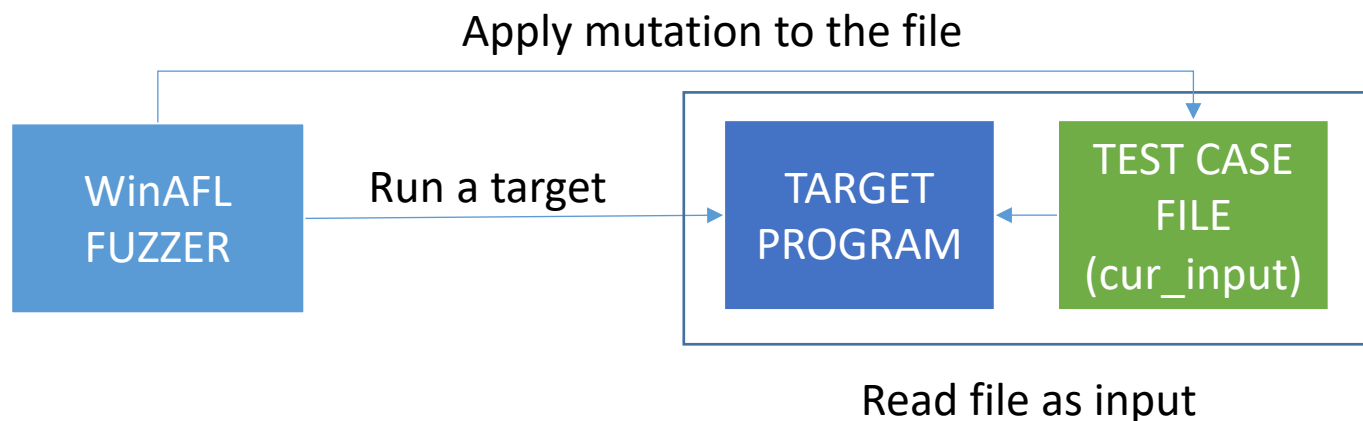
- Available coverage-guided fuzzing tool on Windows
  - WinAFL !

```
D:\Codes\winaf1\buildx86\Release>afl-fuzz.exe -i minset_test.dyn -o o2 -D D:\cod  
es\DynamoRIO-Windows-6.2.0-2\bin32 -t 10000 -- -covtype edge -coverage_module te  
st.exe -fuzz_iterations 5000 -target_module test.exe -target_method main -nargs  
2 -- test.exe @@_
```



## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL
- A fork of AFL for fuzzing Windows binaries
  - `afl-fuzz [afl options] -- [instrumentation options] -- target_cmd_line`
    - `afl-fuzz.exe -i in -o out -D C:\work\winafl\DynamoRIO\bin64 -t 20000 -- -coverage_module gdiplus.dll -coverage_module WindowsCodecs.dll -fuzz_iterations 5000 -target_module test_gdiplus.exe -target_offset 0x16e0 -nargs 2 -- test_gdiplus.exe @@`



## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL: slightly different with AFL
  - `afl-fuzz.exe -i in -o out -D C:\work\winafl\DynamoRIO\bin64 -t 20000 -- -coverage_module gdiplus.dll -coverage_module WindowsCodecs.dll -fuzz_iterations 5000 -target_module test_gdiplus.exe -target_offset 0x16e0 -nargs 2 -- test_gdiplus.exe @@`
- Need to specify target module and offset to hook the function and measure the code coverage

WinAFL



AFL

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL
  - It supports the following instrumentation modes:
- Dynamic instrumentation using DynamoRIO
- Hardware tracing using Intel PT
- Static instrumentation via Syzygy



## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL
  - It supports the following instrumentation modes:
- Dynamic instrumentation using DynamoRIO
  - Drawback: slow
- Hardware tracing using Intel PT
- Static instrumentation via Syzygy

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL
  - It supports the following instrumentation modes:
- Dynamic instrumentation using DynamoRIO
- Hardware tracing using Intel PT
  - **Drawback: need a CPU that supports PT, and cannot run fuzzer in the VM**
- Static instrumentation via Syzygy

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- WinAFL
  - It supports the following instrumentation modes:
- Dynamic instrumentation using DynamoRIO
- Hardware tracing using Intel PT
- Static instrumentation via Syzygy
  - **Drawback: some restrictions..**

There's some restriction to this:

- You binary should be a Win32 PE binary linked with the /PROFILE flag and statically linked to the CRT.
- If you are instrumenting a Chrome build, you might run out of memory if you are using a 32 bits version of Windows, we recommend that you use Windows 7/8 x64.
- Your binary should be compiled with level function linking enabled and buffer security checks disabled
- The instrumenter requires to have the DIA SDK (msdia120.dll), it's installed by default with Visual Studio 2013 but we can't redistribute it. msdia120.dll is part of the C++ 2013 redistributable, but the path (C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\microsoft shared\VC) is not registered like with Visual Studio (C++). However, copying the msdia120.dll file to the instrumenter directory (or registering the path) should solve the problem.



## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- We decided to work with DynamoRIO with in-app persistent mode

### In App Persistence mode

---

This feature is a tweak for the traditional "target function" approach and aims to loosen the requirements of the target function to do both reading an input file and processing the input file.

In some applications it's quite challenging to find a target function that with a simple execution redirection won't break global states and will do both reading and processing of inputs.

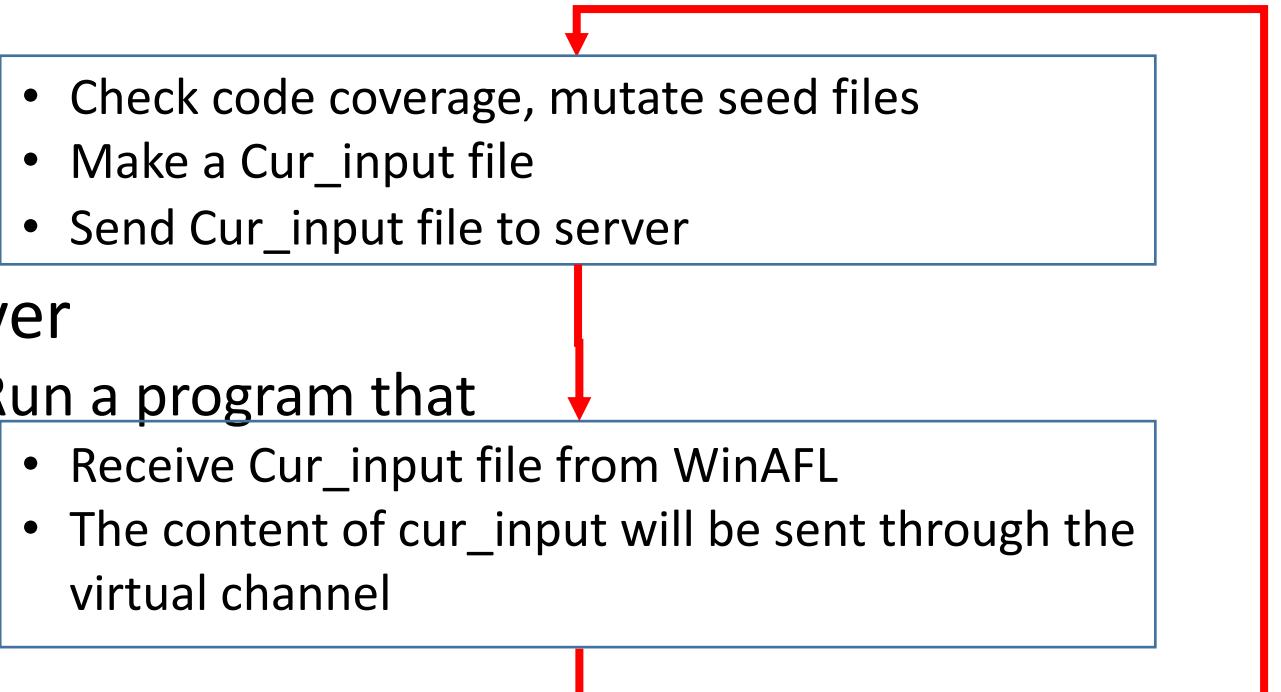
This mode assumes that the target application will actually loop the target function by itself, and will handle properly its global state. For example, a UDP server handling packets or a JS interpreter running inside a while loop.

This mode works as following:

1. Your target runs until hitting the target function.
2. The afl server starts instrumenting the target.
3. Your target runs until hitting the target function again.
4. The afl server stops instrumenting current cycle and starts a new one.

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- The fuzzer architecture for fuzzing RDP client (a modified version of WinAFL)
- Client
  - run winafl with mstsc.exe and hook mstscax.dll (for data receiving function)

- 
- The diagram shows a red rectangular loop. A red arrow points from the top of the loop down to the Client box. Another red arrow points from the bottom of the loop up to the Server box. A third red arrow points from the right side of the loop back to the top, completing the loop.
- Check code coverage, mutate seed files
  - Make a Cur\_input file
  - Send Cur\_input file to server

- Server

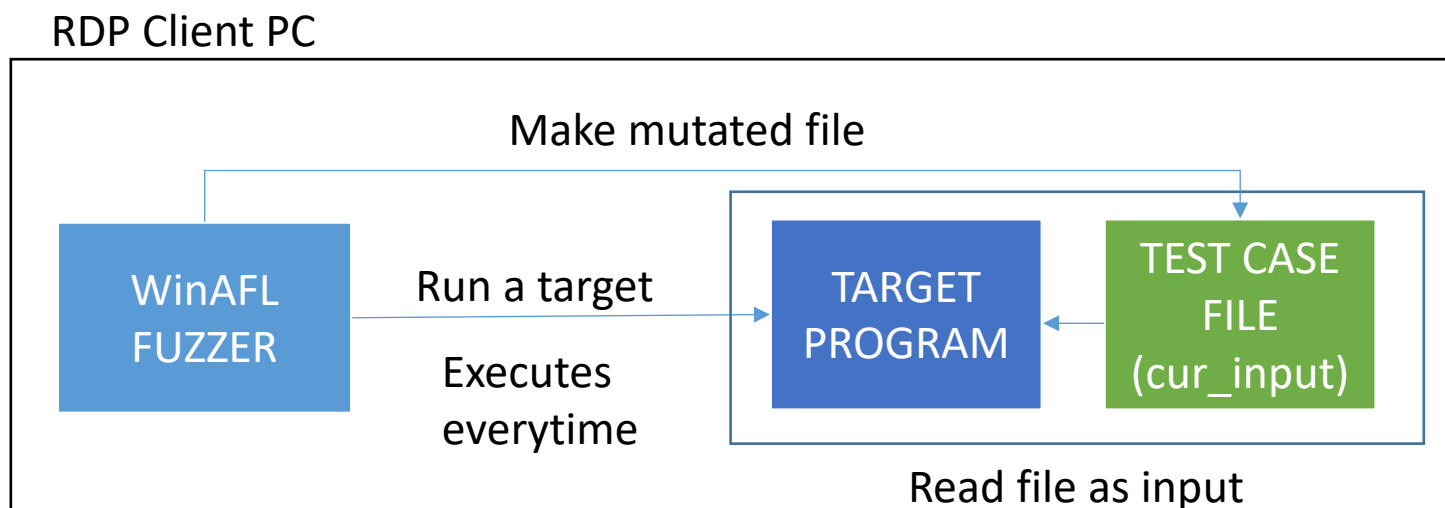
- Run a program that

- Receive Cur\_input file from WinAFL
    - The content of cur\_input will be sent through the virtual channel

Loop

## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

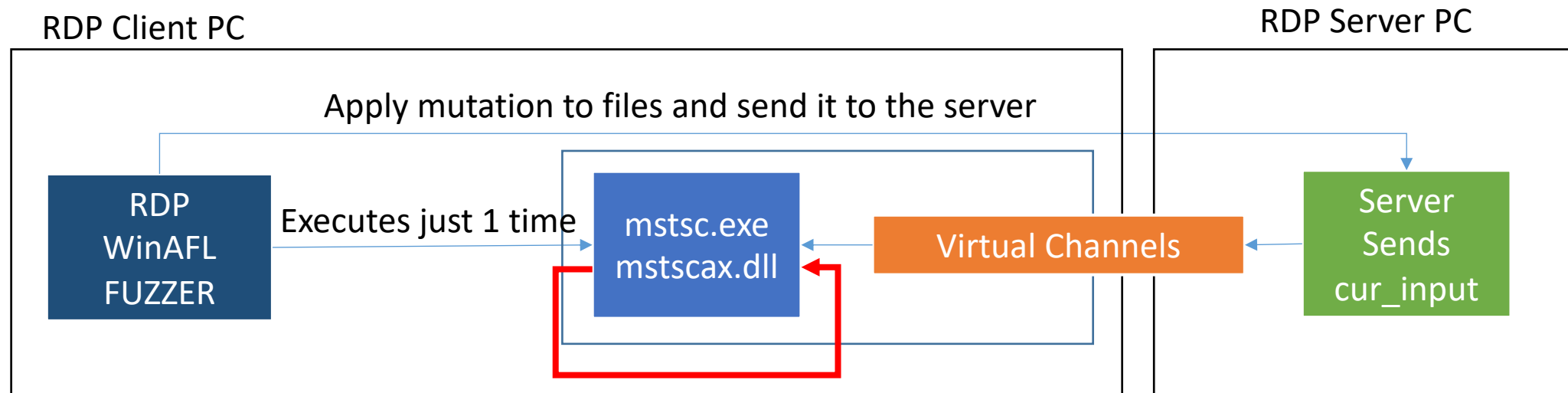
- Original Architecture of WinAFL





## Finding Vulnerabilities Automatically: Build an RDP client fuzzer

- Modified WinAFL for fuzzing the RDP client



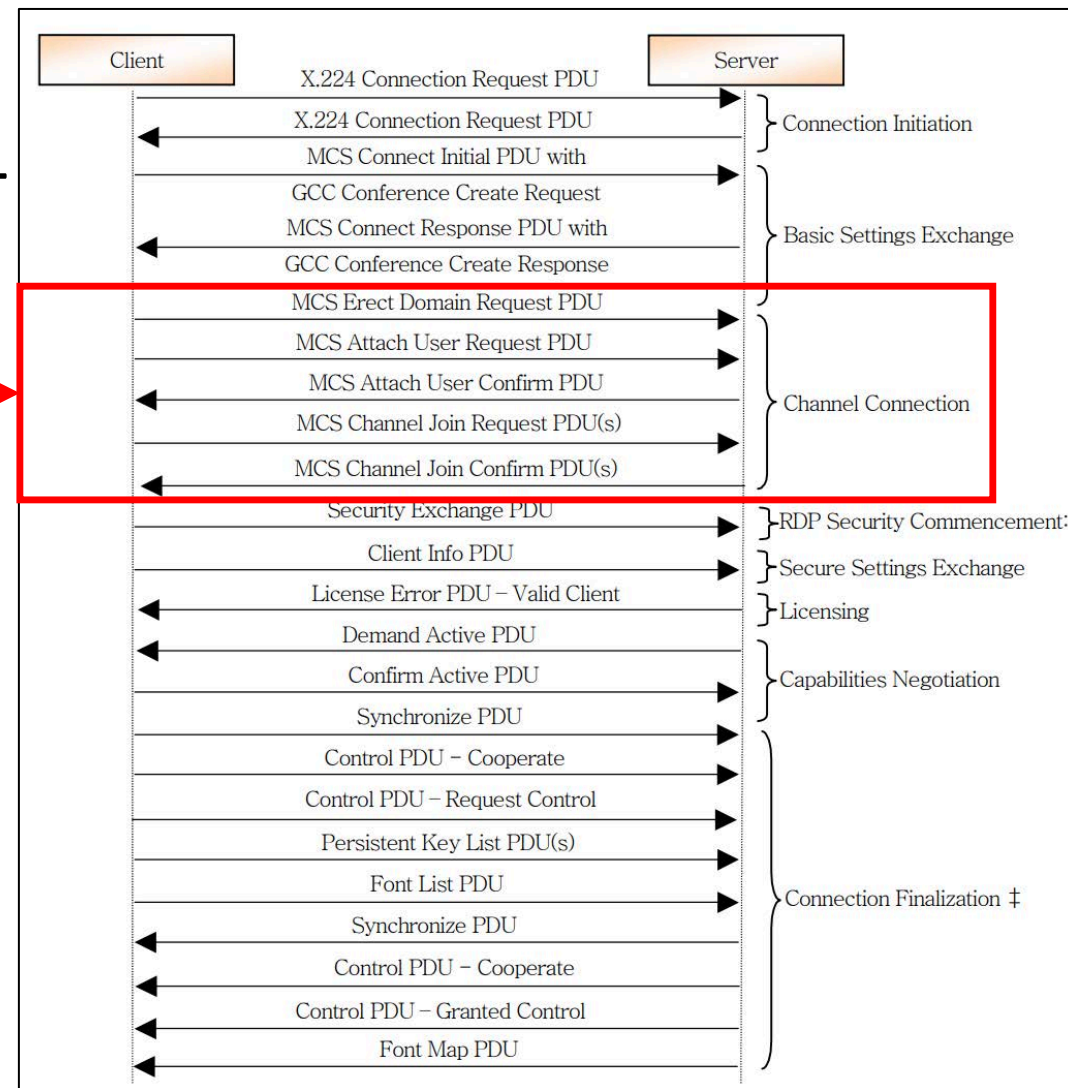
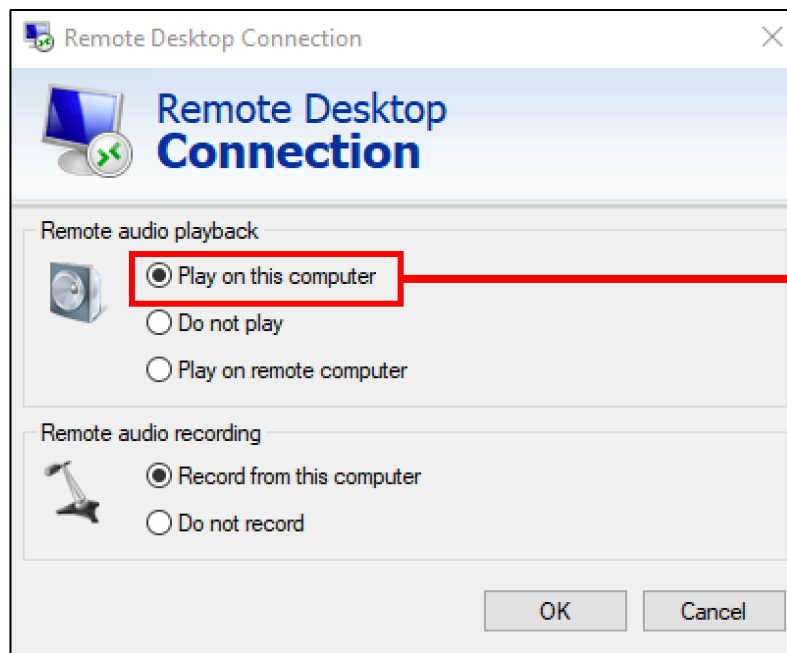
Loop constructed by the in-app persistent mode

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL via Virtual Channels in RDP
- First target : **RDPSND**
  - A channel enabled by **default** by mstsc.exe
  - **One-way** communication as audio playback is run by server and played in the client
  - Very simple protocol
- Note: other channels (Clipboard, etc.) are two-way channels

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL
  - RDPSND : Audio Output Virtual Channel





# Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL
  - RDPSND : Audio Output Virtual Channel

The Server Audio Formats and Version PDU is a PDU used by the server to send version information and a list of supported audio formats to the client. This PDU **MUST be sent using virtual channels.**

0										1										2									
Header										dwFlags										dwVolume									
dwPitch										wDgramPort										wNumberOfFormats									
cLastBlockConfirmed										wVersion										sndFormats (variable)									
...																													

## 2.2.1 RDPSND PDU Header (SNDPROLOG)

02/15/2019 • 2 minutes to read

The RDPSND PDU header is present in many audio PDUs. It is used to identify the PDU type, specify the length of the PDU, and convey message flags.

0										1										2									
msgType										bPad										BodySize									

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL

```
new_gogo.bat
WinAFL 1.16b based on AFL 2.43b (mstsc.exe)
+- process timing -----+
| run time      : 0 days, 4 hrs, 42 min, 16 sec
| last new path : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 9 sec
| last uniq crash : 0 days, 3 hrs, 47 min, 12 sec
| last uniq hang : none seen yet
+- cycle progress -----+
| now processing : 0 (0.00%)
| paths timed out : 0 (0.00%)
+- stage progress -----+
| now trying : calibration
| stage execs : 34/40 (85.00%)
| total execs : 41.9k
| exec speed  : 2.10/sec (zzzz...)
+- fuzzing strategy yields -----+
| bit flips   : 64/7728, 26/7727, 22/7725
| byte flips  : 12/966, 3/965, 2/963
| arithmetics : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0
| known ints  : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0
| dictionary  : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0
| havoc       : 0/0, 0/0
| trim        : 0.00%/466, 0.00%
+- overall results -----+
| cycles done : 0
| total paths : 158
| uniq crashes : 2
| uniq hangs  : 0
+- map coverage -----+
| map density : 4.09% / 10.90%
| count coverage : 3.31 bits/tuple
+- findings in depth -----+
| favored paths : 6 (3.80%)
| new edges on  : 30 (18.99%)
| total crashes : 125 (2 unique)
| total tmouts  : 0 (0 unique)
+- path geometry -----+
| levels       : 2
| pending      : 158
| pend fav     : 6
| own finds    : 150
| imported     : n/a
| stability    : 1.37%
[cpu: 0%]
```

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL
  - RDPSND : Audio Output Virtual Channel
  - How to get a seed file for fuzzer?
    - Hooking and Logging

```

mstscax.dll addr is 0x7feefab0000
mstscax.dll CChan::ChannelOnPacketReceived addr is 0x7feefc
>> Hooking mstscax!CChan::ChannelOnPacketReceived <<
bufsize : 708
register : 0x31a61e2
buf original
msgType
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
00000000 bc 02 00 00 03 00 00 00 07 d5 b8 02 00 00 00 00
00000010 20 5f 14 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 16 00 ff 06 00 00
00000020 01 00 02 00 44 ac 00 00 10 b1 02 00 04 00 10 00
00000030 00 00 02 00 02 00 44 ac 00 00 47 ad 00 00 00 08
00000040 04 00 20 00 f4 07 07 00 00 01 00 00 00 02 00 ff
00000050 00 00 00 00 c0 00 40 00 f0 00 00 00 cc 01 30 ff

```

msgType	bPad	BodySize
---------	------	----------

**msgType (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of audio PDU that follows the **BodySize** field.

Value	Meaning
SNDC_CLOSE 0x01	<a href="#">Close PDU</a>
SNDC_WAVE 0x02	<a href="#">WaveInfo PDU</a>
SNDC_SETVOLUME 0x03	<a href="#">Volume PDU</a>
SNDC_SETPITCH 0x04	<a href="#">Pitch PDU</a>
SNDC_WAVECONFIRM 0x05	<a href="#">Wave Confirm PDU</a>
SNDC_TRAINING 0x06	<a href="#">Training PDU</a> or <a href="#">Training Confirm PDU</a>
SNDC_FORMATS 0x07	<a href="#">Server Audio Formats and Version PDU</a> or <a href="#">Client Audio Formats and Version PDU</a>



## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL
  - RDPSND : Audio Output Virtual Channel

```
switch (msgType)
{
    case SNDC_FORMATS:
        status = rdpsnd_rcv_server_audio_formats_pdu(rdpsnd, s);
        break;

    case SNDC_TRAINING:
        status = rdpsnd_rcv_training_pdu(rdpsnd, s);
        break;

    case SNDC_WAVE:
        status = rdpsnd_rcv_wave_info_pdu(rdpsnd, s, BodySize);
        break;

    case SNDC_CLOSE:
        rdpsnd_rcv_close_pdu(rdpsnd);
        break;

    case SNDC_SETVOLUME:
        status = rdpsnd_rcv_volume_pdu(rdpsnd, s);
        break;
}
```

In FreeRDP Client Source code

**msgType (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer that specifies the type of audio PDU that follows the **BodySize** field.

Value	Meaning
SNDC_CLOSE 0x01	<a href="#">Close PDU</a>
SNDC_WAVE 0x02	<a href="#">WaveInfo PDU</a>
SNDC_SETVOLUME 0x03	<a href="#">Volume PDU</a>
SNDC_SETPITCH 0x04	<a href="#">Pitch PDU</a>
SNDC_WAVECONFIRM 0x05	<a href="#">Wave Confirm PDU</a>
SNDC_TRAINING 0x06	<a href="#">Training PDU</a> or <a href="#">Training Confirm PDU</a>
SNDC_FORMATS 0x07	<a href="#">Server Audio Formats and Version PDU</a> or <a href="#">Client Audio Formats and Version PDU</a>

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing mstsc.exe On Windows With WinAFL

- Next targets

- Other Channels

- Drdynvc
- Printer
- Smartcard
- ...

cliprdr	channels: cliprdr
disp	Made disp chanr
drdynvc	Force close char
drive	devman_load_de
echo	Fixed compiler w
encomsp	Fixed sign-comp
geometry	Fixed rect assign
parallel	Fixed thread func
printer	Merge pull reque
rail	rail: Update to lat
rdp2tcp	PR fixes
rdpdr	devman_load_de
rdpei	Fix some static a
rdpgfx	channels: rdpgfx
rdpsnd	Fix some warning

[In FreeRDP Client Source code](#)

## Applying the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Demonstration : RDP Client Fuzzer
  - Running on Windows 7
  - 1 Core
  - 2G Memory
  - 2 VMs are required
    - One for RDP Client
    - One for RDP Server

```
C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - new_gogo.bat [cpu: 0%]
-----+-----+
WinAFL 1.16b based on AFL 2.43b (mstsc.exe)
-----+-----+
+ process timing +-----+ overall results +-----+
| run time      : 0 days, 0 hrs, 45 min, 11 sec | cycles done   : 0 |
| last new path : 0 days, 0 hrs, 0 min, 40 sec | total paths   : 117 |
| last uniq crash : 0 days, 0 hrs, 6 min, 26 sec | uniq crashes  : 1 |
| last uniq hang  : 0 days, 0 hrs, 13 min, 3 sec | uniq hangs    : 3 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+ cycle progress +-----+ map coverage +-----+
| now processing : 0 (0.00%) | map density   : 1.04% / 14.87% |
| paths timed out : 0 (0.00%) | count coverage : 2.93 bits/tuple |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+ stage progress +-----+ findings in depth +-----+
| now trying     : bitflip 2\1 | favored paths  : 1 (0.85%) |
| stage execs    : 477/7727 (6.17%) | new edges on  : 22 (18.80%) |
| total execs    : 10.2k | total crashes  : 1 (1 unique) |
| exec speed     : 1.28/sec (zzzz...) | total tmouts  : 12 (3 unique) |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+ fuzzing strategy yields +-----+ path geometry +-----+
| bit flips     : 104/7728, 0/0, 0/0 | levels        : 2 |
| byte flips    : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0 | pending       : 117 |
| arithmetics   : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0 | pend fav     : 1 |
| known ints    : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0 | own finds    : 116 |
| dictionary    : 0/0, 0/0, 0/0 | imported     : n/a |
| havoc         : 0/0, 0/0 | stability     : 0.23% |
| trim          : 0.00%/466, n/a |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
[cpu: 0%]
```



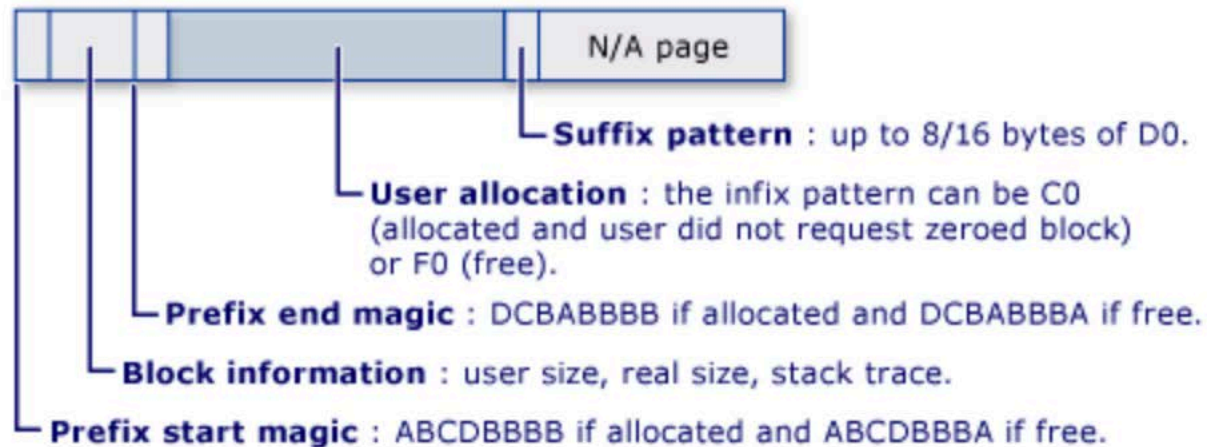
## Running the RDP Client Fuzzer

- Fuzzing setup
  - Both the RDP Client and the RDP Server runs in each VM
  - Running on Windows 7
  - 1 Core
  - 2G Memory
  - 2 VMs are required
    - One for RDP Client
    - One for RDP Server
  - The first vulnerability was found within **2 hours of running the RDP Client Fuzzer!**
    - We keep reporting vulnerabilities to MS

## Detecting Heap Vulnerabilities

- We may use **PageHeap**; allocate each heap object in a new page
  - `gflags.exe /p /enable mstsc.exe /full`
  - **Slow**, but this will generate crash if any heap error happens during fuzzing..

### Full page heap block structure



## VULNERABILITY & EXPLOIT

- RDP Client vulnerabilities on Windows in 2019

Category	Title	Author	Date	Ref	Threat No
CVE-2019-1333	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Yongil Lee of Diffense	2019.10.08	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333</a>	T1
CVE-2019-1291	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291</a>	T2
CVE-2019-1290	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290</a>	T3
CVE-2019-0788	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788</a>	T4
CVE-2019-0787	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787</a>	T5
CVE-2019-1108	Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability	RDP_HACKER	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108</a>	T6
CVE-2019-0887	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Eyal Itkin of Check Point Research	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887</a>	T7



## VULNERABILITY & EXPLOIT

- RDP Client vulnerabilities on Windows in 2019

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CVE-2019-1333	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Yongil Lee of Diffense	2019.10.08	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333</a>	T1
CVE-2019-1291	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291</a>	T2
CVE-2019-1290	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290</a>	T3
CVE-2019-0788	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788</a>	T4
CVE-2019-0787	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787</a>	T5
CVE-2019-1108	Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability	RDP_HACKER	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108</a>	T6
CVE-2019-0887	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Eyal Itkin of Check Point Research	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887</a>	T7

**No comment on: CVE-2019-1108; guess who reported this**

## VULNERABILITY & EXPLOIT

- RDP Client vulnerabilities on Windows in 2019

Category	Title	Author	Date	Ref	Threat No
CVE-2019-1333	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Yongil Lee of Diffense	2019.10.08	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333</a>	T1
CVE-2019-1291	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291</a> <b>???</b> MSRC	T2
CVE-2019-1290	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290</a>	T3
CVE-2019-0788	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788</a>	T4
CVE-2019-0787	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787</a>	T5
CVE-2019-1108	Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability	RDP_HACKER	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108</a>	T6
CVE-2019-0887	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Eyal Itkin of Check Point Research	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887</a>	T7

## VULNERABILITY & EXPLOIT

- RDP Client vulnerabilities on Windows in 2019 **He is my boss**

Category	Title	Author	Date	Ref	Threat No
CVE-2019-1333	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Yongil Lee of Diffense	2019.10.08	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333</a>	T1
CVE-2019-1291	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1291</a>	T2
CVE-2019-1290	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1290</a>	T3
CVE-2019-0788	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0788</a>	T4
CVE-2019-0787	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Microsoft Platform Security Assurance & Vulnerability Research	2019.09.10	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0787</a>	T5
CVE-2019-1108	Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability	RDP_HACKER	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108</a>	T6
CVE-2019-0887	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Eyal Itkin of Check Point Research	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887</a>	T7



## VULNERABILITY & EXPLOIT

- RDP Client vulnerabilities on Windows in 2019 **He is my boss**

Category	Title	Author	Date	Ref	Threat No
CVE-2019-1333	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Yongil Lee of Diffense	2019.10.08	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1333</a>	T1
CVE-2019-1291	Remote Desktop Client Remote	Microsoft Platform Security		<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-1">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-1</a>	T2
CVE-2019-1290				<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-90">/security-90</a>	T3
CVE-2019-0788				<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-88">/security-88</a>	T4
CVE-2019-0787				<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-87">/security-87</a>	T5
CVE-2019-1108	Remote Desktop Protocol Client Information Disclosure Vulnerability	RDP_HACKER	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-1108</a>	T6
CVE-2019-0887	Remote Desktop Client Remote Code Execution Vulnerability	Eyal Itkin of Check Point Research	2019.07.09	<a href="https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887">https://portal.msrc.microsoft.com/en-US/security-guidance/advisory/CVE-2019-0887</a>	T7

**For the next, we will describe how to exploit the vulnerability found by our RDP Client Fuzzer, by combining information leak and remote code execution vulnerabilities...**

**No comment on: CVE-2019-1108; guess who reported this**

## Vulnerabilities and Exploit

- We will **break the ASLR** in the RDP client
- We will achieve **RCE** in the RDP client
- The RCE vulnerability is a heap vulnerability
  - We need to **manipulate** heap objects
    - Need **heap feng shui**

## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Exploiting a DRDYNVC Channel
- DRDYNVC is a dedicated channel for delivering dynamic data

### 1.3.1.1 Encapsulation in the DRDYNVC Static Virtual Channel

The following diagram illustrates the wire-level encapsulation when a DVC is embedded inside the dedicated static virtual channel named DRDYNVC.



**Figure 1: Static virtual channel objects**

This is a Windows implementation detail and does not limit the definition and the description of the Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension. Any transport that has similar characteristics can be used to support a DVC implementation. The Remote Desktop Protocol: Dynamic Channel Virtual Channel Extension makes use of the following features of a **static virtual channel**:



## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- In the DRDYNVC Channel

```
>>> (0x42 & 0xf0) >> 4  
4  
>>> (0x3a & 0xf0) >> 4  
3  
>>> (0x2a & 0xf0) >> 4  
2  
>>> █
```

```
Stream_Read_UINT8(s, value);  
Cmd = (value & 0xf0) >> 4;  
Sp = (value & 0x0c) >> 2;  
cbChId = (value & 0x03) >> 0;
```

...

```
switch (Cmd)  
{  
    case CAPABILITY_REQUEST_PDU:  
        return drdynvc_process_capability_request(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);  
  
    case CREATE_REQUEST_PDU:  
        return drdynvc_process_create_request(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);  
  
    case DATA_FIRST_PDU:  
        return drdynvc_process_data_first(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);  
  
    case DATA_PDU:  
        return drdynvc_process_data(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);  
  
    case CLOSE_REQUEST_PDU:  
        return drdynvc_process_close_request(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);
```

In FreeRDP Client Source code

```
#define CREATE_REQUEST_PDU    0x01  
#define DATA_FIRST_PDU      0x02  
#define DATA_PDU            0x03  
#define CLOSE_REQUEST_PDU    0x04  
#define CAPABILITY_REQUEST_PDU 0x05
```

## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Heap Control Primitives in the DRDYNVC Channel

- DATA\_FIRST\_PDU
- Calling `buf = malloc(size)`

```
case DATA_FIRST_PDU:  
    return drdynvc_process_data_first(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);
```

in drdynvc\_process\_data\_first()

```
status = dvcman_receive_channel_data_first(  
    Length);  
  
if (status)  
    return status;  
  
return dvcman_receive_channel_data(drdynvc
```

```
channel->dvc_data = StreamPool_Take(channel->dvcman->pool, length);  
  
if (!channel->dvc_data)  
{  
    WLog_Print(drdynvc->log, WLOG_ERROR, "StreamPool_Take failed!");  
    return CHANNEL_RC_NO_MEMORY;  
}  
  
channel->dvc_data_length = length;  
return CHANNEL_RC_OK;
```

In StreamPool\_Take()

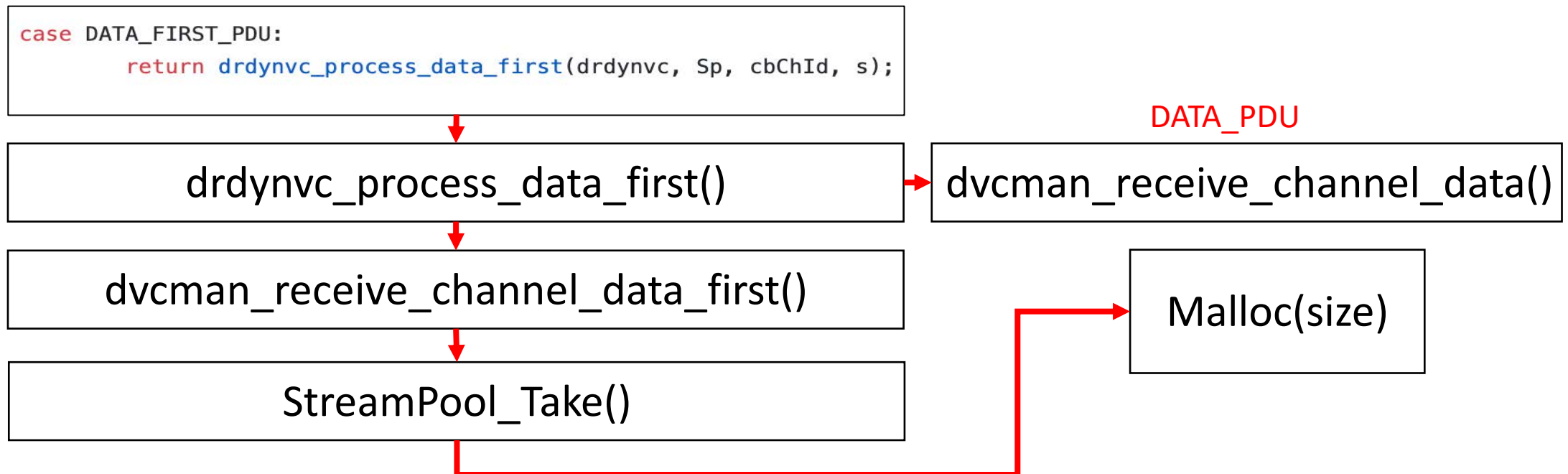
```
if (foundIndex < 0)  
{  
    s = Stream_New(NULL, size);  
    if (!s)  
        goto out_fail;  
}
```

In Stream\_new()

```
if (buffer)  
    s->buffer = buffer;  
  
else  
    s->buffer = (BYTE*) malloc(size);
```

## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Heap Control Primitives in the DRDYNVC Channel
  - **DATA\_FIRST\_PDU**
  - Calling `buf = malloc(size)`





## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Heap Control Primitives in the DRDYNVC Channel
  - DATA\_PDU
  - Calling `memcpy(buf, input, size)`

```
case DATA_PDU:  
    return drdynvc_process_data(drdynvc, Sp, cbChId, s);
```

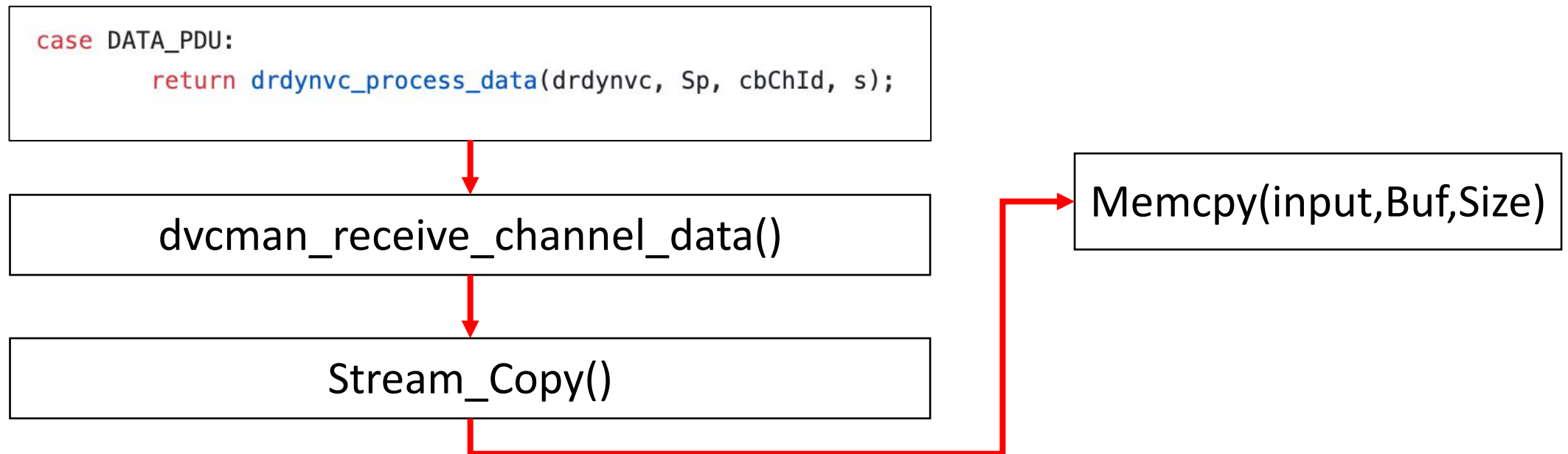
```
static UINT drdynvc_process_data(drdynvcPlugin* drdynvc, int Sp, int cbChId,  
                                wStream* s)  
{  
    UINT32 ChannelId;  
  
    if (Stream_GetRemainingLength(s) < drdynvc_cblen_to_bytes(cbChId))  
        return ERROR_INVALID_DATA;  
  
    ChannelId = drdynvc_read_variable_uint(s, cbChId);  
    WLog_Print(drdynvc->log, WLOG_TRACE, "process_data: Sp=%d cbChId=%d, ChannelId=%"  
              cbChId,  
              ChannelId);  
    return dvcman_receive_channel_data(drdynvc, drdynvc->channel_mgr, ChannelId, s);  
}
```

In `dvcman_receive_channel_data()`

```
if (channel->dvc_data)  
{  
    /* Fragmented data */  
    if (Stream_GetPosition(channel->dvc_data) + dataSize  
    {  
        WLog_Print(drdynvc->log, WLOG_ERROR, "data e  
        Stream_Release(channel->dvc_data);  
        channel->dvc_data = NULL;  
        return ERROR_INVALID_DATA;  
    }  
    Stream_Copy(data, channel->dvc_data, dataSize);  
}
```

## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Heap Control Primitives in the DRDYNVC Channel
  - **DATA\_PDU**
  - Calling `memcpy(buf, input, size)`



## RDP Heap Feng Shui

- Heap Control Primitives in the DRDYNVC Channel
  - Close Channel
  - Calling `free(buf)`

```
dvcman_channel_free()
```



```
if (channel->dvc_data)  
    Stream_Release(channel->dvc_data);
```



## Exploitation

- Combining Information Leak & RCE vulnerabilities
- This part has been removed due to the restriction of one of our speakers
  - NDA...
- But, after having an arbitrary control over `malloc()`, `memcpy()`, and `free()`
  - We can do feng shui to spray the data and manipulate heap objects to achieve arbitrary code execution
  - Fairly standard after following RDP Heap Feng Shui primitives

**Please do not be disappointed, we will show you a demo of the full-chain RCE exploit!**

## DEMO

- Exploiting an Information Leak vulnerability (guess which CVE it is!)
- Use of Uninitialized memory; affected to:
  - **Mstsc.exe**
  - **Windows 10 app**
  - **Android App**
  - **iOS App**
  - **macOS App**
- All five RDP clients (MS official)!

**Our assumption on sharing the code base among those seems true! Fuzz mstsc.exe and **pwn four more!****





## DEMO

- Exploiting an Information Leak vulnerability (guess which CVE it is!)
- Use of Uninitialized memory; affected to:
  - Mstsc.exe
  - Windows 10 app
  - Android App
  - iOS App
  - macOS App
- All five RDP clients (MS official)!

**Our assumption on sharing the code base among those seems true! Fuzz mstsc.exe and pwn four more!**



## DEMO

- **Breaking ASLR** (guess which CVE it is!)
  - Mstsc.exe on windows 7
  - We will demonstrate how we can break the ASLR of the client machine by launching a memory leak attack.

The screenshot shows the Windows Task Manager Performance tab for the 'mstscax.dll' process. The 'Load Address' is highlighted with a red box and shows the value `0x7FEF0030000`. Below it, the 'Mapped Size' is `0x30000 bytes`. To the right, a hex dump shows the memory contents at that address. A red box highlights the text `Success! base: 0x7fef0030000`, indicating a successful ASLR bypass.



Process Explorer - Sysinternals: www.sysinternals.com [WIN-TR2STH0EEVN\rc]

File Options View Process Find DLL Users Help

Process	CPU	Private Bytes	Working Set	PID	Description	Company Name
sppsvc.exe		8,240 K	12,940 K	1128	Microsoft Software Protectio...	Microsoft Corporation
svchost.exe		65,044 K	33,800 K	2836	Host Process for Windows S...	Microsoft Corporation
TrustedInstaller.exe		35,676 K	40,888 K	2804	Windows Modules Installer	Microsoft Corporation
lsass.exe	0.17	4,664 K	12,524 K	500	Local Security Authority Proc...	Microsoft Corporation
lsm.exe		2,556 K	4,504 K	508	Local Session Manager Serv...	Microsoft Corporation
csrss.exe	0.11	9,332 K	15,292 K	416	Client Server Runtime Process	Microsoft Corporation
winlogon.exe		2,892 K	7,592 K	492	Windows Logon Application	Microsoft Corporation
explorer.exe	0.09	40,928 K	78,376 K	1616	Windows Explorer	Microsoft Corporation
vmtoolsd.exe	0.05	13,156 K	23,980 K	1260	VMware Tools Core Service	VMware, Inc.
ida64.exe	0.14	193,008 K	225,588 K	2528	The Interactive Disassembler	Hex-Rays SA
notepad.exe		1,636 K	9,508 K	344	Notepad	Microsoft Corporation
procexp64.exe	1.40	16,636 K	28,848 K	2400	Sysinternals Process Explorer	Sysinternals - www.sysinter...

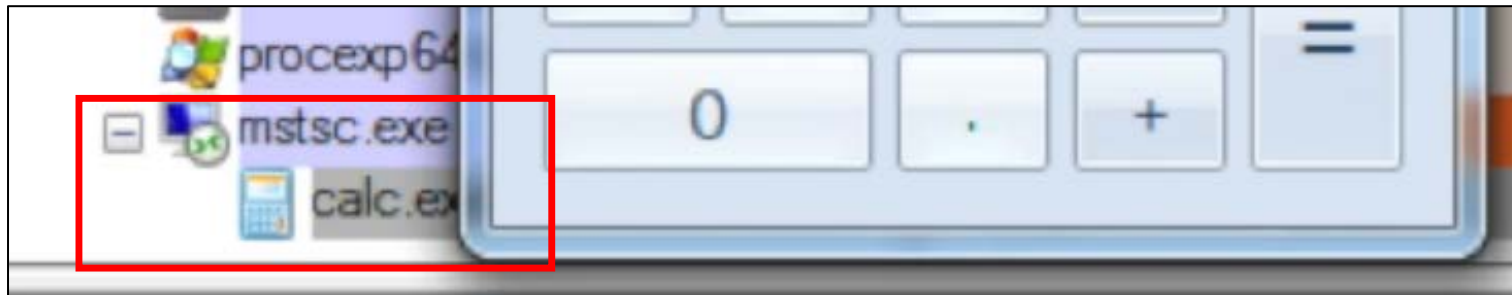
Name	Description	Company Name	Path
{AFBF9F1A-8EE8-4...			C:\Users\rc\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Caches\{...
aclui.dll	Security Descriptor Editor	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\aclui.dll
aclui.dll.mui	Security Descriptor Editor	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\en-US\aclui.dll.mui
advapi32.dll	Advanced Windows 32 Base API	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\advapi32.dll
apisetschema.dll	ApiSet Schema DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\apisetschema.dll
apphelp.dll	Application Compatibility Client Libr...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\apphelp.dll
apphelp.dll.mui	Application Compatibility Client Libr...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\en-US\apphelp.dll.mui
bcrypt.dll	Windows Cryptographic Primitives ...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\bcrypt.dll
bcryptprimitives.dll	Windows Cryptographic Primitives ...	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\bcryptprimitives.dll
cfgmgr32.dll	Configuration Manager DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\cfgmgr32.dll
clbcatq.dll	COM+ Configuration Catalog	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\clbcatq.dll
comctl32.dll	User Experience Controls Library	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\winsxs\amd64_microsoft.windows.common-co...
comctl32.dll.mui	User Experience Controls Library	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\winsxs\amd64_microsoft.windows.c...controls.r...
comdlg32.dll	Common Dialogs DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\comdlg32.dll
comdlg32.dll.mui	Common Dialogs DLL	Microsoft Corporation	C:\Windows\System32\en-US\comdlg32.dll.mui

CPU Usage: 37.17%    Commit Charge: 27.78%    Processes: 44    Physical Usage: 54.41%

## DEMO

- Remote Code Execution

- Mstsc.exe on windows 7
- Using RDP Heap Feng Shui
  - Leak memory to break ASLR
  - Allocate heap objects in a pretty good construction
  - Hijacking a vtable of an object and launch Return-oriented Programming (ROP)
    - Pops a calc.exe!







## FUTURE WORK

- Fuzzing on other channels
  - Drdynvc
  - Printer
  - Smartcard
  - ...
- Need to handle two-way communication
  - Modifying the program at the server is required

clipdr	channels: clipdr
disp	Made disp chanr
drdynvc	Force close char
drive	devman_load_de
echo	Fixed compiler w
encomsp	Fixed sign-comp
geometry	Fixed rect assign
parallel	Fixed thread func
printer	Merge pull requ
rail	rail: Update to lat
rdp2tcp	PR fixes
rdpdr	devman_load_de
rdpei	Fix some static a
rdpgfx	channels: rdpgfx
rdpsnd	Fix some warning

## FUTURE WORK & Conclusion

- We have learned **coverage-guided fuzzing** to
  - Windows Application
  - Server-client model
  - Applications with no source code available
  - Without modifying the binary program (no requirement for syzygy)



## FUTURE WORK & Conclusion

- We have learned **coverage-guided fuzzing** to
  - Windows Application
  - Server-client model
  - Applications with no source code available
  - Without modifying the binary program (no requirement for syzygy)
- **Don't be afraid** the application **runs over server-client** and does not accept file input



## THANKS

- Q&A

## DEMO

- RDP CLIENT FUZZER

winafl-master Search winafl-master

Organize Include in library Share with New folder

- ★ Favorites
  - Desktop
  - Downloads
  - Recent Places
- Libraries
  - Documents
  - Music
  - Pictures
  - Videos
- Computer
  - JOHN-PC
  - JOHN-SERVER
  - VBOXSVR
- Network

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
afll_docs	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
afll_post_library	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
bin32	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
bin64	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
build64	8/1/2019 8:45 PM	File folder	
screenshots	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
testcases	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
third_party	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File folder	
.gitmodules	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	GITMODULES File	1 KB
afll-analyze.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	32 KB
afll-fuzz.c	8/3/2019 8:00 AM	C File	205 KB
afll-showmap.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	26 KB
afll-staticinstr.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	22 KB
afll-staticinstr.h	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	H File	2 KB
afll-tmin.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	34 KB
alloc-inl.h	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	H File	13 KB
ChangeLog	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	File	8 KB
CMakeLists.txt	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	Text Document	4 KB
config.h	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	H File	12 KB
CONTRIBUTING.md	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	MD File	2 KB
custom_net_fuzzer.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	8 KB
custom_net_fuzzer.def	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	DEF File	1 KB
custom_winafl_server.c	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	C File	6 KB
custom_winafl_server.def	7/28/2019 1:19 AM	DEF File	1 KB

52 items



## THANKS

- Q&A